

Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission

Fiscal Year 2018 Preliminary Proposed Budget

July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018



Fiscal Year 2018 Preliminary Proposed Budget

Fausto Bayonet, Chair Chris Lawson, Vice Chair Omar M. Boulware, Commissioner Howard A. Denis, Commissioner T. Eloise Foster, Commissioner Thomasina V. Rogers, Commissioner

Carla A. Reid, General Manager/CEO ATTEST: Sheila R. Finlayson, Esq., Corporate Secretary

BUDGET - LEGAL STATUS

Section 17-202 of the Public Utilities Article, Annotated Code of Maryland: "The Commission: (1) before January 15 of each year, shall prepare capital and operating budgets for the next fiscal year that shall include projects and contracts authorized under SS17-204 and 17-205 of this subtitle; (2) shall make available to the public, on request, copies of the budgets described in item (1) of this subsection; (3) before February 15 of each year, shall hold a public hearing on the proposed capital and operating budgets after giving at least 21 days' notice of the hearing by publication in at least two newspapers of general circulation in Montgomery County and two newspapers of general circulation in Prince George's County."

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARINGS

The Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission will hold public hearings on its Capital and Operating Budget for Fiscal Year 2018 at the following times and locations:

Wednesday, February 1, 2017 7:30 p.m. Montgomery County Stella B. Werner Building 7th Floor Council Hearing Room 100 Maryland Avenue Rockville, MD 20850 Thursday, February 2, 2017 7:30 p.m. Prince George's County RMS Building – Room 308 1400 McCormick Drive Largo, MD 20774

Customers, bond holders, and other interested persons are invited. Persons desiring to speak at any of the hearings should contact the WSSC's Budget Group at 301-206-8110 to be placed on the list of speakers in advance of the hearings. (PLEASE NOTE: IF EITHER OF THE ABOVE PUBLIC HEARINGS IS CANCELLED DUE TO INCLEMENT WEATHER, AN ADDITIONAL PUBLIC HEARING IS SCHEDULED FOR FEBRUARY 8, 2017, AT 7:30 P.M., AT WSSC'S RICHARD G. HOCEVAR BUILDING, 14501 SWEITZER LANE, LAUREL, MARYLAND, 20707).

TIME SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 2018 BUDGET

Public Hearings by the Commission Submission to County Executives Approval by the County Councils Budget Effective Date February 1 and 2, 2017 March 1, 2017 June 1, 2017 July 1, 2017

THIS BUDGET WILL NOT BE ADOPTED BY THE COMMISSIONERS UNTIL ALL HEARINGS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED.



OUR MISSION:

We are entrusted by our community to provide safe and reliable water, life's most precious resource, and return clean water to our environment, all in an ethical, sustainable, and financially responsible manner.

WASHINGTON SUBURBAN SANITARY COMMISSION FISCAL YEAR 2018 PRELIMINARY PROPOSED BUDGET

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January 15, 2017

To The Honorable:

Rushern L. Baker, III, Prince George's County Executive Isiah Leggett, Montgomery County Executive

Derrick Leon Davis, Chair, Prince George's County Council Roger Berliner, President, Montgomery County Council

Members of Prince George's County Council Members of Montgomery County Council

Elected Officials, Valued Customers, and Interested Citizens:

We are hereby transmitting the Preliminary Proposed Fiscal Year 2018 (FY'18) Capital and Operating Budget Document for the Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission (WSSC). This document is released and distributed on this date for review by interested customers, citizens, and elected officials.

This proposed budget reflects our continued mission to provide safe and reliable water, life's most precious resource, and return clean water to the environment, all in an ethical, sustainable, and financially responsible manner. The programs, goals, and objectives included in this budget seek to achieve the Commission's mission through the following strategic priorities:

- Deliver Excellent Customer Service
- Enhance Stakeholder Relationships

- Improve Infrastructure
- Achieve Business Process Excellence and Maintain Financial Stability
- Inspire Employee Engagement

The preliminary proposed budget for Fiscal Year 2018 for all operating and capital funds totals \$1.4 billion or \$10.8 million (0.8%) more than the Approved FY'17 Budget. The preliminary proposed operating budget of \$740.8 million represents an increase of \$4.4 million which is only a 0.6% increase over the FY'17 Approved Operating Budget of \$736.4 million. The largest component of the 0.6% operating increase is due to debt service (\$10.2 million increase) and PAYGO for the capital budget (\$7.1 million increase) which were offset by other spending reductions in the Operating Budget. When controlling for the non-discretionary capital budget related expenditures, the WSSC FY'18 preliminary Operating Budget is actually 1.7% *less* than the FY'17 Approved Operating Budget. The preliminary proposed Capital Budget of \$696.7 million represents an increase of \$6.4 million which is 0.9% over the FY'17 Approved Capital Budget of \$690.3 million.

The budget calls for a combined 3.5% average increase in water and sewer rates. This proposed increase meets the 3.5% increase included in the Spending Affordability Guidelines approved by Prince George's and Montgomery Counties. Even with this increase, WSSC rates continue to be favorable when compared to other comparable water and sewer utilities, and the average WSSC residential bill is less than 1% of the median household income (see pages 22-23 of the preliminary proposed budget for details). The 3.5% rate increase will add \$1.46 per month to the bill of a customer using 137 gallons per day.

The Commission's current rate structure dates back to 1992 and is presently under comprehensive review. The implementation of the infrastructure fee in FY'16, as recommended by the Bi-County Infrastructure Working Group and supported by the 2014 rate study, was just the first step. The Commission has procured a consulting firm to review WSSC rates and fees including the current 16 tier water and sewer rate schedule. This new study involves input from both counties, feedback from stakeholders as well as extensive customer outreach. The planned implementation date for a new rate structure is July 1, 2018.

Like many utilities across the country, WSSC continues to face the challenge of balancing increasing costs for infrastructure and operations with affordability considerations for our customers. While the average costs to ensure access to clean, safe drinking water and efficient wastewater treatment remains a bargain when compared to other household utilities and expenses, there are still too many residents who struggle to meet their monthly expenses. The Customer Assistance Program (CAP) was created in FY'16 to help economically disadvantaged customers by providing financial assistance with water and sewer bills. The CAP has already reached over 7,000 customers and we are working diligently to expand participation to all eligible customers. The CAP will continue in FY'18 and the proposed budget estimates the revenue offset at \$1.3 million.

Spending Affordability Guideline Limitations

WSSC staff had originally recommended a water & sewer rate increase of 6.9% as part of the FY'18 Spending Affordability Guideline process with Montgomery and Prince George's Counties. While the Montgomery County Executive supported a 4.5% rate increase, both Counties ultimately supported a 3.5% rate increase. In order to reconcile the Commission's planned FY'18 service program to the water and sewer rates approved by both Counties it was necessary to make several very difficult decisions about reductions to existing programs and deferring implementation of several initiatives to improve system performance and reliability. First and foremost, this preliminary budget includes no new positions, or initiatives, or enhancements to existing programs. These limitations will prevent the Commission from implementing some important improvements that were proposed by our Teams that would support and advance our strategic priorities including:

- Implementing a System-Wide Flushing Program of our water distribution pipe network in order to reduce discolored water and improve water quality;
- Enhancing fire protection by testing all 43,000 fire hydrants in our service area on a ten year cycle; a best practice recommended by the American Water Works Association;
- Overhauling FM meters (large commercial meters) which have significant potential to under-register, or fail to work properly due to the design and materials used in the older units of these type of meters;
- Expanding our leak detection program to identify leak locations and provide proactive repairs to prevent breaks and customer inconvenience;
- Accelerating large water valve inspections from a four year to a three year cycle which is necessary because these are aging elements of our infrastructure;
- Establishing a Sewer Force Main Design Program to expedite replacement of aging and vulnerable sewer force mains; and
- Improving infrastructure renewal process by developing a water main replacement planning unit by centralizing fragmented functions and adding additional resources to improve water main replacement efficiency and capacity.

In addition to deferring implementation of these and other important service improvements it was necessary to make reductions of nearly \$17 million to existing Team budgets. We will work diligently over the next year to maintain service at current expected levels though it may be necessary to pull back on certain preventative and non-essential services during FY'18 in order to remain within approved budget limitations.

We continue to strongly support an increase to the Water & Sewer rate above the level approved by both Counties in November 2016. This will allow the General Manager to have greater flexibility in managing our resources to implement the safety and system reliability improvements needed for our aging infrastructure as discussed above. In the absence of these additional

resources our deferred maintenance backlog will continue to grow and we will not have the capacity to address the service and system reliability expectations of our customers.

We understand the reluctance to approve an additional rate increase especially in light of the difficult economic circumstances of many of our customers and rate increases supported by both Counties over the past several years. However, the rate increase should be understood in the context of how our rates compare to other Water & Wastewater Utilities and the cost drivers in the WSSC Budget. WSSC's monthly estimated FY'18 residential water & sewer bill (\$52.59) is significantly lower than comparably sized utilities including Washington, DC and Baltimore and the monthly bill as a percentage of area median income is 0.72% which, again, compares favorably to other comparable utilities and is below the national benchmark average of 1.64%. WSSC's budget is not driven by the consumer price index (CPI) but rather is capital intensive and is driven by the construction market, commodity prices and other factors including compliance with the Sanitary Sewer Overflow (SSO) Consent Decree and the Potomac River Consent Decree; environmental regulation compliance; maintaining the security of our water infrastructure and for our employees working in the field; and Information Technology improvements to streamline our business processes. Many of these costs are legally mandated and not easily deferred or reduced.

It is critical to note that WSSC continues to make diligent efforts to control and reduce costs and identify opportunities for cost savings:

- Our efforts in the Supply Chain Management Transformation project which has been supported by the Commission and both Counties since FY'13 have produced significant cost reductions in excess of \$21 million in the operating and capital budgets since the inception of this program and cost avoidance savings of over \$18 million in the same time period. If not for these intensive efforts in contract negotiation and cost management additional rate increases or service reductions would be necessary. Our most recent efforts in this program are projected to yield additional savings in our Fleet Service's capital and operating costs of nearly \$18 million in the FY's17-23 time period.
- Group Insurance plan design changes and other efforts have resulted in significant savings including \$570,000 in prescription costs for active employees and Pre-Medicare retirees; \$900,000 in annual savings for Medicare retiree prescription costs; Medical costs savings of \$1,230 per enrollee in Calendar Year 2017; maintaining medical premium contribution rates at no increase for CY17; and a \$370,000 reduction to our Stop Loss Insurance for employee medical costs. In addition to this WSSC will be increasing the employee premium cost share from 23% to 24% for point of service plan participants in CY17 which will provide further relief for rate payers.
- WSSC has also seen a significant reduction in both bio-solids hauling requirements and lower energy costs for regional sewage disposal due to our investment in the Blue Plains digester program. This investment resulted in a \$5.3 million rebate from DC

Water to WSSC in FY'16. In anticipation of continued savings, the FY'18 proposed regional sewage budget has been reduced from the FY'17 approved level. However, it should be noted that DC Water's operation and maintenance cost share methodology within the Blue Plains Intermunicipal Agreement has been revised. As a result, the cost reductions for regional sewage disposal reflected in the budget may not be fully realized.

• In addition to these efforts, we have created the WSSC Stat Office during 2016 to provide in-depth analysis and accountability of critical performance issues including paving inspections, water main replacement, and overtime use and costs. We will expand the scope of the Stat Office to ensure that WSSC is monitoring key performance indicators and that there is accountability at all levels of the organization to rate payers and all of our stakeholders.

Water and Sewer Infrastructure Reliability

The state of WSSC's infrastructure remains a significant concern as our buried assets continue to age. On the water side, the preliminary budget proposes the rehabilitation of 55 miles of smaller water mains (less than 16 inches in diameter), house connections, large water service meters, and vaults. For large diameter water mains, the Pre-stressed Concrete Cylinder Pipe (PCCP) Program provides for the ongoing acoustic fiber optic (AFO) monitoring of 99 miles, inspection of 20 miles of PCCP, and any identified repairs or rehabilitation of large diameter pipes. Funding is also included for large valve inspection, replacement, and repairs. On the wastewater side, funding is included for continued compliance with the Consent Decree which is a major cost driver in both the operating and capital budget.

FY'18 Proposed Capital and Operating Budgets

In addition to investments in the Commission's physical infrastructure, the budget also provides for investment in the Commission's internal infrastructure through the use of strategic contributions from Fund Balance. Funds are included to support the fifth year of the Information Technology (IT) Strategic Plan. The IT Strategic Plan is an aggressive undertaking to improve our operations, contain costs, and vastly improve customer service. Just as we invest in our aging infrastructure, it is imperative that we invest in planning, designing, and implementing IT systems that will replace legacy systems and drastically improve business processes. The Proposed Budget also includes funds to continue the Climate Change Vulnerability Assessment and to continue the implementation of the Strategic Energy Plan to further reduce our energy consumption.

	Comparative Ex	penditures by Fund		
			FY'18	
	FY'17	FY'18	Over / (Under)	%
	Approved	Proposed	FY'17	Change
<u>Capital Funds</u>				
Water Supply	\$317,309,000	\$342,444,918	\$25,135,918	7.9 %
Sewage Disposal	355,522,000	334,256,156	(21,265,844)	(6.0) %
General Construction	17,467,000	20,010,242	2,543,242	14.6 %
Total Capital	690,298,000	696,711,316	6,413,316	0.9 %
Operating Funds				
Water Operating	320,236,000	320,784,445	548,445	0.2 %
Sewer Operating	396,782,000	404,107,917	7,325,917	1.8 %
General Bond Debt Service	19,364,000	15,887,815	(3,476,185)	(18.0) %
Total Operating	736,382,000	740,780,177	4,398,177	0.6 %
GRAND TOTAL	\$1,426,680,000	\$1,437,491,493	\$10,811,493	0.8 %

The FY'18 Preliminary Proposed Budget further secures the long-term fiscal sustainability of the Commission by maintaining the operating reserve at 10% of water and sewer revenues. WSSC is currently reviewing its reserve policies to determine if they are sufficient to meet our liquidity needs as well and protect our AAA bond rating by all three major rating agencies.

At this point in our budget process, we are including a pool of funds for salary enhancements. The specific use of these funds will be determined during collective bargaining and the budget approval process as the two Counties decide how they will address salary enhancements for their employees. The FY'18 Preliminary Proposed Capital Budget of \$696.7 million represents an increase of \$6.4 million (0.9%) from the FY'17 Approved Budget. It provides \$7.0 million for the planning, design and construction required for the implementation of short-term operational and long-term capital improvements at the Potomac Water Filtration Plant to allow the Commission to meet the new discharge limitations identified in the Consent Decree.

The FY'18 Preliminary Proposed Operating Budget of \$740.8 million represents an increase of \$4.4 million (0.6%) from the FY'17 Approved Operating Budget. The primary driver of the increase in operating costs are water and sewer debt service and

PAYGO financing of capital projects as recommended by the Bi-County Infrastructure Funding Working Group. These costs are partially offset by cost decreases for regional sewage disposal, chemicals and bio-solids hauling.

System Development Charge

State law provides that the System Development Charge (SDC), a charge to new applicants for WSSC service which is intended to recover growth costs, may be adjusted annually by the change in the Consumer Price Index for the Washington, DC metropolitan area (CPI-W). Historically, we have adjusted the maximum allowable charge based on the change in the November CPI-W. We plan to do the same this year.

Looking at the charge itself, with no change from the current level of charges, our analyses show that over the upcoming six years, the SDC fund may encounter a deficit situation, whereby the Commission would need to issue debt for growth construction projects that would be supported by SDC revenue. Although we are not recommending it at this time, the Commission should begin to have conversations with both counties on the advisability of increasing the SDC in order to ensure that it covers all growth-related costs.

Spending Affordability

The Commission, in cooperation with the Montgomery County and Prince George's County governments, continues to participate in the spending affordability process. The spending affordability process focuses debate, analysis, and evaluation on balancing affordability considerations against the provision of resources necessary to serve existing customers (including infrastructure replacement/rehabilitation), meet environmental mandates, maintain affordable rates, and maintain operating and capital budgets and debt service at prudent and sustainable levels. In October and November 2016, the Montgomery County Council and Prince George's County Council approved resolutions establishing four limits on the WSSC's FY'18 budget. As indicated in the following table, the proposed FY'18 budget is in compliance with all four of the spending affordability limits.

WSSC FY'18 Proposed Budget vs. Spending Affordability Limits (\$ in Millions)

	(\$ 11 1/111010)						
	FY'18 <u>Proposed Budget</u>	Prince George's County <u>Limit</u>	Montgomery County <u>Limit</u>				
New Water and Sewer Debt	\$570.0	\$570.0	\$570.0				
Total Water and Sewer Debt Service	\$257.5	\$260.5	\$260.5				
Total Water/Sewer Operating Expenses	\$724.9	\$730.5	\$730.5				
Water/Sewer Bill Increase	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%				

The proposed budget provides for:

- Funding the first year of the Fiscal Years 2018-2023 Capital Improvements Program;
- Complying with the Sanitary Sewer Overflow Consent Decree;
- Inspecting and monitoring our large diameter water main transmission system;
- Promptly paying \$271.6 million in debt service on \$3.1 billion in outstanding debt to WSSC bondholders;
- Meeting or surpassing all federal and state water and wastewater quality standards and permit requirements;
- Keeping maintenance service at a level consistent with the objective of arriving at the site of a customer's emergency maintenance situation within 2 hours of receiving the complaint and restoring service within 24 hours of a service interruption;
- Enhancing customer service through expanded investment in contact center operations;
- Paying WSSC's share of operating (\$53.6 million in FY'18) and capital costs (\$75.5 million in FY'18; \$302.8 million in FY'18-FY'23) for the District of Columbia Water and Sewer Authority's Blue Plains Wastewater Treatment Plant;
- Funding for employee salary enhancements;
- Operating and maintaining a system of 3 reservoirs impounding 14 billion gallons of water, 2 water filtration plants, 6 wastewater treatment plants, 5,600 miles of water main, and 5,500 miles of sewer main 24 hours a day, 7 days a week;
- Continuing to make recommended safety and access improvements in our watershed;
- Maintaining an operating reserve of 10% of water and sewer revenues; and

• Funding the annual required contribution for non-retirement post-employment benefits based on Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45.

In addition to reviewing expenses and revenues for water and sewer services, we have analyzed the cost and current fee levels for other WSSC services. Based upon these analyses, some new fees and adjustments to current fees are recommended in Table XI (pages 26 through 37).

Budget Review Process

The FY'18 Preliminary Proposed Budget will be the subject of continuing analysis and refinement until the Commissioners transmit a proposed budget on or before March 1, 2017. WSSC recognizes that an important part of the budget process is to seek input from our customers and other concerned persons. In that regard, Public Hearings will be held on the Preliminary Proposed Budget as follows:

- Wednesday, February 1, 2017, at 7:30 p.m., at the Stella B. Werner Office Building, 7th Floor Council Hearing Room, 100 Maryland Avenue, Rockville, MD;
- Thursday, February 2, 2017, at 7:30 p.m., at the RMS Building, Room 308, 1400 McCormick Drive, Largo, MD.; and
- If either of the hearings is cancelled due to inclement weather, a contingent hearing has been set for Wednesday, February 8, 2017, at 7:30 p.m., at the Richard G. Hocevar Building, Lobby Level Commission Auditorium, 14501 Sweitzer Lane, Laurel, MD.

The purpose of these hearings is to obtain comments from interested citizens before transmittal of the budget to the County Executives by March 1, 2017. Persons desiring to speak at either of the hearings should contact the WSSC's Budget Group at 301-206-8110 to be placed on the list of speakers in advance of the hearings. The public hearing record will remain open until February 14, 2017. Persons who wish to submit a written statement for inclusion in the record of the hearings should e-mail the statement to <u>BudgetGroup@wsscwater.com</u> or send it to Mrs. Letitia Carolina-Powell, Budget Group Leader, WSSC, 14501 Sweitzer Lane, Laurel, MD 20707.

The Preliminary Proposed Budget will receive further consideration by the Commission following the WSSC public hearings, and is subject to the Counties' hearings, procedures, and decisions, as provided under Section 17-202 of the Public Utilities Article, of the Annotated Code of Maryland, before the final budget is adopted for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2017.

Final Thoughts

In closing, on behalf of the Commission, I want to reiterate our position that the Water and Sewer rate increase approved in the Spending Affordability Guideline process should be reconsidered. We strongly believe that a rate increase of 3.5% which limits our operating spending plan to a less than 1% increase will put additional pressure on rates in FY'19; prevent WSSC from continuing to make necessary improvements in our infrastructure safety and reliability program; and impair our joint efforts to make WSSC a world-class utility that provides world-class customer service . With the support of both Montgomery and Prince Georges Counties in the recent past we have been able to make impressive strides in our preventative maintenance and infrastructure reliability efforts. We want to make sure that we are responsive to our customer expectations for continued excellence in service, quality and safety.

Fausto R. Bayonet, Chair

Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission

OVERVIEW & BUDGET SUMMARIES

FY 2018 PROPOSED BUDGET BY FUND

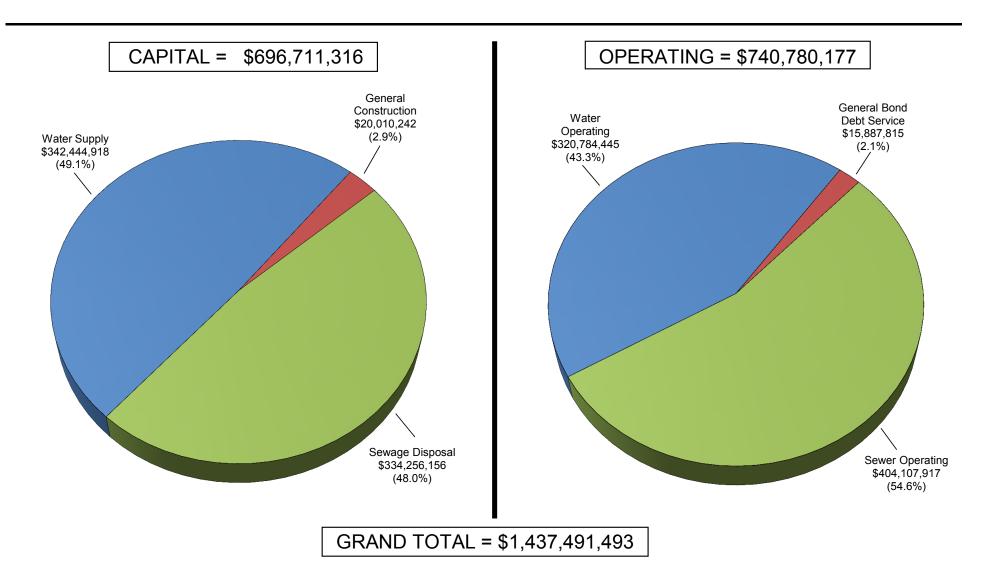
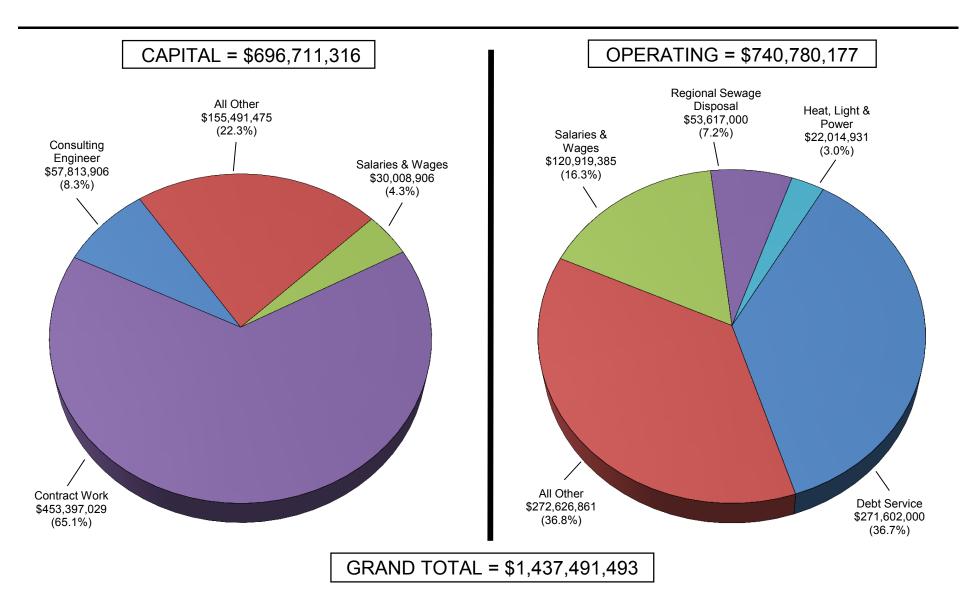


TABLE I

Comparative Expenditures by Fund

	FY'15 Actual					FY'18 Proposed	FY'18 Over / (Under) FY'17
Capital Funds							
Water Supply	\$ 198,830,000	\$ 249,907,950	\$ 317,309,000	\$ 342,444,918	\$ 25,135,918		
Sewage Disposal	353,417,000	387,241,984	355,522,000	334,256,156	(21,265,844)		
General Construction	11,910,000	13,048,998	17,467,000	20,010,242	2,543,242		
Total Capital	564,157,000	650,198,932	690,298,000	696,711,316	6,413,316		
Operating Funds							
Water Operating	289,275,000	282,951,957	320,236,000	320,784,445	548,445		
Sewer Operating	337,768,000	343,235,028	396,782,000	404,107,917	7,325,917		
General Bond Debt Service	27,263,000	19,852,305	19,364,000	15,887,815	(3,476,185)		
Total Operating	654,306,000	646,039,290	736,382,000	740,780,177	4,398,177		
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 1,218,463,000	\$ 1,296,238,222	\$ 1,426,680,000	\$ 1,437,491,493	\$ 10,811,493		

FY 2018 PROPOSED BUDGET BY MAJOR EXPENSE CATEGORY



Comparative Expenditures by Major Expense Category

(\$ in Thousands)

	FY'16 Actual					FY'17 Approved				FY'18 Proposed			
Expense Categories	Capital	Operating		Total	Capital	Operating		Total	Cap	oital	Operating		Total
Salaries & Wages	\$ 29,390	\$ 104,753	\$	134,143	\$ 28,667	\$ 114,718	\$	143,385	\$ 30	0,009	\$ 120,919	\$	150,928
Heat, Light & Power	-	22,000		22,000	-	23,581		23,581		-	22,015		22,015
Regional Sewage Disposal	-	50,068		50,068	-	54,501		54,501		-	53,617		53,617
Contract Work	379,093	-		379,093	442,324	-		442,324	453	3,397	-		453,397
Consulting Engineers	45,626	-		45,626	54,851	-		54,851	57	7,814	-		57,814
All Other	196,090	240,746		436,836	164,456	282,145		446,601	15	5,491	272,627		428,118
Debt Service		228,472		228,472		261,437		261,437		-	271,602		271,602
TOTAL	<u>\$ 650,199</u>	<u>\$ 646,039</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>,296,238</u>	<u>\$ 690,298</u>	<u>\$ 736,382</u>	\$	1,426,680	<u>\$ 69</u>	6,711	<u>\$ 740,780</u>	<u>\$</u> ^	1,437,491

FY 2018 PROPOSED BUDGET OPERATING

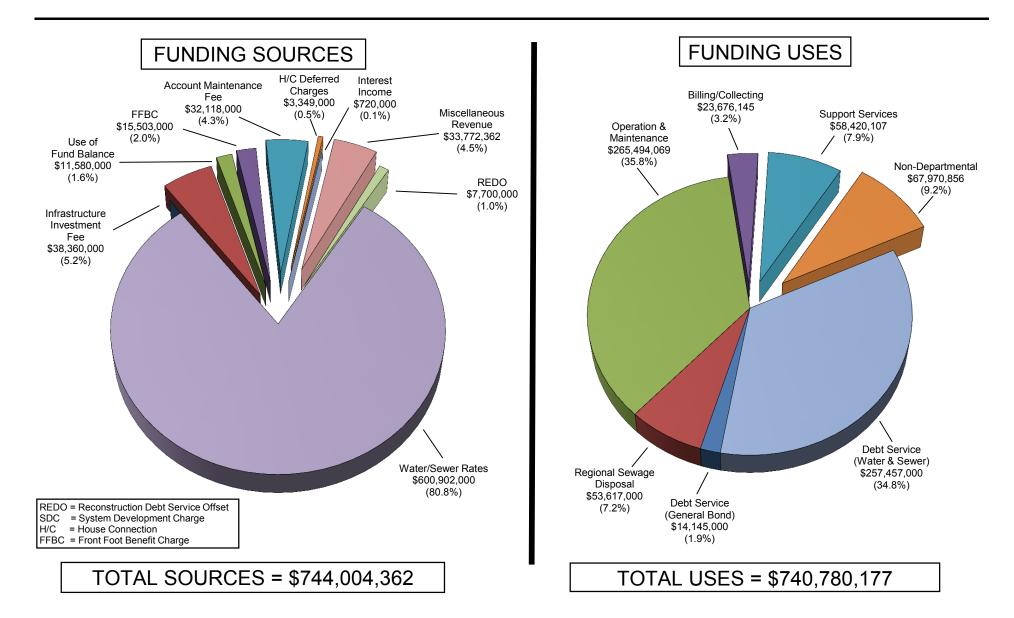


TABLE III

FY 2017 - FY 2018 Summary of Revenue & Expenses

		perating Ind)perating Ind		al Bond vice Fund		pital nds
	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018
	Approved	Proposed	Approved	Proposed	Approved	Proposed	Approved	Proposed
REVENUES								
Water Consumption Charges	\$255,054,000	\$267,080,000	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Sewer Use Charges	-	-	324,182,000	333,822,000	-	-	-	-
Front Foot Benefit & House Connection Charges (Deferred)	-	-	-	-	21,719,000	18,852,000	-	-
Account Maintenance Fees	16,276,000	16,380,000	16,276,000	15,738,000	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure Investment Fee	19,481,000	19,564,000	19,481,000	18,796,000	-	-	-	-
Interest Income	100,000	100,000	600,000	600,000	100,000	20,000	-	-
Miscellaneous	15,360,000	17,660,445	14,152,000	15,871,917	300,000	240,000	-	-
Use of Fund Balance								
Reserve Contribution	3,100,000	-	3,424,000	-	-	-	-	-
Other	7,862,000	-	11,664,000	11,580,000	9,800,000	7,700,000	-	-
Reconstruction Debt Service Offset	2,800,000	-	7,000,000	7,700,000	(9,800,000)	(7,700,000)	-	-
SDC Debt Service Offset	203,000	-	3,000	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds & Cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	571,371,000	621,061,316
Anticipated Contributions:								
Federal & State Grants	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,822,000	15,380,000
System Development Charge	-	-	-	-	-	-	77,978,000	32,189,000
Other	-		-				24,127,000	28,081,000
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 320,236,000	\$ 320,784,445	\$ 396,782,000	<u>\$ 404,107,917</u>	\$ 22,119,000	\$ 19,112,000	\$ 690,298,000	\$ 696,711,316
EXPENSES								
Salaries & Wages	\$ 60.897.000	\$ 64,169,215	\$ 53,191,000	\$ 56,106,695	\$ 630.000	\$ 643.475	\$ 28,667,000	\$ 30,008,906
Heat, Light & Power	12,843,000	11,760,491	10,738,000	10,254,440	¢ 000,000 -	φ 010,110 -	¢ 20,001,000	÷ 00,000,000
Regional Sewage Disposal	-	-	54,501,000	53,617,000	-	_	-	-
Contract Work	_	_	-	-	-	_	442,324,000	453,397,029
Consulting Engineers	_	-	_	-	-	-	54,851,000	57,813,906
Contribution to Required Reserve	3,100,000	_	3,424,000	-	-	-	-	-
All Other	127,384,000	125,371,739	124,037,000	115,962,782	1,105,000	1,099,340	164,456,000	155,491,475
Debt Service	105,305,000	106,320,000	138,503,000	151,137,000	17,629,000	14,145,000	-	-
PAYGO	10,707,000	13,163,000	12,388,000	17,030,000	-	-	_	_
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$ 320,236,000	\$ 320,784,445	\$ 396,782,000	<u>\$ 404,107,917</u>	\$ 19,364,000	<u>\$ 15,887,815</u>	\$ 690,298,000	\$696,711,316
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-	2,755,000	3,224,185	-	-
Fund Balance - July 1	\$ 16,877,000	\$ 9,015,000	\$ 131,694,000	\$ 120,030,000	\$ 57,480,000	\$ 50,435,000	\$-	\$-
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balance	-	-	÷ 101,004,000	÷ .20,000,000	2,755,000	3,224,185	▼ [−] −	* -
Use of Fund Balance	(7,862,000)	-	(11,664,000)	(11,580,000)	(9,800,000)	, ,	_	_
Fund Balance - June 30	\$ 9,015,000	\$ 9,015,000	(, , , ,	\$ 108,450,000	\$ 50,435,000	(, , ,	s -	\$-
	Ψ 3,013,000	φ 3,013,000	Ψ 120,000,000	Ψ 100,400,000	ψ 30,433,000	φ 1 0,000,100	Ψ -	Ψ -

TABLE IV

FY 2017 Projected Budget Compared to FY 2018 Proposed - Change in Ending Fund Balance

	FY 2017 Projected Ending Fund Balance	FY 2018 Proposed Ending Fund Balance	Change in Fund Balance	% Change
Water Operating Fund	\$ 9,015,000	\$ 9,015,000	\$-	0.0%
Sewer Operating Fund	120,030,000	108,450,000	(11,580,000)	-9.6
General Bond Debt Service Fund	50,435,000	45,959,185	(4,475,815)	-8.9
Capital Fund	-	-	-	-
	\$ 179,480,000	\$ 163,424,185	\$ (16,055,815)	-8.9%

Explanation of Changes in Fund Balance

<u>Water and Sewer Operating Funds</u> – The FY 2018 proposed ending fund balances are lower than the projected FY 2017 ending fund balances for the combined Water and Sewer Operating Funds. A majority of the change is due to planned use of fund balance to finance the fifth year of the IT Strategic Plan.

<u>General Bond Debt Service Fund</u> – The FY 2018 proposed ending fund balance is 8.9% lower than the projected FY 2017 ending fund balance for the General Bond Debt Service Fund. Revenues for this fund are derived from Front Foot Benefit and House Connection Charges. These types of mains and lines are now built by developers. The revenues that are currently collected are from prior assessments that are paid over a multi-year period. Surplus funds that have accumulated in the General Bond Debt Service Fund are transferred to the Water and Sewer Operating Funds to benefit all rate payers.

TABLE V

Comparative Expenditures by Organizational Unit

	FY'17 Approved		FY'18 I	Proposed
	Workyears	Amount	Workyears	Amount
Commissioners Office/Corporate Secretary's Office Internal Audit	2 10	\$	2 10	\$ 380,735 1,308,751
General Manager's Office	15	5,920,000	19	5,100,311
Intergovernmental Relations Office	4	694,600	4	714,808
WSSC Stat Office	4	587,400	4	685,726
General Counsel's Office	16	4,110,800	16	4,031,819
Communications & Community Relations Office Human Resources Office	19	2,878,500	19	2,756,222
	27	4,781,400	27	4,839,766
Small, Local and Minority Business Enterprise Office Equal Employment Opportunities Office (formerly Fair Practice Office)	9	1,368,400 121,300	9	1,378,288 127,423
Procurement Office	35	3,552,400	35	3,388,073
Occupational Health & Safety Group (formerly in General Services Office)	-		9	1,040,665
Engineering & Construction Team	378	629,481,800	376	629,079,590
Production Team	303	167,500,100	331	171,942,315
General Services Office (formerly Logistics Office)	171	30,958,200	132	22,922,667
Finance Office	62	6,977,400	62	7,198,969
Utility Services Team	504	116,630,200	504	114,497,800
Customer Relations Team	107	13,961,200	107	14,112,047
Information Technology Team	109	45,159,300	109	45,403,922
Non-Departmental (Finance)	-	47,489,500	-	51,436,496
Non-Departmental (Human Resources)	-	35,531,500	-	36,724,900
Debt Service	-	261,437,000	-	271,602,000
PAYGO	-	23,095,000	-	30,193,000
Depreciation Expense	-	16,301,600	-	16,625,200
Operating Reserve Contribution	-	6,524,000	-	-
SUMMARY-TOTAL	1,776	\$ 1,426,680,000	1,776	<u>\$ 1,437,491,493</u>

TABLE VI

sands) (3.5% AVERAGE RATE INCREASE PROPOSED FOR FY'18)		
(3.3% AVERAGE RATE INCREASE PROPOSED FOR TITIO)		FY'18
Funding Sources		Proposed
Revenues at Current Rates		
Consumption Charges	\$	580,58
Account Maintenance Fee		32,11
Infrastructure Investment Fee		38,36
Interest Income		70
Miscellaneous Revenues		33,53
Sub-Total		685,29
Reconstruction Debt Service Offset		7,70
Use of Fund Balance		11,58
Total Funding Sources	_	704,57
Requirements		
Operating, Maintenance & Support Services Expenses		437,242
Debt Service		257,45
PAYGO		30,19
Operating Reserve Contribution		-
Total Requirements		724,89
Shortfall to be Covered by Rate Increase	\$	(20,32

TABLE VII

Annual Customer Bills At Various Consumption Levels

Average Daily Consumption (ADC) Gallons Per Day	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
100 (36,500 GAL/YR) 3/4" Residential Meter	\$ 377.61	\$ 395.86	\$ 443.51	\$ 478.10	\$ 490.87
137 (50,005 GAL/YR) 3/4" Residential Meter	501.05	526.05	575.05	613.55	631.05
500 (182,500 GAL/YR) 3/4" Residential Meter	2,819.83	2,973.13	3,046.33	3,159.75	3,265.60
1,000 (365,000 GAL/YR) 2" Meter	6,073.20	6,394.40	6,730.45	7,286.60	7,512.90
5,000 (1,825,000 GAL/YR) 3" Meter	30,389.25	32,031.75	33,408.00	35,527.00	36,676.75
10,000 (3,650,000 GAL/YR) 6" Meter	63,180.50	66,611.50	69,466.50	73,967.60	76,340.00

Annual customer bills include the Account Maintenance Fee shown on page 22 and the Infrastructure Investment Fee shown on page 23.

TABLE VIII

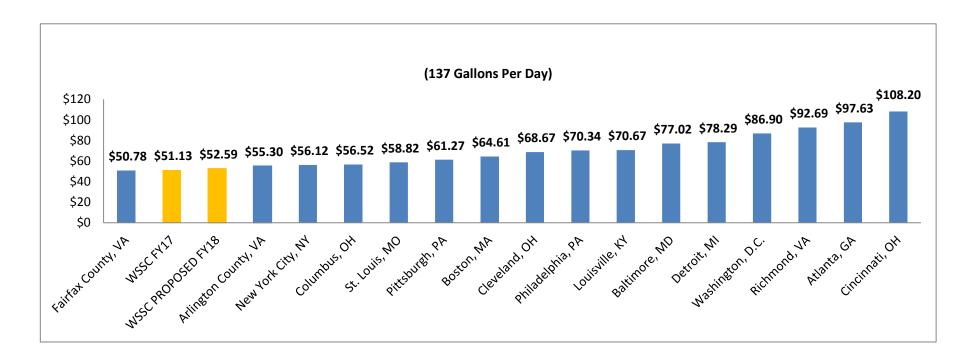
WSSC Water/Sewer Rate Schedules Effective July 1, 2016 & Proposed for Implementation July 1, 2017

	Water Rates Per 1,000 Gallons		Sewer Rates Per 1,000 Gallons		Combined Water & Sewer Rates Per 1,000 Gallons	
Average Daily Consumption	Effe	ctive	Effective		Effective	
by Customer Unit During Billing Period (Gallons Per Day)	July 1, 2016	July 1, 2017	July 1, 2016	July 1, 2017	July 1, 2016	July 1, 2017
0-49	\$ 3.38	\$ 3.53	\$ 4.30	\$ 4.42	\$ 7.68	\$ 7.95
50-99	3.78	3.95	5.03	5.17	8.81	9.12
100-149	4.18	4.37	5.85	6.01	10.03	10.38
150-199	4.67	4.88	6.76	6.95	11.43	11.83
200-249	5.46	5.71	7.36	7.56	12.82	13.27
250-299	5.92	6.19	7.97	8.19	13.89	14.38
300-349	6.27	6.55	8.50	8.74	14.77	15.29
350-399	6.53	6.83	8.92	9.16	15.45	15.99
400-449	6.78	7.09	9.12	9.37	15.90	16.46
450-499	6.98	7.29	9.40	9.66	16.38	16.95
500-749	7.10	7.42	9.60	9.86	16.70	17.28
750-999	7.27	7.60	9.81	10.08	17.08	17.68
1,000-3,999	7.41	7.75	10.23	10.51	17.64	18.26
4,000-6,999	7.58	7.92	10.46	10.75	18.04	18.67
7,000-8,999	7.68	8.03	10.62	10.91	18.30	18.94
9,000 & Greater	7.81	8.16	10.90	11.20	18.71	19.36

(3.5% AVERAGE RATE INCREASE PROPOSED FOR FY'18)

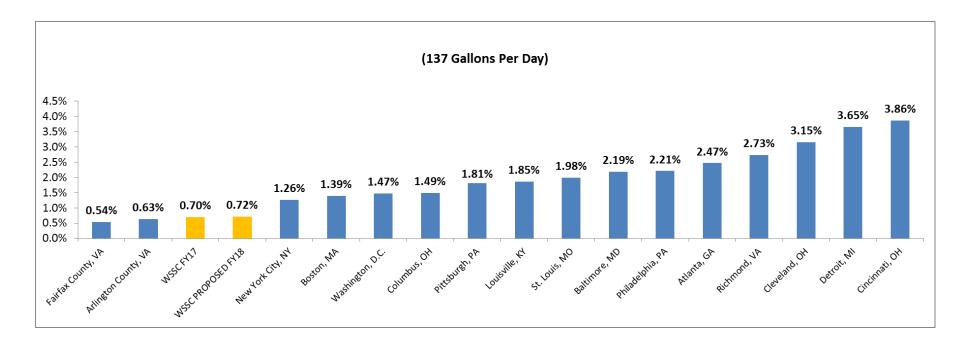
Current Flat Rate Sewer Charge - \$105.00 per quarter Proposed Flat Rate Sewer Charge - \$108.00 per quarter

RESIDENTIAL MONTHLY WATER/SEWER BILL COMPARISON



Presented is a comparison of WSSC's rates to other cities and communities, both nationally and locally, for residential customers using 137 gallons of water per day. The rates used in this comparison were in effect November 2016. The chart includes WSSC bills at FY'17 approved and FY'18 proposed rates.

AVERAGE MONTHLY BILL COMPARISON AS A PERCENTAGE OF MEDIAN INCOME



Median household income (in 2015 dollars) 2011-2015. Figures gathered from www.census.gov

\$ 16.00 16.00 27.00	\$	16.00 16.00
\$ 16.00	\$	
		16 00
		16 00
21.00		27.00
66.00		66.00
142.00		142.00
154.00		154.00
200.00		200.00
246.00		246.00
33.00		33.00
177.00		177.00
255.00		255.00
461.00		461.00
633.00		633.00
182.00		182.00
293.00		293.00
452.00		452.00
682.00		682.00 989.00
	154.00 200.00 246.00 33.00 177.00 255.00 461.00 633.00 182.00 293.00 452.00	154.00 200.00 246.00 33.00 177.00 255.00 461.00 633.00 182.00 293.00 452.00 682.00

TABLE IX

Account Maintenance Fees Proposed for Implementation July 1, 2017

This is a quarterly fee which is prorated based on the length of the billing cycle.

TABLE X

Infrastructure Investment Fees Proposed for Implementation July 1, 2017

Meter Size	Current FY'17 Quarte Charges		Proposed '18 Quarterly Charges
Small Meters			
5/8"	\$1	1.00 \$	11.00
3/4"		2.00	12.00
1"	1	4.00	14.00
Large Meters			
1-1/2"	9	0.00	90.00
2"	18	5.00	185.00
3"		5.00	585.00
4"		3.00	813.00
6"		5.00	1,265.00
8"	-	5.00	2,845.00
10"	4,42	5.00	4,425.00
Fire Service Meters			
4"	49	9.00	499.00
6"		6.00	616.00
8"		4.00	2,524.00
10"	-	4.00	2,714.00
12"	5,21	4.00	5,214.00

This is a quarterly fee which is prorated based on the length of the billing cycle.

TABLE XI

Miscellaneous Fees and Charges – Proposed Changes

The Commission provides a number of services for which separate fees or charges have been established. Recent review of the costs required to provide these services indicates a need to change the amounts charged for some of the services. The fee and charge changes listed below are proposed to be effective July 1, 2017.

	CURRENT	PROPOSED CHARGE
<u>ITEM</u>	<u>CHARGE</u>	EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017
 Inspection Fees - Water/Sewer Connection Hookup, Well/Septic Hookup, 		
Plumbing and Gasfitting Inspections		
New Single Family Detached Dwellings	\$660	\$726
New Attached Dwellings (townhouse/multiplex excluding apartments)	660	726
All Other Residential:		
Water/Well Hookup	95	104
Meter Yoke Inspection (meter only installation)	95	104
Water Hookup Converting from Well (includes 2 inspections)	185	203
Sewer/Septic Hookup	95	104
First Plumbing Fixture	95	104
Each Additional Fixture	30	33
SDC Credit Fixture Inspection (per fixture)	30	33
Minimum Permit Fee	200	220
Permit Reprocessing Fee	55	60
Long Form Permit Refund Fee	200	220
Long Form Permit Re-Issue Fee	200	220
All Non-Residential:		
Plan Review (without Permit Application)		
50 Fixtures or Less	395	434
51-200 Fixtures	1,340	1,474
Over 200 Fixtures	2,670	2,937
2 nd or 3 rd Review (with or without Permit Application)		
50 Fixtures or Less	160	176
51-200 Fixtures	300	330
Over 200 Fixtures	640	704
Water/Well Hookup	155	170
Meter Yoke Inspection (meter only installation)	155	170
Sewer/Septic Hookup	155	170
FOG Interceptor	155	170
First Plumbing Fixture	155	170
Each Additional Fixture	40	44
SDC Credit Fixture Inspection (per fixture)	25	27

* No change to this line item.

Miscellaneous Fees and Charges – Proposed Changes

Continued)	CURRENT	PROPOSED CHARGE
TEM	CHARGE	EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017
Minimum Permit Fee	\$230	\$253
Permit Reprocessing Fee	60	66
Long Form Permit Refund Fee	230	253
Long Form Permit Re-Issue Fee	230	253
2. Site Utility (On-Site) Review Fee		
Base Fee	3,190	3,509
Additional Fee per 100 feet	275	302
Minor (Waived) Site Utility (On-Site) Fee	795	874
 License Fees for the Regulated Trades 		
Reciprocal Master Plumber, Gasfitter:		
Initial Registration per type	85/2 years	93/2 years
Registration Renewal all types	85/2 years	93/2 years
Late Registration Renewal	50	55
Examined Master Plumber, Gasfitter:		
Initial Registration per type	105/4 years	115/4 years
Registration Renewal all types	105/4 years	115/4 years
Late Registration Renewal	50	55
Cross-connection Technician Registration	25	27
Sewer and Drain Registration and Renewal	40/2 years	44/2 years
Sewer and Drain Late Renewal Fee	20	22
Journeyman License Registration:		
Initial Registration	30/2 years	33/2 years
Registration Renewal	30/2 years	33/2 years
Late Registration Renewal	20	22
License Transfer Fee	30	33
License Replacement Fee	15	16
Apprentice License Registration Renewal	10	11
. Short Form Permit Fee (up to 3 fixtures) – Non-Refundable	75	82

* No change to this line item.

TABLE XI

Miscellaneous Fees and Charges – Proposed Changes

Continued)		CURRENT	PROPOSED CHARGE
EM		<u>CHARGE</u>	EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017
. Fee for Sale of Copies of Plans, Plats Xerographic	s & 200' Reference Maps	\$6.00/sheet	\$6.60/sheet
Fee for the Sale of WSSC Plumbing a and Cross Connection Control Manua		bing Code)	
Sale of Plumbing Regulation (pe	er book)	30	33
. Septic Hauler Discharge Permit Fee Category I Residential & Septic Waste & G	rease		
1 - 49 gallons	0030	250/vehicle	275/vehicle
50 - 799 gallons		3,645/vehicle	4,009/vehicle
800 - 2,999 gallons		10,395/vehicle	11,434/vehicle
3,000 - gallons and up		24,655/vehicle	27,120/vehicle
January through June		50% of fee	* 50% of fee
Transfer and/or Replacement Pe		85	93
Industrial/Special Waste Dispos	al Fee	325/1,000 gallons	357/1,000 gallons
Zero Discharge Permit Fee		85	93
Temporary Discharge Permit Fe		85 + Sewer Rate/1,000 gallons	* 85 + Sewer Rate/1,000 gallons
Sewer Rate – Domestic Low Str		10.14/1,000 gallons of truck capacity	11.15/1,000 gallons of truck capacity
Sewer Rate – Domestic High St	rength Wastewater	53.69/1,000 gallons of truck capacity	59.06/1,000 gallons of truck capacity
Long Form Permit Transfer Fee		140	154
Small Meter Replacement Fee (at Cu	stomer Request)	195	214

* No change to this line item.

Miscellaneous Fees and Charges – Proposed Changes

(Continued)	CURRENT	PROPOSED CHARGE
TEM	<u>CHARGE</u>	EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017
10. Meter Replacement Fee (Damaged or Stolen Meter)		
5/8" Encoder (outside)	\$150	\$165
5/8" Encoder	150	165
3/4" Encoder (outside)	150	165
3/4" Encoder	150	165
1" Encoder (outside)	180	198
1" Encoder	180	198
1-1/2" Encoder	750	825
2" Standard	1,100	1,210
3" Compound	3,190	3,509
4" Compound	3,960	4,356
6" Compound	5,830	6,413
2" MVR	1,210	1,331
3" MVR	2,035	2,238
4" MVR	2,915	3,206
6" MVR	4,510	4,961
4" Fire Service Meter	7,700	8,470
6" Fire Service Meter	9,820	10,802
8" Fire Service Meter	11,495	12,644
10" Fire Service Meter	14,225	15,647
12" Fire Service Meter	16,250	17,875
11. Meter Testing Fees		
5/8" to 1"	230	253
1-1/2"	400	440
2" and up	470	517
12. Sub-Meter Installation Fee		
One-time Sub-Meter Charge - Small	245	269
One-time Sub-Meter Charge - Large	485	533
One-time Inspection Fee	50	55
Minimum Permit Inspection Fee	200	220

Miscellaneous Fees and Charges – Proposed Changes

Continued) TEM	CURRENT <u>CHARGE</u>	PROPOSED CHARGE EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017
3. Tapper License Fee	¢220	¢ 3 / 3
Permit Fee	\$330	\$363
Duplicate	30	33
4. Temporary Fire Hydrant Connection Fee		
3/4" Meter - Deposit		
Over 2 Weeks/Less than 2 weeks w/unapproved payment record	370	407
3" Meter - Deposit		
Over 2 Weeks/Less than 2 weeks w/unapproved payment record	2,420	2,662
Service Charge		
2 Weeks or Less (3/4" meter)	45	49
2 Weeks or Less (3" Meter)	130	143
Over 2 Weeks (3/4" and 3" Meters)	145	159
Loss/Destruction Wrench	40	44
5. Fee for Truck Inspections with Attached Fire Hydrant Meter	50/2 years	55/2 years
6. Water Turn-Off, Turn-On Fee		
Small Meter Turn-Off	70	77
Small Meter Turn-On	70	77
Large Meter Turn-Off	195	214
Large Meter Turn-On	195	214
7. Feasibility Review Fee (Non-SEP)		
Feasibility Submission Fee (Non-refundable)	1,375	1,512
Feasibility Review & Report Fee Deposit (can be deferred as deficit when extension is co		9,377

Miscellaneous Fees and Charges – Proposed Changes

(Continued)	CURRENT	PROPOSED CHARGE			
ITEM	CHARGE	EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017			
18. Industrial Discharge Control Program Fees By Category					
Industrial users subject to Categorical Pretreatment Standards					
Less than 5,000 gpd (double visit)	\$3,655	\$4,020			
Greater than 5,000 gpd (double visit)	5,600	6,160			
Non-discharging Categorical Industries (zero discharge)	985	1,083			
Significant Industrial User					
Less than 25,000 gpd (single visit - priority pollutant sampling)	3,655	4,020			
Greater than 25,000 gpd (double visit - priority pollutant sampling)	5,600	6,160			
9. Fees for Sale of Contract Specifications, Contract Specification Books, Drawings,					
Design Manuals, Standard Details, and General Conditions					
Utility Contracts	15	16			
Construction Standard Details	55	60			
Construction General Conditions & Standard Specifications	40	44			
SEP Construction General Conditions & Standard Specifications	40	44			
0. Watershed Use Permit Fees					
Seasonal Watershed Use Permit (January 1 – December 31)	70	77			
Single Day Watershed Use Permit	6	7			
Open Season Boat Mooring (March 15 – November 30)	80	88			
Winter Boat mooring (December 1 – March 14)	55	60			
Boat/Craft Removal Fee	100	110			
Monthly Storage Fee for Removed Boats	80	88			
Rental for the Azalea Garden (4 hours)	75	82			
Rental for the Bio-Brick Pavilion (4 hours)	75	82			
Boarding Stable Entrance Permit	250	275			
Adjacent Landowner Entrance Permit	80	88			
Picnic Permit – groups 1-5 persons	6	7			
Picnic Permit – groups of 6-10 persons	12	13			
Picnic Permit – groups of 11-15 persons	18	19			
1. Call Back Fees (small meters, plumbers)	90	99			

Miscellaneous Fees and Charges – Proposed Changes

(Continued)	CURRENT	PROPOSED CHARGE
TEM	CHARGE	EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017
22. Call Back Fees (large meters, plumbers)	\$180	\$198
23. Missed Appointment Fee		
First Missed Appointment or Turn-On	80	88
Each Additional Missed Appointment	110	121
4. Connection Redemption Fee	35	38
5. Connection Abandonment Fee		
County Roads (Except Arterial Roads) - Water	1,320	1,452
County Roads (Except Arterial Roads) - Sewer	1,760	1,936
State Roads and County Arterial Roads - Water	1,760	1,936
State Roads and County Arterial Roads - Sewer	2,200	2,420
5. Fire Hydrant Inspection Fee	110/hydrant	121/hydrant
Controlled Access Surcharge Fee	25	27
7. Utility Erosion and Sediment Control Permit Fee		
Minor Projects	.14 per linear foot	.15 per linear foot
Major Projects	.18 per linear foot	.20 per linear foot
Minimum for Major Projects	120	132
8. Erosion and Sediment Control Training Package Fee	725/package	Delete
9. Erosion and Sediment Control Training Certification Session Fee	60/session, per participant	66/session, per participant
0. Fee for Sale of Erosion and Sediment Control Field Guide	10	11
1. Charge for Photocopies of WSSC Documents (per copied page singl	e side)	
Readily Available Source Material	.25	.28
Certified Copy of Readily Available Source Material	.50	.55
	.25	.28

Miscellaneous Fees and Charges – Proposed Changes

(Continued)	CURRENT	PROPOSED CHARGE		
ITEM	CHARGE	EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017		
 Dishonored Check Fee & Electronic Payment Fee (applies to all dishonored checks and dishonored electronic payments) 	\$35	\$38		
33. Fire Hydrant Flow Test Fee No Current Test Current Test	630 75	693 82		
34. Shut Down/Charge Water Main Fee Shut Down/Complex Water Main Fee	905 1,695	995 1,864		
35. Right-of Way Release Review Fee	905/document	995/document		
36. Fee for Review and Inspection of Site Work Potentially Impacting WSSC Pipelin Simple Review Complex Review / Non-DR Developer Review Inspection for minor adjustment / Non-DR Developer	es 330 1,895 220/inspection	363 2,084 242/inspection		
37. Fee for WSSC Pipeline Design Manual	90	99		
 Chlorination Confirmation Test Fee Re-Test or Additional Tests (per hour) 	220/first test 150/hour	242/first test 165/hour		
39. Meter Reinstallation Correction Fee	340	374		
40. Sewer Meter Maintenance Fee Quarterly Calibrations	9,920/year 2,480/quarter	10,912/year 2,728/quarter		
 Discharge Authorization Permit Fee Significant Industrial User – Initial Permit Significant Industrial User – Renewal Initial zero-discharge CIU Permit Reissued zero-discharge CIU Permit Temporary Discharge Permit (Non – SIU) 	4,345/4 years 2,130/4 years 1,650/4 years 1,100/4 years 4,345	4,779/4 years 2,343/4 years 1,815/4 years 1,210/4 years 4,779		

Miscellaneous Fees and Charges – Proposed Changes

(Continued)	CURRENT	PROPOSED CHARGE
ITEM	CHARGE	EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017
42. Sale of WSSD Laws Bound Volume	\$75	\$82
Supplements	36	40
43. Property Inspection Fee	85	93
44. Design Review		
Development is More than 10 Residential Units or Commercial Development is 10 Residential Units or Less	6,500 3,250	7,150 3,575
45. Construction Services Fee	12% of construction bond less design review fee	* 12% of construction bond less design review fee
Re-Test or Additional Tests or Inspector Overtime	190/hour	209/hour
46. Systems Inspection Group Review Fee for Additional Reviews		
of Contract Documents & As-builts	190/hour	209/hour
47. Extra Review Fee Per SEP Plan Review:		
Minor Additional Reviews of Unsigned or Signed Plans (per review)	950	1,045
Major/Splitting Additional Reviews of Unsigned or Signed Plans (per revie Per Site Utility Additional Signed or Unsigned Plan Review:	ew) 2,000	2,200
Site Utility	1,200	1,320
Minor Utility	300	330
Additional Review of Required Data (per application)	650	715
48. Hydraulic Planning Analysis and System Planning Forecast		
Modeling and Re-Modeling Fee - Up to 3 parts	1,265	1,391
Modeling and Re-Modeling Fee - per part Over 3	550/part	605/part
Pressure Sewer System Review Fee - per system	290	* 290

Miscellaneous Fees and Charges – Proposed Changes

Continued)	CURRENT	PROPOSED CHARGE
TEM	<u>CHARGE</u>	EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017
19. Environmental Site Review Fee		
With Database Search Conducted By WSSC	\$330	\$363
With Database Search Submitted By Applicant	250	275
D. Partial Release Fee	1,100	1,210
1. Service Connection Application		
and Inspection Fee (per permit)	1,980/water and/or sewer connection	2,178/water and/or sewer connection
2. Facilities Design Guidelines Fee	30	33
Relocation Fee		
Relocation Design Review Fee	6,500	7,150
Inspection for MOU Project	600/minimum charge up to 4 hours	660/minimum charge up to 4 hours
. Discharge Fee - Food Service Establishment (FSE)		
Full Permit FSE	425	467
BMP Permit FSE	120	132
5. Feasibility Review Fee for On-Site Takeover Projects	770	847
b. Fee for the Preparation of Hold Harmless Agreement	845	929
7. Government Referred Plan Review Fee		
Major Development – Over 10 Units	1,375	1,512
Minor Development – 10 or Less Units	660	726
Re-Review Fee for Major Development	660	726
Re-Review Fee for Minor Development	330	363
. Warehouse Restocking Fee	30	33
9. Residential Outside Meter Housing Upgrade/Pipe Alteration	5,170	5,687
Ale shares to the Part Street		

Miscellaneous Fees and Charges – Proposed Changes

(Continued)	CURRENT	PROPOSED CHARGE
ITEM	CHARGE	EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017
	* 200	* 220
60. Pre-Screen Re-Submission Fee	\$300	\$330
61. Cross Connection Fee		
Test Report Fee	28	30
Base Fee for High Hazard Commercial Water Customer - per month	13	14
Base Fee for All Other Commercial Water Customer- per month	7	* 7
62. Site Utility Inspection Fee		
Base Fee	1,000	1,100
Pipeline (per foot)	5.60	6.16
63. Name/Transfer of Ownership Change Fee	180	198
	100	170
64. Protest Filing Fee	550	605
* No change to this line item		

Miscellaneous Fees and Charges – Proposed Changes

(Continued)

ITEM	CURRENT <u>CHARGE</u>	PROPOSED CHARGE EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017	CURRENT MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE CHARGE	PROPOSED MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE CHARGE
65. *** System Development Charge				
Apartment				
Water	\$896	\$896	\$1,274	\$1,289
Sewer	1,140	1,140	1,624	1,643
1-2 toilets/residential				
Water	1,344	1,344	1,914	1,937
Sewer	1,710	1,710	2,432	2,461
3-4 toilets/residential				
Water	2,240	2,240	3,189	3,227
Sewer	2,850	2,850	4,056	4,105
5 toilets/residential				
Water	3,135	3,135	4,463	4,517
Sewer	3,991	3,991	5,681	5,749
6+ toilets/residential (per fixture unit)				
Water	88	88	126	128
Sewer	115	115	165	167
Non-residential (per fixture unit)				
Water	88	88	126	128
Sewer	115	115	165	167

*** No increase is proposed for the System Development Charge for FY'18 in any category. The maximum allowable charge is being adjusted pursuant to Division II, Section 25-403(c) of the Public Utilities Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland, based on the 1.2% change in the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for all items in the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area from November 2015 to November 2016.

CUSTOMER SUMMARY

This customer summary is designed to provide a quick overview of the WSSC budget for someone new to the Commission's budget process. Specifically, this section explains:

- The Commission's role,
- The Commission's powers and responsibilities,
- The Commission's fiscal and service policies,
- The budget's basis in state law,
- How the budget is formulated,
- Who is responsible for budget decisions,
- The Commission's fund structure,
- Key provisions of the FY'18 Budget,
- Funding sources, and
- Funding uses.

SECTION 1

I. <u>THE WASHINGTON SUBURBAN SANITARY COMMISSION</u>

The Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission (WSSC) provides water and sewer services to nearly 1.8 million residents of Maryland's Montgomery and Prince George's Counties, which border Washington, D.C. Established by the Maryland General Assembly in 1918 as a regional (bi-County) organization under Article 29 and later recodified into Division II of the Public Utilities Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland, the WSSC ranks among the largest water and sewer utilities in the country encompassing a service area of nearly 1,000 square miles.

To fulfill its primary mission of providing safe and reliable water and returning clean water to the environment, WSSC operates and maintains an extensive array of highly automated facilities. The Commission's two water filtration plants, drawing raw water from the Potomac and Patuxent rivers, are projected to produce an average of 164 million gallons of water per day in FY'18 and deliver that water to homes and businesses in Montgomery and Prince George's Counties, serving over 450,000 customer accounts through a system of over 5,600 miles of water mains. To ensure a reliable water supply for all seasons and conditions, WSSC operates three reservoirs with a total capacity exceeding 14 billion gallons.

Sewage treatment is provided by six wastewater treatment plants operated by the WSSC, and the Blue Plains Wastewater Treatment Plant operated by the District of Columbia Water and Sewer Authority. In FY'18 it is projected that an average of 207.2 million gallons of wastewater per day from Montgomery and Prince George's Counties will move to these facilities through approximately 5,500 miles of sewer lines maintained by WSSC. The six wastewater treatment plants owned by WSSC have a combined capacity of 95 million gallons per day (MGD). Blue Plains is a regional facility that services the District of Columbia and several northern Virginia jurisdictions as well as the WSSC. Under the Intermunicipal Agreement that governs this arrangement, the WSSC is allocated 169 MGD of Blue Plains' 370 MGD capacity. The WSSC, in turn, pays a proportionate share of Blue Plains' operating and capital expenses. All but one of these facilities (the Hyattstown plant) go beyond conventional wastewater treatment to provide "tertiary treatment" - advanced treatment processes which ensure that the quality of the treated wastewater is better than the quality of the natural water to which it is returned. Other WSSC responsibilities include promulgation and enforcement of plumbing and gasfitting regulations in suburban Maryland and participation in numerous environmental initiatives.

A six-member commission governs the WSSC - three members from each County. The Commissioners are appointed to fouryear terms by their respective County Executives and confirmed by their County Councils.

(Continued)

II. POWERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The Commission's powers and responsibilities are set forth in Division II of the Public Utilities Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland and in any subsequent legislative amendments. The Maryland General Assembly conferred these powers upon the WSSC to enable it to fulfill its principal functions:

- To provide for the construction, operation, and maintenance of water supply and sanitary sewerage systems in Montgomery and Prince George's Counties;
- To provide for the construction of water and sewer house connection lines from the Commission's mains to abutting property lines;
- To approve the locations of, and issue permits for, utilities installed in public ways; and
- To establish water consumption rates, sewer usage rates, connection charges, front foot benefit charges, and permit fees and, if required, to cause appropriate ad valorem taxes to be levied.

The Commission also:

- Reviews preliminary subdivision plats as to suitability of water and sewer design, and reviews street grades for those streets in which there are Commission facilities;
- Formulates regulations, issues permits for, and inspects all plumbing and gasfitting installations; and
- Conducts examinations for master and journeyman plumbers and gasfitters, and issues licenses to those qualified to perform plumbing and gasfitting work.

(Continued)

III. FISCAL AND SERVICE POLICIES

The Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission pursues the following fiscal and service policies. These policies are reviewed periodically and revised as necessary to support the Commission's long-term goals and strategic plans.

Long-Term Fiscal Policies

The WSSC adheres to the following long-term fiscal policies to preserve and strengthen its financial integrity:

- Conform, to the extent possible, to the County Councils' established spending affordability limits in preparing the capital and operating budgets.
- Employ conservative assumptions when forecasting revenues.
- Fund recurring expenditures from a stable stream of revenue, with minimal reliance on non-recurring (one-time) revenues or resources.
- Annually set user charges for water and sewer services at levels sufficient to ensure that revenues equal or exceed expenses in each fiscal year.
- Utilize an account maintenance fee to recover the fixed costs of servicing a customer's account costs that are independent of the amount of water used or sewage generated by a customer. Such costs include purchasing and reading water meters; processing meter readings; generating, mailing, and collecting bills; and providing related customer services.
- Utilize an infrastructure investment fee to provide a dedicated source of funding for the debt service associated with the Commission's large and small diameter water and sewer pipe reconstruction programs.
- Regularly analyze expenditures for services other than basic water and sewer to ensure that miscellaneous fees and charges are sufficient to defray the cost of providing these services.
- Manage current assets to ensure reasonable interest income.

(Continued)

- Maintain a reserve in the water and sewer operating funds equal to at least 10 percent of water and sewer use charges to offset unanticipated variations in water and sewerage system revenues that may occur in future years.
- Ensure that the aggregate principal amount of bonds and notes issued by the Commission does not exceed the legislated allowable level of the total assessable tax base for all property assessed for County tax purposes within the Sanitary District, in conformance with state law governing the WSSC.
- Reduce water and sewer debt service as a percentage of the combined water and sewer operating budget through judicious
 use of PAYGO financing, use of accumulated net revenue (fund balance), reduction or deferral of planned capital
 expenditures, and other debt limitation strategies. Specific debt reduction actions should always be balanced against
 affordability considerations and the demands for the resources necessary to serve existing customers, meet environmental
 mandates, and build the facilities needed to support economic growth.
- Finance capital facilities needed to accommodate growth through a System Development Charge (SDC) on new development in order to maintain fair and equitable rates for water and sewer services to existing customers, while providing funds needed for growth-related capital expenditures.
- Utilize SDC revenue to pay the debt service on growth-related bonds issued since FY'94 (the first year of the SDC). Debt service on bonds issued to fund growth-related CIP projects in subsequent years (due to inadequate SDC revenue) will be paid from SDC revenues, if sufficient revenues exist, or from operating revenues, if SDC funds are not available.
- Preserve and improve services for current customers by employing an annual Systems Reconstruction Program that utilizes both capital and operating funds to reconstruct aging capital infrastructure.
- Employ surplus funds from refinancing General Bond Fund debt to pay a portion of the debt service for the Systems Reconstruction Program (this payment is referred to as the Reconstruction Debt Service Offset or REDO).
- Charge all debt service requirements for new water supply and sewage disposal bonds to operations in the first year incurred.
- Accelerate debt retirement to the extent possible.
- Finance all retirement plans in a manner that systematically funds liabilities, including current requirements as well as the amortization of unfunded liabilities.

(Continued)

- Provide regular, updated six-year projections of the WSSC's operating and capital budgets revenues and expenditures to ensure that the Commission has the best possible knowledge of the impacts of contemplated actions and emerging conditions.
- Continue to improve and strengthen financial management and controls, while streamlining operations and increasing the efficiency and effectiveness of Commission programs and staff.
- Maintain full funding of the annual required contribution for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB). All WSSC OPEB contributions are deposited into an irrevocable OPEB trust established for this purpose.
- In accordance with a Bi-County Working Group recommendation, utilize a portion of the debt service differential associated with a change from 20-year to 30-year debt for PAYGO financing of capital projects.

Long-Term Service Policies

The various units of the Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission adhere to the following key long-term service policies to ensure that the Commission continues to provide value to customers by furnishing high quality products and services at the lowest possible price:

- Deliver safe and reliable drinking water to customers in a manner that meets or exceeds Safe Drinking Water Act standards.
- Treat wastewater and responsibly manage biosolids in a manner that meets or exceeds federal and state permit requirements and regulations.
- Provide maintenance services at a level consistent with the objective of responding to the customer within 2 hours of receiving notification of a maintenance problem, and restoring service to the customer within 24 hours from the time a service interruption occurs.
- Answer 95 percent of all customer billing calls received.
- Treat customers and the general public with courtesy, sensitivity, and respect while remaining responsive to their concerns, inquiries, and requests for service.
- Encourage innovation, excellence, and economy in all phases of service delivery.

(Continued)

Short-Term Fiscal and Service Policies

Short-term policies are specific to the budget year. They address key issues and concerns that frame the task of preparing a balanced budget that achieves Commission priorities within the context of current and expected economic and political realities. The General Manager and the Commission adopted the following key policies in preparing the FY'18 Proposed Budget.

- Forecast FY'18 water production conservatively at 164.0 million gallons per day.
- Propose a 3.5 percent average increase in water and sewer rates for FY'18.
- Continue to address the WSSC's aging infrastructure by proposing the following:
 - ▶ Rehabilitation of 55 miles (290,400 feet) of small diameter and 4 miles (21,120 feet) of large water diameter mains.
 - ► Inspection and repair of 18 miles (95,040 feet) of Prestressed Concrete Cylinder Pipe (PCCP).
 - ► Acoustical fiber optic monitoring of 99 miles (522,720 feet) of PCCP.
 - ► Continuation of the Trunk Sewer Reconstruction Program.
- Ensure adequate funding for regulatory compliance requirements.
- Fund the implementation of the Information Technology Strategic Plan to include a new Customer Care Billing system.
- Fund the annual required contribution for other post-employment benefits in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45.
- Offset \$7.7 million of debt service with REDO.

(Continued)

IV. <u>BUDGET FORMULATION</u>

Maryland State law requires that the WSSC prepare capital and operating budgets each fiscal year. The FY'18 Proposed Budget shows funding and staff requirements, organizational components, and program and fund sources.

The budgets for all funds are prepared on a full accrual basis. Expenses are recognized when goods and services are received, and revenues are recognized when water is delivered to the system. Annual audited financial statements of the WSSC are prepared on the basis of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), whereas both the budget and internal financial statements are prepared on a debt service basis. The debt service basis recognizes certain cash expenses not recognized under GAAP (such as principal payments on debt, and pension contributions based on a level percentage of payroll). Similarly, certain non-cash expenditures that are included under GAAP are not recognized under the debt service basis (such as depreciation on capital assets, and pension expenses as defined by Accounting Principles Board Pronouncement No. 8).

The budget process begins with submission of requests by all organizational units following the guidance provided by the General Manager (see the accompanying chart). Management reviews these requests before the General Manager presents recommendations to the Commissioners. The Commissioners review the budget and make recommendations before approving a proposed budget document for public hearing. A proposed budget document must be available to the public by January 15. Hearings on the WSSC budget are held in each County before February 15. The Commission considers comments and testimony given at the public hearings before the proposed budget is transmitted to the Counties.

State law requires that the Commission transmit its proposed budget to the Counties by March 1 of each year. The County Councils and County Executives and their staffs review the budget and make recommendations. Both Counties must approve any amendments to the budget on or before June 1. Once the Counties' actions have been received, the Commission adopts an Approved Budget and sets the levels for charges, fees, and taxes to finance approved expenditures. The Approved Budget takes effect on July 1.

Once the budget is adopted, total expenditures may not exceed the final total approved budget without an approved budget supplement. Budget supplements must be approved by the Montgomery and Prince George's County Councils, and are transmitted to them through their respective County Executives.

(Continued)

Preparation of the six-year Capital Improvements Program (CIP) spans 13 months, beginning in May of each year. After a preliminary staff-level review in June, the General Manager and key management personnel review all CIP project submissions in July to assess the justification for new projects, the criticality and priority of on-going projects, and the overall financial impacts of these projects on spending affordability. Only the debt service requirements for capital expenditures in the first (budget) year of the six-year CIP are included in the operating budget. By August, the General Manager submits a draft CIP to the WSSC's Commissioners for their consideration, and work sessions are conducted to solicit input from County governments, Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission, and local municipality representatives. Public hearings on the CIP are held in September. The WSSC is required by state law to transmit the Proposed CIP to both County governments by October 1 of each year.

The approved Capital Budget for a given budget year consists largely of spending for the first year of the six-year Capital Improvements Program including those projects in the Information Only Section. Projects shown in the Information Only Section are not required to be in the CIP, but may be included to provide more comprehensive information on important programs or projects. Budget year expenditures in connection with relocations, house connections, new water meters, and similar items constitute the remainder of the capital budget for a given year.

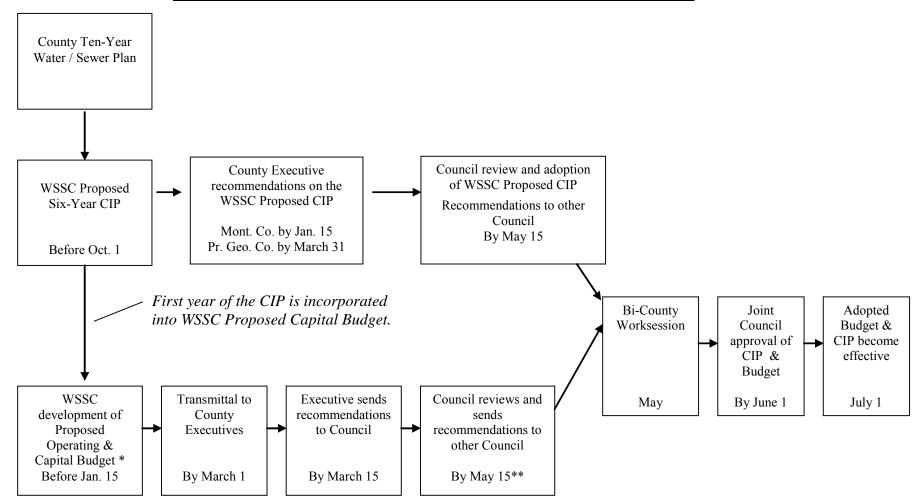
Between January and May of the following year, each County approves, modifies, or deletes projects, and by mid-May the County Councils meet jointly to resolve any differences. By June 1, each Council must enact formal resolutions approving new projects and other program modifications. The Commission then has 30 days to adopt these changes before the beginning of the fiscal year on July 1.

Preparation of the proposed Operating Budget requires integrating several other planning efforts with the budget formulation process. The annual spending affordability review, undertaken jointly with Montgomery and Prince George's Counties, uses a six-year financial model to examine the impacts and affordability of various scenarios involving the WSSC's future capital and operating needs. This analysis results in the development of maximum "affordable" levels for rate increases, operating expenditures, debt service, and new debt in the budget year. These limits, which are formally adopted by the Montgomery and Prince George's County Councils, play a key role in guiding the annual budget process.

Capital needs, developed independently in planning for the six-year Capital Improvements Program, also shape the operating budget by helping to determine debt service requirements, the need for Pay-As-You-GO (PAYGO) financing, revenues from the System Development Charge (and the corresponding need, if any, for rate-payer supported debt to pay for growth), and the operating impacts of projects expected to be completed during the budget year (additional operating costs, if present, as well as any expected efficiencies). The annual debt service on outstanding bonds is paid from the Commission's operating funds, primarily through water consumption and sewer use charges paid by customers. Thus, the size of the CIP affects the size of the water and sewer bond issues needed in the budget year, which in turn affects customer water and sewer bills.

(Continued)

WSSC Budget & Capital Improvements Program Processes



* Includes first year of Proposed CIP plus Information Only Projects and General Construction Projects.

**Incorporates changes to funding in budget year for CIP projects.

(Continued)

The CIP is, in turn, driven in part by the development planning and authorization processes of Montgomery and Prince George's Counties, especially as manifested in the Counties' ten-year water and sewer plans. (These plans, which guide development activity within the Counties, are updated annually.) In addition, since the WSSC must contribute to the capital and operating expenses of the Blue Plains Wastewater Treatment Plant, budget planning by the District of Columbia Water and Sewer Authority (DCWASA) - and the budget's subsequent review and approval by DCWASA's multi-jurisdictional Board of Directors - can have important impacts on planning for the WSSC's capital and operating budgets.

V. <u>FUND STRUCTURE</u>

The FY'18 Proposed Budget consists of six separate funds, three in the operating budget (the Water Operating, Sewer Operating, and General Bond Debt Service Funds) and three in the capital budget (the Water Supply Bond, Sewage Disposal Bond, and General Construction Bond Funds). The Water Operating and Sewer Operating Funds are the primary funds for operating purposes. The Water Operating Fund pays for water treatment and distribution, and the Sewer Operating Fund pays for sewage collection and treatment. The General Bond Debt Service Fund receives front foot benefit payments to underwrite the debt service on smaller lateral water and sewer lines. Although each fund is essentially a separate entity authorized to expend funds for prescribed purposes and derive revenues from specific rates, charges, and/or taxes, as prescribed by state law, the capital and operating funds are interrelated as explained below.

Water

The Commission issues Water Supply Bonds (Capital Fund) to finance the planning, design, and construction of major water treatment and transmission facilities and the reconstruction of the water distribution system. The facilities include dams, reservoirs, water filtration plants, water pumping stations, water storage facilities, and water supply lines 16 inches in diameter and larger. Water operating revenues - customer payments for water bills - in the Water Operating Fund are used to pay for operating and maintaining these water facilities, and also to pay the debt service (principal and interest that must be repaid) on Water Supply Bonds.

Sewer

The Commission issues Sewage Disposal Bonds (Capital Fund) and receives grants to finance the planning, design, and construction of major sewage disposal and treatment facilities and the reconstruction of the sewerage collection system. The facilities include sewage pumping stations and force mains, sewer lines 15 inches in diameter and larger, sewage treatment facilities (including reimbursement to the District of Columbia Water and Sewer Authority for construction at Blue Plains), and improvements or modifications to these facilities. Sewer operating revenues - customer payments for sewer bills - in the Sewer Operating Fund are used to pay for operating and maintaining these facilities, and also to pay the debt service on Sewage Disposal Bonds. Sewer use charges are generally based upon metered water use.

(Continued)

General Construction

The Commission issues General Construction Bonds (Capital Fund) to pay for the construction of minor water and sewer lines (water distribution lines 15 inches in diameter and smaller, and sewer lines 14 inches in diameter and smaller) and support facilities. General Bond Debt Service Fund revenues - customer payments for front foot benefit charges - are used to pay the debt service on construction of minor water and sewer lines. House connection construction costs are underwritten by a direct charge to the applicant.

The following table summarizes each of these funds.

MAJOR PURPOSE MAJOR REVENUE SOURCE Capital Fund Water Supply Bond Construct major water supply treatment and transmission Water Supply Bonds and System Development facilities; Reconstruct water distribution system Charge Sewage Disposal Bond Construct major sewage treatment and transmission Sewage Disposal Bonds, System Development facilities; Reconstruct sewerage collection system Charge, and Grants General Construction Bond Construct minor water and sewer lines and support facilities General Construction Bonds and House Connection Charges **Operating Fund** Water Operating Operate and maintain water facilities and pay debt service Customer Water Bill on Water Supply Bonds Operate and maintain sewerage facilities and pay debt Sewer Operating Customer Sewer Bill service on Sewage Disposal Bonds General Bond Debt Service Pay debt service on General Construction Bonds Front Foot Benefit Charges

WSSC FUND STRUCTURE

(Continued)

VI. MAJOR ASSUMPTIONS

The following major assumptions and workload indices were used in developing the FY'18 Proposed Budget.

- 1. <u>Water Consumption and Sewer Use Revenues</u> The estimated FY'18 revenues from water consumption and sewer use charges are \$267.1 million and \$333.8 million, respectively. Water production is assumed to be 164.0 MGD and water purchases are projected to remain the same.
- 2. <u>Reconstruction Debt Service Offset (REDO)</u> For FY'18, \$7.7 million will be transferred from the General Bond Debt Service Fund to the Sewer Operating Fund. The transfer is made to help defray the debt service on funds borrowed to finance sewer system reconstruction activities.
- 3. <u>Accumulated Net Revenues</u> It was assumed for the purpose of preparing the FY'18 Proposed Budget that, at the end of FY'17, accumulated net revenues for the water and sewer operating funds would total \$129.0 million. For FY'18, approximately \$68.4 million will be held in accumulated net revenues in adherence to the Commission's reserve policy (see Long-Term Fiscal Policies, page 1-4). An additional \$17.6 million is earmarked for future operating reserve contributions. Fund balance will also be used to fund FY'18 one-time expenses as well as to help finance the IT Strategic Plan which includes a new Customer Care and Billing (CC&B) system. This leaves an unallocated reserve of approximately \$9.5 million.
- 4. <u>Construction Estimates</u> The Capital Budget includes expenditure estimates for all projects for which work is reasonably expected to be accomplished. This provides management with maximum flexibility to proceed on the many and diverse projects approved each year in the budget. From an analysis of construction completed during previous fiscal years, it is estimated that the actual expenditures for all capital funds in FY'18 will be approximately \$658.7 million, of the \$696.7 million Capital Budget.
- 5. <u>New Debt</u> The debt service estimates for FY'18 assume that \$287.3 million in Water bonds and \$282.7 million in Sewer bonds will be issued in FY'18, in addition to repayment of existing debt. These estimates include \$20.0 million in 20-year sewer loans will be borrowed from the Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE). The WSSC water and sewer issues will be 30-year bonds with an estimated 5.0 percent net interest rate.
- 6. <u>Salary and Wage Increase</u> Funding for employee salary enhancements in a manner coordinated with the Counties is included in the budget.

(Continued)

WORKLOAD DATA ACTUAL			ESTIMATED									
	FY'12	FY'13	FY'14	FY'15	FY'16	FY'17	FY'18	FY'19	FY'20	FY'21	FY'22	FY'23
Water to be supplied (MGD)	165.7	161.2	160.6	162.9	164.2	164.0	164.0	164.0	164.0	164.0	164.0	164.0
Sewage to be treated (MGD)	183.7	177.2	195.6	190.8	184.8	217.5	207.2	211.4	215.6	219.9	224.3	228.8
Water lines to be added by the WSSC (miles)	.3	**7.3	.5	***9.0	7.0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Sewer lines to be added by the WSSC (miles)	0	0.4	0	0	0.2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water lines to be added – contributed (miles)*	20.5	15.3	26.3	22.4	27.1	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Sewer lines to be added – contributed (miles)*	19.4	12.6	25.7	21.4	27.3	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Population to be served (thousands)	1,742	1,749	1,757	1,765	1,774	1,783	1,792	1,801	1,810	1,821	1,832	1,843
House connections to be added												
Water	2,591	2,269	2,880	3,671	4,389	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
Sewer	2,374	2,018	2,335	2,834	3,310	3,100	3,100	3,100	3,100	3,100	3,100	3,100

The following major workload indices and demand projections were used to develop the proposed budget.

* Contributed lines are built by developers and maintained by the WSSC (includes Joint Base Anacostia-Bolling).

** Includes Laytonsville Project (4.4 miles).

*** Includes Potomac Vista (8.1 miles).

(Continued)

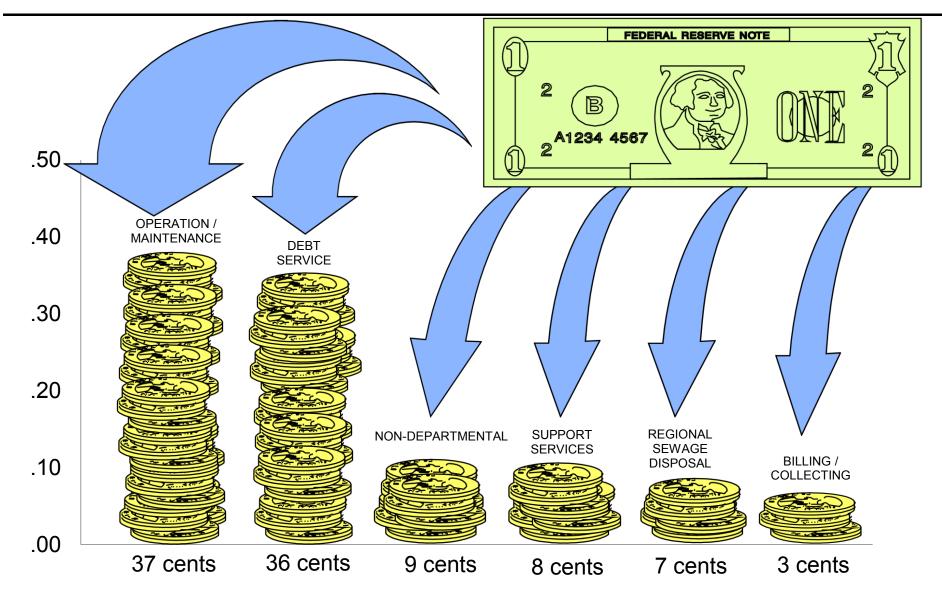
VII. KEY PROVISIONS OF THE FY'18 BUDGET

The total proposed budget for all funds is approximately \$1.4 billion - \$696.7 million in capital and \$740.8 million in operating. A 3.5 percent average increase in water and sewer rates is required to fund water and sewer operating expenses. The budget provides for:

- Implementing the first year of the FYs 2018-2023 Capital Improvements Program;
- Treating and delivering 164.0 MGD of water to over 450,000 customer accounts in a manner that meets or exceeds the Safe Drinking Water Act standards;
- Treating 207.2 MGD of wastewater and responsibly managing up to 1,000 tons of biosolids per day in a manner that meets or exceeds federal and state permit requirements and regulations;
- Operating and maintaining a system of 3 water reservoirs impounding 14 billion gallons of water, 2 water filtration plants, 6 wastewater treatment plants, 5,600 miles of water main, and 5,500 miles of sewer main, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week;
- Paying the WSSC's share of the cost of operating the District of Columbia Water and Sewer Authority's Blue Plains Wastewater Treatment Plant;
- Maintaining an operating reserve of 10% of water and sewer revenues;
- Paying debt service of \$271.6 million of which \$257.5 million is in the Water and Sewer Operating Funds;
- Funding the annual required contribution for post-employment benefits other than retirement based on Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45;
- Continuing to provide maintenance services at a level consistent with the objective of responding to the customer within 2 hours of receiving notification of a maintenance problem and restoring service to the customer within 24 hours from the time a service interruption occurs;
- Complying with the Sanitary Sewer Overflow and Potomac WFP Consent Decrees;
- Answering 95 percent of all customer billing calls received;
- Maintaining and fueling 970 vehicles, maintaining approximately 770 pieces of large field equipment, and operating 6 repair facilities;
- Funding employee salary enhancements in a manner coordinated with the Counties, and continuing other benefits.

FY'18 PROPOSED BUDGET

(How Each Dollar of a Water and Sewer Bill is Spent)



PERFORMANCE AND OUTCOME MEASURES

SECTION 2

OUR STRATEGIC PRIORITIES

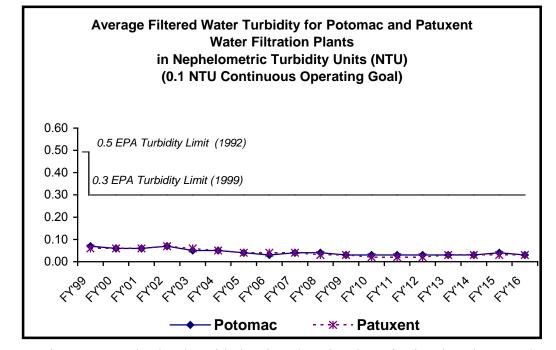
Our methods for achieving our Mission and Vision

- Deliver Excellent Customer Service: Deliver an excellent customer experience by providing timely, high-quality products and services to internal and external customers.
- Enhance Stakeholder Relationships: Enhance relationships with our community, elected officials, regulators, and business partners through proactive communication, financial stewardship, and excellent service.
- Improve Infrastructure: Plan, invest in, and renew our infrastructure to provide future generations with a sustainable system, through innovative, cost-effective technology and world class asset management.
- Achieve Business Process Excellence and Maintain Financial Stability: Achieve financial stability through an improved rate structure and improved business processes that drive performance and obtain cost-effective business outcomes.
- > Inspire Employee Engagement: Inspire and motivate employees by making WSSC a great place to work, thrive and serve.

Water Filtration and Treatment

One of the WSSC's primary goals is to provide a safe and reliable supply of drinking water that meets or exceeds the requirements of the Safe Drinking Water Act and other federal and state regulations. The WSSC has *never* exceeded a maximum contaminant level (MCL) or failed to meet a treatment technique requirement established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in accordance with the Safe Drinking Water Act.

In addition to traditional approaches to ensure drinking water quality, the WSSC continues to place particular emphasis on addressing low-level contaminants such as disinfection byproducts, and maintaining low levels of turbidity (suspended sediment) to

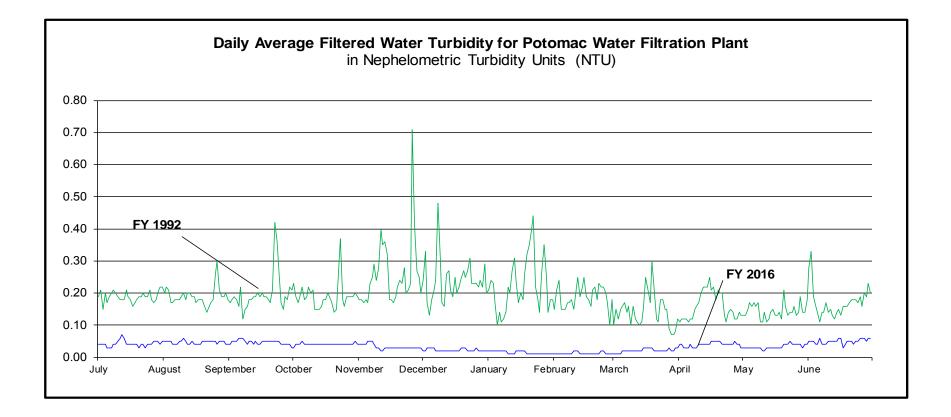


ensure public health protection. The Commission continues to work closely with local and national professional and research organizations, as well as with state and county agencies and the EPA, to ensure that WSSC's treatment methods are cost-efficient and consistent with current research findings.

The WSSC's continued participation in the Partnership for Safe Water Program is indicative of the Commission's commitment. A primary goal of this program is to maintain filtered water turbidity well below EPA established limits to effectively guard against *Cryptosporidium*. Although the WSSC was already meeting the established maximum average monthly turbidity requirement of 0.5 Nephelometric Turbidity Units (NTU), a substantial effort was made in FY'92 to further improve water quality to prevent emerging problems associated with *Cryptosporidium*. The graph above shows the average turbidity for the Potomac and Patuxent Water Filtration Plants for FY'99 through FY'16. The EPA reduced the turbidity limit to 0.3 NTU in 1999, still well above the levels being achieved by the WSSC. A maximum water turbidity of 0.1 NTU level has been and will continue to be a key objective for the WSSC's Production Team.

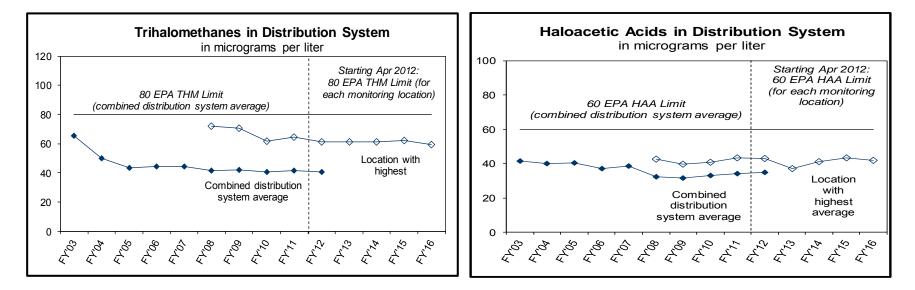
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As shown in the graph below for the Potomac Water Filtration Plant, the FY'16 magnitudes of the daily peaks associated with variable raw water quality were substantially less than FY'92 peak levels. This measure is of particular importance in ensuring the reliability of the *Cryptosporidium* barrier. In addition, the ultraviolet (UV) system incorporated in our treatment train at Potomac (and soon at Patuxent) further increases the reliability of this barrier.



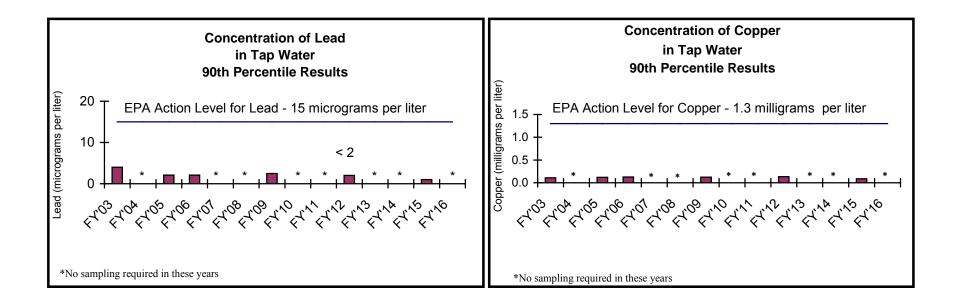
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The WSSC has also been aggressively pursuing enhanced coagulation (optimization of coagulant doses and pH levels to improve total organic carbon removal) to enhance disinfection byproduct precursor removal, thereby lessening the formation of potential carcinogens in the finished water. Effective January 2001, the EPA standard for trihalomethanes (THMs) is 80 micrograms or lower of total THMs (TTHM) per liter in finished water. At the same time, the EPA also established a maximum finished water contaminant level for haloacetic acids (HAAs) of 60 micrograms of five HAAs (HAA5) per liter. As shown in the figures below, the WSSC is meeting the THM and HAA standards with the help of its enhanced coagulation initiatives. The Stage 2 Disinfection Byproducts (DBP) rule took effect in FY'12, and builds upon earlier rules to improve drinking water quality. The new rule strengthens public health protection from disinfection byproducts by requiring drinking water systems to meet maximum contaminant levels at each compliance monitoring location (as a locational annual average) instead of as a system-wide average as in previous rules. The annual average is shown below as the highest quarterly running annual average for a given fiscal year.



(Continued)

The Commission continues its corrosion control program (using fine pH adjustment and addition of orthophosphate) to minimize potential lead and copper corrosion in customer plumbing. The state has confirmed that WSSC's treatment is optimized for corrosion control against lead and copper. As a result, the state has allowed WSSC to be on a reduced monitoring schedule (both frequency of monitoring and number of samples) for much of the past two decades, with occasional periods of increased monitoring associated with treatment changes such as the addition of orthophosphate. Results from the required annual or triennial monitoring continue to indicate the 90th percentile lead and copper levels are well below the tap water action levels. The most recent round of monitoring was performed in FY'15.

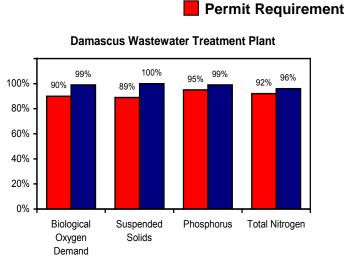


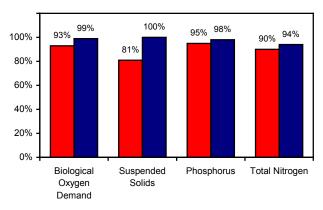
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Wastewater Treatment

The following graphs present actual FY'16 plant performance for the WSSC's wastewater treatment plants, in terms of the percentage of specific substances removed compared to state/federal discharge permit requirements. The substances regulated differ from plant to plant, depending (in part) on the river or stream into which the treated water is discharged. For FY'18, the Production Team will continue to pursue its goal of meeting or surpassing the permit requirements for each plant.

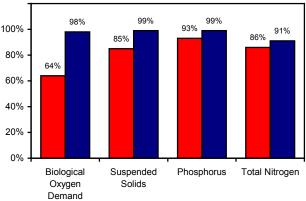
Wastewater Treatment Plant Performance - FY'16 Percentage Removal of Substances Regulated by Discharge Permits



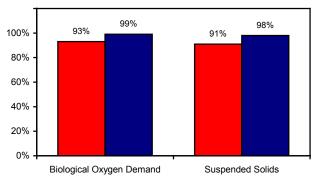


Seneca Wastewater Treatment Plant

Plant Performance



Piscataway Wastewater Treatment Plant



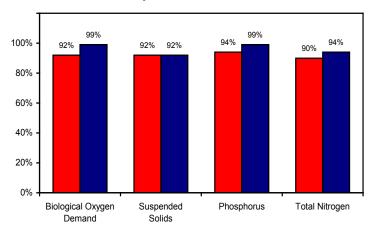
Hyattatstown Wastewater Treatment Plant

PERFORMANCE OF KEY SERVICES (Continued)

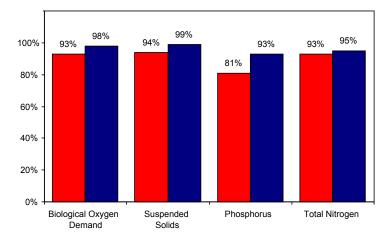
Wastewater Treatment Plant Performance – FY'16 Percentage Removal of Substances Regulated by Discharge Permits

Permit Requirement

Plant Performance



Parkway Wastewater Treatment Plant



Western Branch Wastewater Treatment Plant

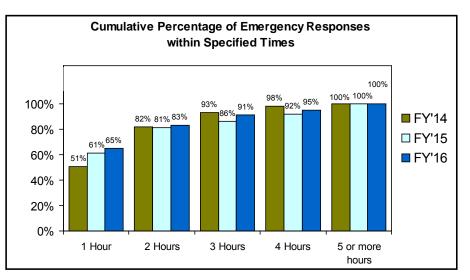
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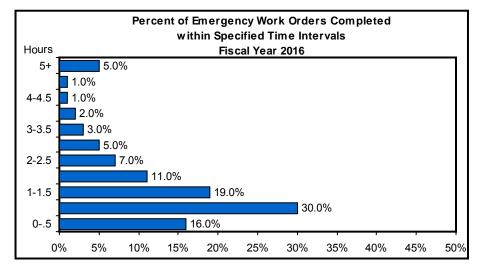
Emergency Response

During FY'16, 32,579 emergency work orders were initiated in response to customer or system emergencies. The WSSC's objective is to provide a first response to these emergencies in less than 2 hours, based on feedback from our customers on what they consider a reasonable and necessary response time.

The top graph shows that in FY'16 we responded to 65% of our emergency calls in less than 1 hour, and to 83% in less than our 2-hour goal. The average response time in FY'16 was 1.3 hours, as compared to 1.5 hours in FY'15. The percentage of calls responded to within our 2-hour goal improved slightly, primarily due to a 13% decrease in emergency work orders in FY 2016. Emphasis on proper dispatching and on crew and inspector assignments generally allows us to keep our response time under 2 hours.

The bottom graph shows the distribution of emergency work order completion times in FY'16. Most emergency work orders required less than 2.0 hours to complete.

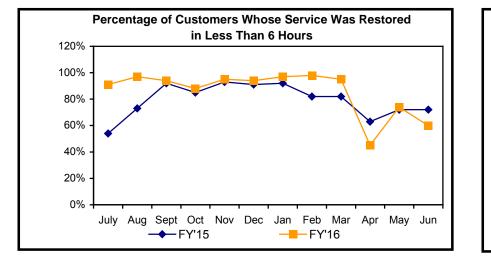


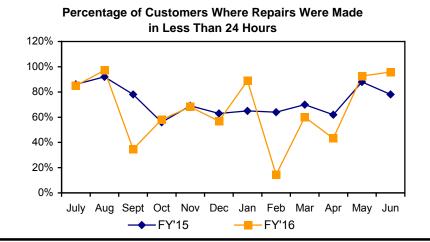


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Restoration of Water Service

The WSSC's objective is to restore normal service to our customers within 24 hours from the time the Commission are notified of an emergency, and to limit the actual time a customer is without water service to less than 6 hours. During FY'16, 21,840 customers, or approximately 5% of the WSSC's customers, experienced a temporary suspension in water service while a water main was shut down following a water main break or other emergency. The graph below on the left indicates the percentage of affected customers whose water service was restored in less than 6 hours after a water main was shut down and returned to service. For FY'16, the average time customers were without water service was 4.1 hours, with 86% having water service restored within the targeted 6-hour goal. The graph on the right indicates the percentage of affected customers where repairs were completed in less than 24 hours to restore normal or permanent water service. There was a significant dip in the percentage. The FY'16 average time from notification of a problem to restoration of normal service was 17.3 hours for the year FY'16, with 72.5% of customers having normal water service restored in less than the 24-hour goal.





(Continued)

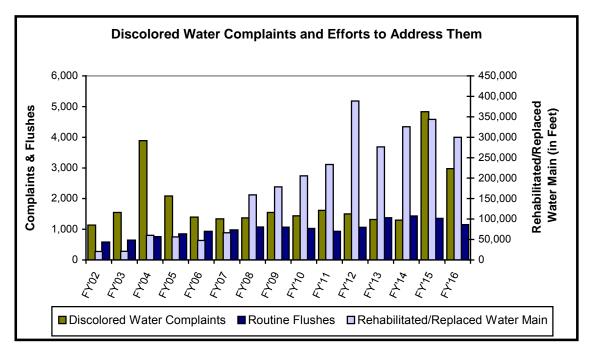
Discolored Water

Unlined cast iron pipe eventually leads to discolored water in the distribution system as the water chemically reacts with the pipe to form iron oxides (rust) and accumulates deposits of iron and manganese that can become dislodged. This is a serious inconvenience for the

affected customers, limiting and disrupting their normal water use. To combat this problem, an aggressive program was begun in FY'96 to periodically flush water mains in the affected areas to keep the water clear. At the same time, the Commission augmented its ongoing program to resolve such problems by mechanically cleaning and relining the old mains with a new cement mortar lining.

The graph to the right shows the relative success the WSSC has had in dealing with these complaints over the years.

Beginning in FY'01, the emphasis was shifted from cleaning and lining water mains to the more permanent solution of water main replacement, which is more involved and more time consuming than cleaning and lining. During FY'04, even though rehabilitation and replacement efforts more than doubled, discolored water

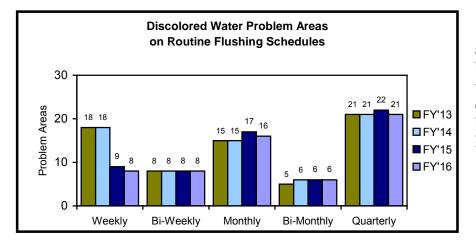


complaints increased as a result of the volume of water main breaks associated with winter weather and service changes resulting from the Patuxent Water Filtration Plant Upgrade. Again in FY'15 and FY'16, the number of discolored water complaints was substantial. An investigation of this issue revealed that there were significant increases in sodium and manganese coming from the Potomac River in February and March of those years. The sodium concentration, about 7 times higher than usual, was in the river due to the use of salt on roads and driveways in the winter months. The salt leached manganese from the soil and the increased manganese in the ground water reached the river and the intake at the Potomac Plant. The presence of high levels of manganese caused discoloration. The presence of sodium aggravated the corrosion of WSSC's aging water mains and contributed to increased discolored water complaints. The Commission is now treating water for manganese reduction, which should reduce discolored water complaints in the future.

The focus on rehabilitation and replacement efforts has been increased in recent years. In order to maintain the high level of water quality our customers expect, it is important to continue acceleration of water main replacement. This will continue to reduce the amount of flushing that is required. WSSC replaced 56.7 miles of small and large diameter water mains during FY'16.

PERFORMANCE OF KEY SERVICES

(Continued)



The graph to the left shows the number of chronic problem areas requiring regular flushing on a weekly, bi-weekly, monthly, bi-monthly, and quarterly basis since FY'13. The number of areas with chronic discolored water problems has remained relatively constant over the years, with little variation in bi-weekly, monthly, bi-monthly, and quarterly flushings. Areas with weekly flushings have been reduced in number over the past couple years.

Sewer Line Blockages

The goal of the Line Blockage Analysis (LBA) program is to prevent a customer who experiences a sewer backup due to a problem in the WSSC's main sewer line from suffering a second backup. When a customer has a sewer backup, a maintenance crew responds to clear the stoppage and assist in cleaning the basement. Response is generally within 2 hours, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. The customer is contacted the following business day to see if additional assistance is needed and is advised that an LBA investigation has been initiated. The sewer main is immediately recleaned to preclude another backup during the investigation process, and a television camera is pulled through the line within 30 days to determine structural condition. All pertinent data is then reviewed and analyzed to determine what action is necessary to prevent a recurrence of the backup. After a decision is made, the customer is notified by letter of any planned action, and the appropriate preventive maintenance or rehabilitation action is scheduled and subsequently implemented.

The overall program objective is to prevent a second backup in 95% of the cases processed. For FY'16, the Commission was successful in preventing a second backup in 100% of these cases. The Proactive Maintenance Program (PMP), along with technological advances such as the jet cam, has enabled the Commission to pursue its objective more diligently.

PERFORMANCE OF KEY SERVICES

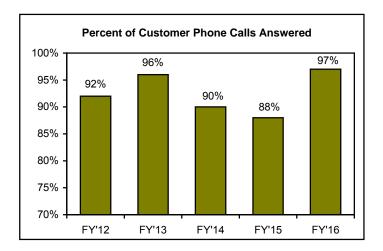
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Sewer House Connection Renewal

The sewer house connection renewal program replaces sewer house connections when structural problems have caused customer backups. Damaged or deteriorated sewer house connections are replaced as necessary to ensure that customers do not suffer repeated sewer backups into their homes. The program objective is to prevent a second backup after the WSSC has confirmed there is a problem with the service. At the beginning of FY'16, 389 house connections met the criteria for renewal, versus 307 at the beginning of FY'15. During FY'16, the Commission replaced 966 connections, versus 682 connections in FY'15.

Customer Calls for Maintenance Assistance

During FY'16, the Commission answered 97% of customer calls for maintenance assistance, as shown in the graph to the right. Our goal continues to be a 95% response rate. We continue to work through several measures in furtherance of this goal. Cross-training agents from the Non-Emergency Call Center allows for greater flexibility in staffing and an improved knowledge base. A Geographic Information System (GIS) application enables customers to report emergencies using their smart phones. The system complements the Maintenance Management Information System (MMIS) by placing needed information about leaks and other emergencies at the dispatchers' fingertips, thereby allowing representatives to provide consistent and knowledgeable responses. Detailed help in determining the proper response to customers' problems and questions is included along with other frequently required reference materials, such as phone numbers and standard operating procedures.



In addition, a Workforce Management Center of Excellence (CoE) is being implemented to forecast, plan, schedule, and handle intra-day adjustments so staffing levels required to meet service levels are achieved. The benefit of this initiative is that the Workforce Management CoE will proactively monitor staffing levels and maintain best services, routing between in-house and out-sourced staff.

ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION TEAM

Goal: Provide timely support for water and sewer extensions needed for planned development in the Sanitary District.

Group(s): Development Services Strategic Priority: Deliver Excellent Customer Service

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Complete Hydraulic Review as part of the System Extension Permit (SEP) process within 6 weeks of submission, excluding large/complex projects.	Percentage of Hydraulic Review requests processed in 6 weeks or less.	95%	96%	100%	94%	100%	95%
Complete Phase II of the SEP process within 8 weeks.	Percentage of Phase II plan review packages processed in 8 weeks or less.	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Goal: Promptly issue all plumbing and gasfitting permits required by the WSSC.

Group(s): Development Services Strategic Priority: Deliver Excellent Customer Service

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
	Percentage of permits issued within 2 days of receipt of contractors' application.	98%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Goal: Provide effective short- and long-range planning for the WSSC's water and wastewater systems to ensure public safety and sufficient future water and wastewater capacity.

Group(s): Planning Strategic Priority: Improve Infrastructure

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Reduce the number of wastewater basins experiencing recurring wet weather overflows to zero.	Number of wastewater basins experiencing recurring wet weather overflows (Total: 21 basins).	1	1	1	1	1	1
Keep water system zones having transmission/ storage deficiencies that require authorization dependencies at zero.	Number of water system zones with transmission/storage deficiencies that require authorization dependencies (Total: 19 zones).	0	0	0	0	0	0

(Continued)

Plan, design and construct major capital projects according to the CIP. Goal:

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Complete facility plans, concept designs and engineering designs as scheduled in the CIP.	Number of planning and design phase projects completed vs. planned.	7	11	5	13	5	7
Complete facility construction as scheduled in the CIP.	Number of construction phase projects completed vs. planned.	6	8	6	8	8	4

Rehabilitate and/or replace deteriorating water and wastewater infrastructure. Goal:

Infrastructure-Systems, Systems Group(s): Inspection, Technical Services Improve Infrastructure **Strategic Priority:**

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2	2015	FY 2	2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Design the number of miles for the Water Reconstruction Program as planned.	Miles of water mains designed vs. planned.	60	60	57	59	69	67
Design the number of large service meter vaults as planned.	Number of meter vaults designed vs. planned.	45	45	45	56	45	45
Design the number of miles for the Sewer Reconstruction Programs as planned.	Miles of sewer mains designed vs. planned.	29	45	10	49	20*	20
Design the number of sewer manholes as planned.	Number of sewer manholes designed vs. planned.	183	1,186	231	1,643	29	300
Replace the number of miles for the Water Reconstruction Program as planned.	Miles of water mains replaced vs. planned.	43	53	43	47	43	43
Rehabilitate the number of miles of sewer mains and lateral lines for the Sewer Reconstruction and Trunk Sewer Reconstruction Programs as planned.	Miles of sewer mains and lateral lines rehabilitated vs. planned.	56	39	56	57	55	55

* Effective FY'17 the design miles include both small and large diameter sewer mains.

Project Delivery Group(s):

Strategic Priority: Improve Infrastructure

(Continued)

Goal: Improve facility operations by updating industrial automation systems.

Group(s): Process Control Strategic Priority: Improve Infrastructure

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Upgrade planned number of Programmable Logic Controllers (PLC).	Number of PLC upgraded vs. planned.	3	3	3	3	3	2
Upgrade or install new Uninterruptable Power Supply (UPS) systems to improve electrical reliability for the PLC Systems.	Number of UPS upgraded vs. planned.	3	3	3	3	3	2

Goal: Ensure Significant Industrial Users' compliance with EPA regulatory requirements.

Group(s): Regulatory Services Strategic Priority: Deliver Excellent Customer Service

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2	2015	FY 2	2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Inspect all Significant Industrial Users annually	Number of required inspections of Significant Industrial Users performed vs. number of Significant Industrial Users.	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
and conduct necessary follow up inspections.	Number of follow up inspections of Significant Industrial Users.	25	26	25	44	25	25
Collect samples from all Significant Industrial	Number of Significant Industrial User samples collected vs. number of samples required.	300	300	300	300	300	300
Users as required in their permit.	Number of additional samples taken of Significant Industrial Users.	750	858	850	1016	850	850

(Continued)

Provide timely review of site utility plans and ensure compliance with plumbing and Goal: gasfitting regulations.

Development Services, Group(s):

Regulatory Services

Strategic Priority: Improve Infrastructure

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Complete 1 st review of site utility plans within eight weeks of submission.*	Percentage of 1 st reviews completed within eight weeks.	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	Percentage of requested plumbing/gasfitting inspections conducted.	99.96%	100.00%	99.96%	100.00%	99.96%	100.00%

*Transferred in FY'16 from Development Services to Regulatory Services

Comply with the FOG provisions of the Sanitary Sewer Overflow Consent Decree. Goal:

Regulatory Services Group(s):

Strategic Priority: Deliver Excellent Customer Service

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Conduct 100% of all mandatory Consent Decree FOG initial inspections.	Percentage of initial FOG inspections completed vs. planned.	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Manage paving contracts to meet time restrictions for work directed on Goal: a non-emergency basis.

Strategic Priority: Deliver Excellent Customer Service

Group(s): Systems Inspection

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
	Percentage of paving repairs that are completed within 30 working days.	80%	56%	80%	49%	70%	70%
	Percentage of paving repairs that are completed within 35 working days.	90%	79%	80%	72%	85%	80%

(Continued)

Manage construction contracts to minimize extra expense while still ensuring Goal:

quality construction.

Group(s): Strategic Priority:

Systems Inspection Achieve Process Excellence and **Financial Stability**

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
amount of contract increases.	Dollar value of change orders as a percentage of bid amount for Systems Inspection contracts completed.	0.0%	2.5%	0.0%	4.0%	1.0%	1.0%

Identify deteriorating infrastructure through inspection, testing and monitoring. Goal:

Technical Services Group(s): Strategic Priority: Improve Infrastructure

Objective	Objective Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Inspect the number of dams as planned.	Number of dams inspected vs. planned.	3	3	3	3	3	3
Provide corrosion design and repair	Number of corrosion test stations read vs.						
recommendations based upon corrosion test	planned.	300	485	300	442	300	300
readings.							

Eliminate/Minimize adverse environmental impacts associated with accelerated Goal: soil erosion and sediment control of major pipeline projects.

Group(s): Technical Services Strategic Priority: Deliver Excellent Customer Service

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
	Percentage of bi-weekly inspections of each major pipeline project performed as required by law.	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

(Continued)

PRODUCTION TEAM

Goal: Comply with state and federal standards for safe drinking water.

Group(s):	Potomac, Patuxent
Strategic Priority:	Deliver Excellent Customer Service

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Maintain compliance with Safe Drinking Water Act requirements to ensure safe, pure drinking water.	Number of times the maximum contaminant levels established by the EPA were exceeded: Potomac Water Filtration Plant Patuxent Water Filtration Plant	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Achieve optimized coagulation and filtration to maintain filtered water turbidity at or below 0.1 Nephelometric Turbidity Units (NTU).	Average filtered water turbidity (NTU): Potomac Water Filtration Plant Patuxent Water Filtration Plant	<0.08 <0.08	0.03 0.03	<0.08 <0.08	0.03 0.03	<0.08 <0.08	<0.08 <0.08
Keep the level of potential carcinogens (trihalomethanes) in the finished water below 80 micrograms per liter, the standard established by the EPA.	The highest quarter local value rolling annual average of trihalomethanes in the distribution system (mg/1).	<64.0	61.2	<64.0	61.2	<64.0	<64.0

Goal: Consistently return clean wastewater to the environment in a manner that meets or exceeds all state and federal standards.

Group(s): Piscataway, Western Branch, Parkway,

Seneca/Damascus/Hyattstown

Strategic Priority: Deliver Excellent Customer Service

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
requirements at the WSSC's wastewater	Number of process-related non- compliances for the WSSC's wastewater treatment plants.	4	0	4	0	2	2

(Continued)

GENERAL SERVICES OFFICE (formerly Logistics Office)

Goal: Achieve and maintain high levels of productivity in the provision of vehicle and equipment maintenance services.

Group(s):Fleet ServicesStrategic Priority:Inspire Employee Engagement

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Reduce vehicle and equipment down time to an average of 55 hours or less per shop visit.	Average down time per shop visit (hours).	55	75	60	80	75	75

Goal: Achieve and maintain high levels of efficiency and accuracy in the management of warehouse operations.

Group(s):Fleet Services, Materials ManagementStrategic Priority:Deliver Excellent Customer Service

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Manage inventory levels to maintain warehouse and vehicle parts inventory turnover at four times per year or higher	Number of times the warehouse inventory turns over annually.	2.0	2.4	2.0	4.0	2.0	4.0
	Number of times the vehicle parts inventory turns over annually.	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Maintain the accuracy of the warehouse inventory at 95% or higher and vehicle parts inventory at 97% or higher	Accuracy of warehouse inventory (from monthly cycle counts).	95.0%	99.9%	95.0%	98.7%	95.0%	98.7%
	Accuracy of vehicle parts inventory (from established cycle counts).	99.9%	98.0%	99.9%	99.9%	99.0%	99.9%

Goal: Maintain the safety and security of WSSC property, personnel, and the general public through the deterrence and prevention of crimes on WSSC property.

Group(s):Police and Security ServicesStrategic Priority:Deliver Excellent Customer Service

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Limit the occurrence of crime on WSSC	Number of crimes reported on WSSC	200	100	200	165	205	150
property to \leq 250 incidents.	property.	200	190	200	165	205	150

(Continued)

FINANCE OFFICE

Goal: Minimize borrowing costs.

Group(s): Finance Office Strategic Priority: Achieve Process Excellence and Financial Stability

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Issue water/sewer bonds at least 25 basis points below the 20 Bond Buyer Index Rate on the date of issuance. (A basis point is an interest rate unit of measurement of one hundredth of one percent.)	Difference (in basis points) between the 20 Bond Buyer Index Rate and the cost of water/sewer bonds on the date of issuance (average of 2 bond sales).	≥25 basis points	49 basis points	≥25 basis points	76 basis points	≥25 basis points	≥25 basis points
Maintain FitchRatings, Moody's, and/or Standard and Poor's bond ratings of AAA/Aaa/AAA.	Bond ratings (FitchRatings/Moody's/Standard and Poor's).	AAA/Aaa/ AAA	AAA/Aaa/ AAA	AAA/Aaa/ AAA	AAA/Aaa/ AAA	AAA/Aaa/ AAA	AAA/Aaa/ AAA

Goal: Maximize investment returns within the constraints of Maryland law and adopted investment policy.

Group(s): Retirement Strategic Priority: Achieve Process Excellence and Financial Stability

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Manage WSSC investment portfolio relative to the 91-day T-bill (U.S. Treasury bill) rate. (In a rising market, targeted earnings are 25 basis points below. In a falling rate market, target is 25 basis points above.)	Difference in basis points on 91-day T-bill rate.	Even	3 basis points above	Even	5 basis points above	Even	4 basis points above
Meet or exceed the 8% actuarial assumption for Retirement Fund investment returns on an annualized 10-year basis.	Annualized 10-year return on Retirement Fund investments as of June 30.	5.7%	6.6%	6.4%	5.1%	5.5%	5.5%

(Continued)

Accurately assess front foot benefit charges against all properties abutting Goal: recent extensions to the WSSC's water and sewer systems.

Strategic Priority: Deliver Excellent Customer Service

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
foot benefit charges.	Percentage of newly assessed property owners who successfully appeal the front foot benefit charge proposed by the WSSC.	0.01%	0.00%	0.01%	0.00%	0.01%	0.01%

Provide financial reports that are useful, timely, and accurate. Goal:

Group(s): Strategic Priority:

Accounting Achieve Process Excellence and Financial Stability

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
	Percentage of financial reports prepared on time.	100%	100%	100%	91%	100%	100%
Avoid the need for any prior period adjustments to financial reports unrelated to changes issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).		0	0	0	0	0	0

Group(s): Revenue

(Continued)

Goal: Maintain proper accounting in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Group(s): Retirement, Accounting Strategic Priority: Achieve Process Excellence and Financial Stability

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
	Number of finance-related external auditor recommendations of "significant deficiencies" received.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Receive no recommendations from the external auditor regarding "significant deficiencies" for the Retirement Plan.	Number of Retirement Plan-related external auditor recommendations of "significant deficiencies" received.	0	0	0	0	0	0

Goal: Process financial transactions quickly and accurately.

Group(s):Revenue, DisbursementsStrategic Priority:Achieve Process Excellence and
Financial Stability

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Utilize at least 95.0% of available vendor discounts.	Percentage of available vendor discounts taken.	98.5%	95.2%	95.0%	86.0%	96.0%	96.0%
Post at least 95.5% of customer remittances on the day received.	Percentage of customer remittances posted on the same day.	99.5%	99.7%	99.5%	99.8%	99.5%	99.5%
Post at least 99.9% of customer remittances correctly.	Percentage of remittances posted correctly.	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%

(Continued)

Goal: Ensure the long-term fiscal stability and soundness of the Commission.

Group(s): Budget Strategic Priority: Achieve

Achieve Process Excellence and Financial Stability

Objective	Objective Outcome Measure		FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Maintain an end-of-year fund balance	Combined end-of-year fund balance for the						
(accumulated net revenue) of at least 10	water and sewer operating funds	\$125.4/	\$139.5/	\$110.1/	\$149.9/	\$105.6/	\$117.5/
percent of water and sewer revenue as a	(\$ millions)/ Percent of water and sewer	21.4%	24.8%	18.9%	27.6%	16.7%	17.4%
reserve.	revenue.						

Goal: Produce a sound, affordable capital spending program.

Group(s): Budget Strategic Priority: Achieve Process Excellence and Financial Stability

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective			Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
	Ratio of water and sewer debt service to total water and sewer operating expenditures.	33.5%	35.5%	34.0%	34.3%	34.0%	35.5%

(Continued)

Goal: Accurately budget Commission revenues and expenditures.

Group(s):BudgetStrategic Priority:Achieve Process Excellence and

Financial Stability

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2	2015	FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Accurately budget annual water production.	Difference (in millions of gallons per day) between actual and budgeted water production.	0.0	5.1	0.0	-1.8	0.0	0.0
	Percentage difference between actual and budgeted water production.	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Accurately budget revenues from water and sewer use charges.	Difference between actual and budgeted revenues from water and sewer use charges (\$ millions).	\$0.0	-\$23.9	\$0.0	-\$40.3	\$0.0	\$0.0
	Percentage difference between actual and budgeted water and sewer use charges.	0.0%	-4.1%	0.0%	-6.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Accurately budget non-debt service water and	Difference (\$ millions) between actual and budgeted water and sewer operating expenditures (excluding debt service).	\$0.0	-\$46.0	\$0.0	-\$42.3	\$0.0	\$0.0
sewer operating expenditures.	Percentage difference between actual and budgeted water and sewer operating expenditures (excluding debt service).	0.0%	-10.2%	0.0%	-9.4%	0.0%	0.0%

Goal: Exhibit excellence in budgeting as judged by our peers.

Group(s): Budget Strategic Priority: Achieve Process Excellence and Financial Stability

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
o o	Receipt of GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

(Continued)

UTILITY SERVICES TEAM

Goal: Accurately bill and collect for all metered water use.

Group(s):Utility Enhancement SupportStrategic Priority:Achieve Process Excellence and
Financial Sustainability

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Accurately record and report all meter readings.	Percentage of meter readings reported and recorded accurately.	99.9%	81.0%	99.9%	99.9%	85.0%	99.9%

Goal: Accurately account for water produced in the distribution system.

Group(s):	Utility Services North, West,
	Central, South
Strategic Priority:	Achieve Process Excellence and
	Financial Sustainability

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Reduce service interruptions due to water main breaks.	Number of breaks per 100 miles of water main.	33.0	49.7	33.0	26.2	50.0	35.0
Perform annual testing of all large water meters whose daily average registration exceeds 20,000 gallons.	Percentage of all large water meters tested annually.	100%	100%	100%	77%	100%	80%

Goal: Provide a quick response time to customer problems or system emergencies.

Group(s):	Utility Services North, West,
	Central, South
Strategic Priority:	Deliver Excellent
	Customer Service

FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017 FY 2018 Objective **Outcome Measure** Targeted Targeted Targeted Targeted Actual Actual Percentage of emergencies responded to 95.0% 81.0% 85.0% 83.0% 85.0% 95.0% within 2 hours of receipt of customer calls. Respond within 2 hours to customers' emergency telephone calls. Average response time to emergency calls 1.2 1.5 1.2 1.3 1.2 1.2 (in hours).

(Continued)

Goal: Minimize inconvenience caused by disruptions in service.

Group(s):Utility Services North, West,
Central, SouthStrategic Priority:Achieve Process Excellence &

Financial Stability

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2	2015	FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
	Percentage of customers whose water service was restored within 24 hours.	80.0%	80.0%	80.0%	72.5%	75.0%	75.0%
Restore normal water service within 24 hours.	Average time from notification of system problem to restoration of water service (in hours).	14.0	18.6	16.0	17.3	16.0	16.0
Limit time without water due to a service interruption to less than 6 hours.	Percentage of customers without water service for less than 6 hours.	95.0%	86.1%	90.0%	86.0%	90.0%	90.0%
	Average time without water (in hours).	3.4	4.1	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.0
Reduce the number of discolored water complaints.	Number of discolored water complaints.	1,350	4,252	1,300	2,978	2,500	2,500
	Areas with chronic discolored water problems which are on a routine flushing schedule.	52	58	50	59	60	60
Prevent a second sewer backup from occurring for at least 95% of customers experiencing an initial main line blockage.	Percentage of customers not experiencing a second backup after notifying the WSSC of a main line sewer blockage.	95.0%	99.2%	90.0%	100.0%	95.0%	95.0%

Goal: Increase the production of in-house water main replacements by Utility Enhancement Support staff.

Group(s):Utility Enhancement SupportStrategic Priority:Improve Infrastructure

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Replace the number of miles of water main by in-house staff as planned.	Miles of water main replaced by in-house crews vs. planned.	12.0	11.5	12.0	9.8	12.0	12.0

(Continued)

Goal: Inspect sewer infrastructure to ensure a reliable sewer collection system.

Group(s): Utility Management Strategic Priority: Improve Infrastructure

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Inspect, via closed circuit television, the number of miles of sewer main planned.	Miles of sewer main inspected via closed circuit television vs. planned.	320	246	300	242	300	300
	Miles of sewer main inspected via smoke test vs. planned.	5.0	3.0	5.0	0.7	5.0	5.0

Goal: Identify deteriorating infrastructure through inspection, testing and monitoring.

Group(s):Utility ManagementStrategic Priority:Improve Infrastructure

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
	Miles of PCCP inspection performed vs. planned.	18.0*	19.8	20.0	17.6	18.0	18.0
	Miles of acoustical fiber optic line installed vs. planned.	10.0*	4.9	6.0	2.9	6.0	6.0

* Transferred to Utility Management Group from Technical Services Group (Engineering & Construction Team).

(Continued)

CUSTOMER RELATIONS TEAM

Promptly and courteously answer all telephone calls. Goal:

Group(s): Customer Relations

Strategic Priority: Deliver Excellent Customer Service

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Attain a 95% success rate for answering non- emergency calls.	Percentage of non-emergency calls answered.	90.0%	88.0%	90.0%	92.0%	90.0%	95.0%
Maintain a 95% success rate for answering all emergency calls.	Percentage of emergency calls answered.	95.0%	88.0%	96.0%	97.0%	90.0%	95.0%

Accurately bill and collect for all metered water use. Goal:

Strategic Priorit

Group(s): Customer Relations

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Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Generate water and sewer bills based on actual consumption rather than estimated consumption.	Percentage of customer bills based on actual consumption (e.g., actual meter readings).	96.0%	96.2%	96.0%	91.0%	96.0%	95.0%
Collect all billed water and sewer use charges on a timely basis.	Percentage of billed water and sewer accounts considered delinquent.	10.0%	11.0%	10.0%	6.0%	11.0%	5.0%

Provide a quick response time to customer problems or system emergencies. Goal:

Customer Relations Group(s): Strategic Priority: **Deliver Excellent Customer Service**

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Respond within 14 (calendar) days to all written correspondence received.	Percentage of customer correspondence responded to within 14 (calendar) days.	90.0%	98.0%	80.0%	95.0%	95.0%	95.0%
Achieve 100% closure of open claims.	Percentage of claims closed.	100.0%	73.0%	80.0%	51.0%	80.0%	80.0%

(Continued)

Maintain a high level of customer satisfaction by providing exceptional Goal: maintenance support.

Group(s): Customer Relations Strategic Priority: Deliver Excellent Customer Service

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
	Percentage of claimants who have received a settlement from the WSSC that rate themselves "satisfied" or "delighted".	95.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

(Continued)

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY TEAM

Goal: Evaluate, develop, and deliver quality, cost-effective application systems that support the core business operations of the Commission.

Group(s):IT Team Office, IT ImplementationsStrategic Priority:Deliver Excellent Customer Service

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2	2015	FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Deliver Enterprise Technology Initiatives to support the Commission's business needs, on- time and within budget, 90% of the time.	Percentage of Enterprise Technology Initiatives implemented on-time.	90%	86%	90%	87%	90%	90%
(Enterprise Technology Initiatives are defined as multi-year, enterprise system implementation initiatives covered under the IT Strategic Plan).	Percentage of Enterprise Technology Initiatives implemented within budget.	90%	100%	90%	97%	90%	90%
Deliver IT projects to support the Commission's business needs, on-time and within budget, 90% of the time.	Percentage of IT projects implemented on- time.	90%	90%	75%	95%	75%	75%
(IT projects are defined as short-term business or IT infrastructure projects).	Percentage of IT projects implemented within budget.	90%	100%	75%	97%	75%	75%

Goal: Provide a "One Stop Shop" for efficient IT problem resolution and service delivery.

Group(s): IT Operations

Strategic Priority: Deliver Excellent Customer Service

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Maintain a high level of customer satisfaction by resolving 90% of calls to the Helpdesk during the initial call.	Percentage of total calls to the Helpdesk achieving First Contact Resolution.	90%	96%	92%	98%	92%	92%
Respond to service tickets (for incidents and service requests) within the defined Service Level Agreement (SLA).	Percentage of incidents resolved within 3 business days.	90%	95%	92%	98%	92%	92%
	Percentage of service requests delivered within 5 days.	90%	94%	92%	97%	92%	92%

(Continued)

Goal: Provide reliable computing services to all users in order to deliver information and data in the timeframes required to support decisions.

Group(s):Network Infrastructure and Data
Center OperationsStrategic Priority:Deliver Excellent Customer Service

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Ensure the uptime and availability of critical business systems, 97% of the time.	Percentage of time that the critical systems are available.	100%	99%	100%	99%	97%	100%
Ensure the uptime and availability of the network, 97% of the time.	Percentage of time that the network is available across all Commission sites.	100%	99%	100%	99%	97%	100%

(Continued)

STAFF OFFICES

Goal: Provide cost-effective internal audit services.

Group(s): Internal Audit Strategic Priority: Achieve Process Excellence and Financial Stability

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
In fiscal years where Blue Plains audit reports are issued, achieve an internal audit payback ratio in excess of 1:1 (e.g. the Commission should receive more dollars from internal audits than it spends on internal audits).	Ratio of financial savings from internal audits to Internal Audit costs, excluding the costs associated with external audit services and the WSSC Commissioners.	1:1	1:1	1:1	1:1	1:1	1:1
audits.	<u>SDC</u> : Total audit-based adjustment in Developer-requested reimbursements for CIP construction.	\$500,000	\$254,311	\$500,000	\$29,522	\$500,000	\$500,000
	<u>Blue Plains</u> : Total audit-based adjustment in Blue Plains O&M and Capital Indirect Billing.	\$1,000,000	\$1,318,207	\$1,000,000	N/A*	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000

* Not Available

Goal: Ensure active participation in, and full voice for, the WSSC's legislative priorities.

Group(s): Intergovernmental Relations Office **Strategic Priority:** Enhance Stakeholder Relationships

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Officer and other WSSC officials in providing	Percentage of required bill hearings, worksessions, and delegation/committee meetings attended.	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

(Continued)

Goal: Disseminate accurate and timely information regarding legislation impacting the WSSC to employees and stakeholders.

Group(s):Intergovernmental Relations OfficeStrategic Priority:Enhance Stakeholder Relationships

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
informed of County, State, and Federal	Percentage of monthly federal updates required to be sent to all management vs. actual updates sent.	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Goal: As the Commission's liaison, build and maintain strong partnerships with elected officials and their staff.

Group(s):Intergovernmental Relations OfficeStrategic Priority:Enhance Stakeholder Relationships

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2	2015	FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Develop and maintain relationships with elected officials and staff members to advance WSSC's interests.		100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Respond to elected officials' requests, including those originating from their constituents and staff.	Percentage of responses to inquiries provided within three business days.	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	Percentage of educational site visits and briefings conducted vs. scheduled.	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

(Continued)

Goal: Support the achievement of the Commission's goals.

Group(s): WSSC Stat Office Strategic Priority: Deliver Excellent Customer Service

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
	Percentage of annual enterprise initiatives that utilized Stat Office consulting services for achievement of outcomes.	25%	45%	25%	45%	25%	25%

Goal: Align organizational goals with the Commission's vision, mission, and strategic priorities.

Group(s):WSSC Stat OfficeStrategic Priority:Deliver Excellent Customer Service

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Facilitate alignment of annual workplan initiatives with the Commission's Strategic Priorities.	Percentage of Initiatives linked to Strategic Priorities.	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

(Continued)

Goal: Disseminate accurate and timely information to WSSC customers and stakeholders.

Group(s): Communications & Community Relations Office

Strategic Priority: Enhance Stakeholder Relationships

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2	2015	FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome Measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
	Satisfy EPA requirements by producing the Annual Water Quality Report by close of fiscal year.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Number of Quarterly Pipeline bill inserts produced and distributed vs. planned.	4	4	4	4	4	4
Provide customers with up-to-date information on the WSSC and its activities/events.	Build social media following on Twitter and Facebook to expand our reach to customers. (# Followers/Social Media Program)	1,300 Facebook/ 2,000 Twitter	1,441 Facebook/ 2,376 Twitter	2,000 Facebook/ 3,000 Twitter	1,800 Facebook/ 3,000 Twitter	3,000 Facebook/ 5,000 Twitter	3,500 Facebook/ 5,500 Twitter
	Post all news releases on WSSC website home page.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Goal: Achieve fair and accurate media coverage for the WSSC.

Group(s): Communications & Community Relations Office

Strategic Priority: Enhance Stakeholder Relationships

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Respond to local media inquiries within one hour of request for information.	Percentage of responses to inquiries provided within one hour.	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%	98%
Remain continuously accessible (24/7) to local media.	Number of days per year accessible to local media.	365	365	365	365	365	365

(Continued)

Goal: Disseminate accurate and timely information to WSSC customers and stakeholders.

Group(s): Communications & Community Relations Office

Strategic Priority: Enhance Stakeholder Relationships

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2	2015	FY 2	2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
	Number of educational events prepared and presented to local schools.	35	62	35	78	75	100
Educate constituencies on the three components of the WSSC's services: water,	Plan and execute presentations for community-level service groups and associations (e.g. Fats, Oils, and Grease (FOG) Program, Infrastructure, WSSC educational-related issues, media appearances).	15	133	15	25	150	150
wastewater, and source water protection.	Partner with outside agencies to plan/execute events (e.g. stream/road cleanups, water festival, and campfire).	9	15	9	12	20	20
	Number of community outreach events conducted (e.g. H2O Summit, Children's Water Festival, tree plantings, and invasive weed removals).	25	26	25	30	30	35

(Continued)

Goal: Disseminate accurate and timely information to WSSC employees.

Group(s): Communications & Community Relations Office

Strategic Priority: Inspire Employee Engagement

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Inform employees about WSSC news.	Publish Fish Tales and distribute to Depots monthly (in addition to providing on-line). <u>Note:</u> As of FY'18 Fish Tales and #H20 People will be combined for quarterly publications.	12	9	12	4	12	4
Communicate new initiatives/programs to employees.	Execute campaigns to communicate new or special initiatives, programs, etc. to employees.	5	5	5	5	5	5

Goal: Provide support for WSSC programs/projects as required.

Group(s):Communications & Community
Relations OfficeStrategic Priority:Enhance Stakeholder Relationships

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Increase public awareness of Consent Decree related issues, such as the Fats, Oils, and Grease (FOG) Program.	Fulfill Consent Decree requirement to issue news releases for all SSOs over 10,000 gallons within 24 hours.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Promote "Can The Grease" to media at least 3 times per year.	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Provide FOG-related educational materials and promotional items to distribute to customers.	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000

(Continued)

Goal: Increase Small, Local and Minority Business Enterprise (SLMBE) participation in WSSC programs.

Group(s):Small, Local and Minority Business
Enterprise OfficeStrategic Priority:Enhance Stakeholder Relationships

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2	2015	FY 2	2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Increase the number of registered and certified Minority Business Enterprises (MBEs) by 5%.	Total number of registered and certified MBEs/Annual percentage increase/decrease in newly registered MBEs.	574/ 10.0%	723/ 26.0%	759/ 5.0%	667/ -7.7%	700/ 5.0%	735/ 5.0%
Increase the number of approved Small Local Business Enterprises (SLBEs) by 5%.	Total number of approved SLBEs/Annual percentage increase/decrease in newly approved SLBEs.	359/ 5.0%	275/ -20.1%	289/ 5.0%	268/ -2.5%	281/ 5.0%	295/ 5.0%
Increase the number of contracts awarded to certified MBEs by 5%.	Total number of contracts awarded to certified MBEs/Annual percentage increase/decrease in contracts awarded to MBEs.	314/ 5.0%	400/ 29.9%	420/ 5.0%	274/ -31.5%	288/ 5.0%	302/ 5.0%
Increase the number of contracts awarded to approved Small Local Business Enterprises (SLBEs) by 5%.	Total number of contracts awarded to SLBEs/Annual percentage increase/decrease in contracts awarded to SLBEs.	68/ 10.0%	22/ -8.3%	23/ 5.0%	19/ -13.6%	20/ 5.0%	21/ 5.0%

(Continued)

Goal: Provide timely procurement services.

Group(s):Procurement OfficeStrategic Priority:Achieve Process Excellence and
Financial Stability

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2	2015	FY 2	2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Establish and maintain a standard for the timely processing of purchase requests in the following categories:	Average number of days to process purchase requests in the identified categories from receipt of the request, with all required supporting documentation and approvals, through the time the Notice to Proceed is signed or the Purchase Order is approved:	(Number of Days)					
Miscellaneous (Small Purchases, Emergencies, etc.)	30 days	45	36	30	40	45	30
Sole Source	60 days	60	62	45	90	60	45
Requests for Qualifications (RFQ) and Requests for Information (RFI)	60 days	60	55	45	150	60	60
Invitations for Bids (IFB)	120 days	140	197	120	150	120	90
Requests for Proposals (RFP)	180 days	180	189	150	271	150	120

(Continued)

Goal: Continuous improvement of Human Resources operations.

Group(s): Human Resources Office Strategic Priority: Inspire Employee Engagement

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective		Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
	Percentage of policies and procedures identified as priority and critical for revision having been prioritized, revised, and communicated to all employees.	100%	50%	100%	60%	100%	100%

Goal: Ensure the WSSC is fully compliant with all regulatory requirements.

Group(s):Human Resources OfficeStrategic Priority:Inspire Employee Engagement

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome Measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
	Percentage of employees trained in the required employment areas.	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Goal: Ensure that the WSSC is a safe place to work.

Group(s): Occupational Safety and Health Strategic Priority: Inspire Employee Engagement

Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
Objective	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
Limit the occurrence of on-the-job injuries to	Number of injuries reported by WSSC:						
WSSC employees to \leq 130 and lost-time injuries to \leq 65.	On-the-job injuries	125	116	125	109	125	125
	Lost-time injuries	30	48	30	43	40	50
Reduce the number of on-the-job vehicular accidents involving WSSC employees to \leq 150.	Number of vehicular accidents involving WSSC employees.	150	187	150	160	150	150

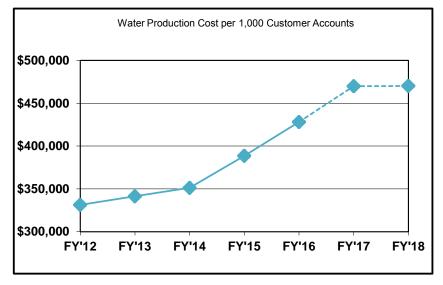
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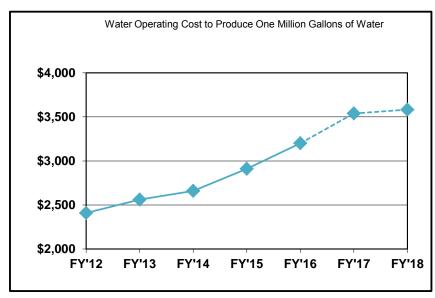
Goal: Provide regular, effective training to WSSC employees concerning Commission safety policies and practices.

Group(s):Occupational Safety and HealthStrategic Priority:Inspire Employee Engagement

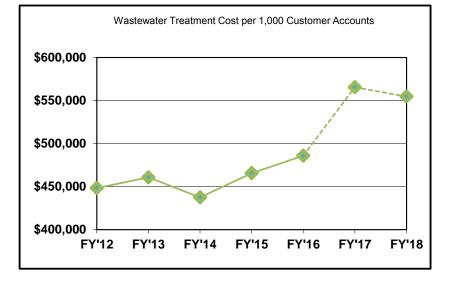
Objective	Outcome Measure	FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017	FY 2018
	Outcome measure	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Actual	Targeted	Targeted
	Average overall ratings by trainees for safety training classes.	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8

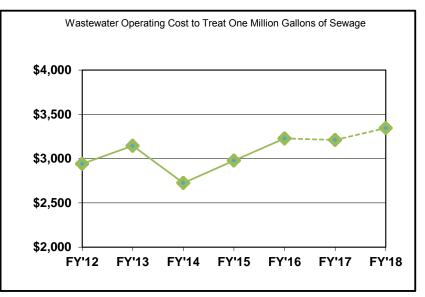
WSSC OPERATING EFFICIENCY MEASURES



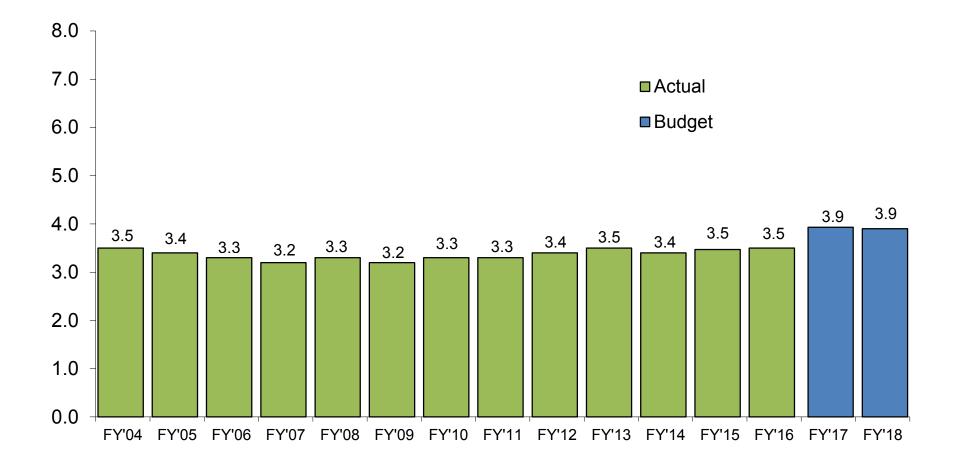


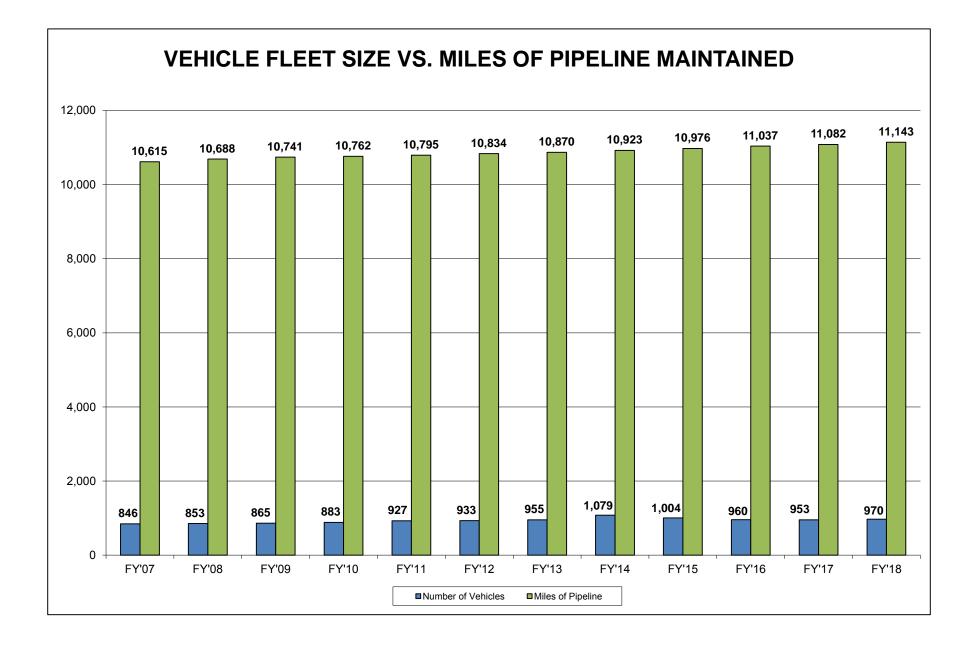
Note: FY'17 & FY'18 are budgeted, not actual.





WORKYEARS PER 1,000 CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS





Note: FY'17 and FY'18 are budgeted, not actual.

WSSC COMPARATIVE STATISTICAL DATA

The following actual and budgeted data show the number of customer accounts increasing 2.8% and the population increasing 2.0% from FY'14 to FY'18, with the number of employee workyears increasing 16.1%. A portion of the increase in workyears is due to the transfer of work from contractors to employees in situations where employee costs would be equal to or less than those of a contractor. The overall size of the system, measured in miles of water and sewer pipe, will have expanded 2.0% from FY'14 through FY'18.

During the years 1997 through 2001, the WSSC significantly cut resources through a Competitive Action Plan. In 1997, actual workyears were 2,015, the number of accounts was 382,404, and the total number of miles maintained was 9,784. From this perspective, the number of accounts and size of the system will have increased 19.3% and 13.9%, respectively, from FY'97 to FY'18, while workyears will have decreased 11.9% for the same period. Workyears are used to fill gaps in staffing, and provide the WSSC with the means to improve customer service, meet increased regulatory requirements, and expand programs to address aging infrastructure issues.

						FY'14-FY'18	FY'97-FY'18
	FY'14	FY'15	FY'16	FY'17	FY'18	PERCENT	PERCENT
	ACTUAL	<u>ACTUAL</u>	<u>ACTUAL</u>	APPROVED	PROPOSED	CHANGE	CHANGE
Workyears	1,530	1,546	1,587	1,776	1,776	16.1%	-11.9%
Population	1,757,000	1,765,000	1,774,000	1,783,000	1,792,000	2.0%	22.2%
Customer Accounts	443,827	445,385	448,061	450,785	456,061	2.8%	19.3%
Size of System	_						
Miles to be Maintained	-						
Water	5,521	5,552	5,586	5,606	5,640	2.2%	13.7%
Sewer	<u>5,402</u>	<u>5,424</u>	<u>5,451</u>	<u>5,476</u>	<u>5,503</u>	<u>1.9%</u>	<u>14.1%</u>
TOTAL	10,923	10,976	11,037	11,082	11,143	2.0%	13.9%
Water Production (average MGD)	160.6	162.9	164.2	164.0	164.0	2.1%	2.8%
Sewage Flows (average MGD)	195.6	190.8	184.8	217.5	207.2	5.9%	7.9%

ORGANIZATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

SECTION 3

	<u>FY'17</u>	Approved	FY'18	Proposed -	Increase	(Decrease)
	Amount	Workyears	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Workyears</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Workyears
Commissioners Office/Corporate Secretary's						
Office, General Manager & Staff Offices	\$25,633,200	142.0	\$25,752,587	155.0	\$119,387	13.0

This group of organizations is comprised of the following offices: Commissioners/Corporate Secretary; General Manager; Internal Audit; Intergovernmental Relations; WSSC Stat; General Counsel; Communications and Community Relations; Small, Local and Minority Business Enterprise; Equal Employment Opportunities; Procurement; Human Resources; and the Occupational Safety and Health Group.

- The responsibilities of the *Commissioners Office/Corporate Secretary's Office* are twofold: the Commissioners function as the Board of Directors and set general policy for the operation of the Commission, while providing leadership and guidance; and the Corporate Secretary is responsible for managing the corporate functions of the Commission.
- The *General Manager's Office* provides strategic direction and daily managerial oversight to ensure that the WSSC meets its mission of providing safe and reliable water to WSSC customers, and returning clean water to the environment, all in an ethically and financially responsible manner; serves as the Commission's primary representative in relations with the County and State governments and other outside parties. In addition, the General Manager's Office identifies the investment needed to sustain the infrastructure (facilities, water transmission and distribution lines, and wastewater collection assets) through the Asset Management Program (AMP).
- *Internal Audit* is responsible for evaluating the adequacy and effectiveness of the WSSC's system of internal controls. The Ethics Officer administers the Code of Ethics and provides support to the Ethics Board.
- The *Intergovernmental Relations Office* analyzes the impact of state and federal legislation on the Commission, and communicates with the legislative bodies.
- The *WSSC Stat Office* is a newly created office that will use both real-time and other data to assist various organizations within the Commission to track their performance; and ensure that they provide a more effective and efficient response to our customers.
- The *General Counsel's Office* provides legal services to support the operational goals and objectives of the Commission, and is responsible for the disposition of surplus Commission real estate properties.

ORGANIZATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS (Continued)

- The *Communications and Community Relations Office* is responsible for proactively communicating internally and externally and building relationships and strategic alliances throughout communities and industries. The Office is also responsible for providing the news media with timely and accurate information and managing crisis communications; overseeing the content on the WSSC website; and providing graphic and photographic services.
- The *Small, Local and Minority Business Enterprise Office* is responsible for planning, managing, coordinating, and monitoring the Commission's Minority Business Enterprise (MBE) and Small, Local Business Enterprise (SLBE) Programs, in accordance with state law. The Office develops policies designed to provide an inclusive purchasing environment while building sustainable relationships, expanding opportunities, and cultivating growth of Small, Local, and Minority Business Enterprises.
- The *Equal Employment Opportunities Office* (formerly Fair Practice Office) is responsible for planning, directing, and coordinating activities related to Equal Employment Opportunity practices.
- The *Procurement Office* is responsible for the procurement of materials, supplies, and services, including professional services, necessary to support Commission operations and functions, and oversees the bid and award process for all construction contracts.
- The *Human Resources Office* is responsible for planning, administering, and evaluating the Commission's personnel and related programs. The Office develops and maintains the employee benefit structures and the classification and compensation programs, conducts training courses, and manages the employee recruitment functions. The Office also provides counseling services on a variety of employee issues, and adheres to all applicable federal and state laws.
- The *Occupational Safety and Health Group* (*formerly part of General Services Office*) is responsible for providing a safe and healthy work environment for Commission employees. The Group provides administration of the safety and health programs to ensure compliance with all Federal, State and Local regulations.

The FY'18 Proposed Budget for these organizations is approximately the same as the Approved Budget for FY'17. The budget reflects the incorporation of the Occupational Safety and Health Group. This was partially offset by a reduction in the Asset Management Program in the General Manager's Office.

Thirteen workyears have been added to the Staff Offices, which include nine workyears to support Occupational Safety and Health Group; two workyears to support the General Manager's Office; and two workyears to support requirements for regulating industrial discharge from dental facilities.

(Continued)

	FY'17	Approved	FY'18 P	roposed	Increase (Decrease)		
	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Workyears</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Workyears	<u>Amount</u>	Workyears	
Engineering & Construction Team	\$629,481,800	378.0	\$629,079,590	376.0	(\$402,210)	(2.0)	

The Engineering and Construction Team is led by the Chief Engineer and is comprised of the Development Services, Planning, Project Delivery, Infrastructure-Systems, Process Control, Regulatory Services, Systems Inspection, and Technical Services Groups.

- The *Development Services Group* is responsible for the integrity of the WSSC's water and sewer system through oversight of Developer planning, design, and construction of water and sewer extensions. The Group is also responsible for the issuance and review of all plumbing, gasfitting, and house connection applications, collection of related fees and charges; and the review and processing of all on-site plans, service connection submittals, and applicant-built construction packages.
- The *Planning Group* is responsible for overseeing future system capacity demands. The Group participates in regional water and wastewater management and planning; oversees Blue Plains capital billing to WSSC; supports negotiations of Blue Plains agreements; and represents the WSSC on Blue Plains Committees.
- The *Project Delivery Group* is responsible for administering and managing the planning, design, construction, and inspection of major facility projects. The Group also oversees special projects, planning studies, and miscellaneous contracts.
- The *Infrastructure-Systems Group* is responsible for managing pipeline design in the water and sewer main reconstruction programs; and reviewing water and sewer relocations to assure compliance with WSSC guidelines and best practices.
- The *Process Control Group* is responsible for designing process control systems for new facilities; improving automation for existing facilities; and maintaining and repairing all instrumentation systems for all water and wastewater plants, pumping stations, water storage facilities, metering vaults, and depots.
- The *Regulatory Services Group* is responsible for the federally mandated pretreatment program, the Fats, Oils, and Grease (FOG) Program, and enforcement of the Plumbing and Fuel Gas Regulations. The Group regulates discharges into the sewer system, samples discharges from industrial users, inspects food service facilities, conducts investigations, responds to spills of hazardous materials entering the sewer system, and monitors/inspects cross-connections to protect the potable water supply from backflow contamination.
- The *Systems Inspection Group* is responsible for the management and inspection of water supply and wastewater pipeline construction contracts, as well as the associated contracts for house connections, paving, and landscaping.

ORGANIZATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS (Continued)

• The *Technical Services Group* provides a full range of in-house civil, mechanical and electrical engineering support. This includes technical services for capital planning, design, and construction; maintenance of engineering records and Geographic Information Systems; environmental engineering and science support; infrastructure management; and land services (rights-of-ways, land acquisition & recordation, and land surveys). The Group also supports an Innovation Center that collects, assesses and implements research results to advance technology, new materials, and procedures.

The FY'18 Proposed Budget is approximately the same as the FY'17 Approved Budget. Increased funding for CIP related land acquisitions and consent decree related projects were more than offset by reductions in capital requirements for Blue Plains projects.

During FY'18, the Team plans to review 230 water and sewer pipeline plan submittals; assign 2,900 plumbing permits to mini basins; manage 19 capital facility construction phase projects; design 55 miles and rehabilitate 43 miles of small diameter water mains; design and rehabilitate 20 miles of main line residential sewer lines; perform 70,000 plumbing/gasfitting inspections; perform 5,500 Fats, Oils & Grease inspections; review and transmit 250 rights-of-way packages; and review 2,500 environmental assessment plans.

Two workyears were transferred to the General Manager's Office, which will support requirements for regulating industrial discharge from dental facilities.

(Continued)

	FY'17 A	Approved	<u>FY'18 I</u>	Proposed	Increase	(Decrease)
	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Workyears</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Workyears	<u>Amount</u>	Workyears
Production Team	\$167,500,100	303.0	\$171,942,315	331.0	\$4,442,215	28.0

The Production Team is led by the Chief of Plant Operations and is comprised of the Potomac, Patuxent, Piscataway, Parkway, Western Branch, and Seneca/Damascus/Hyattstown plants, and the Laboratory Services, Systems Control, Facilities Maintenance, Energy Management, and Operations Support Groups. During FY'17 the Property Management Group was transferred from the General Services Team into the Facilities Maintenance Group. In addition, a portion of the Team Office was reorganized into a new Operations Support Group.

- The *Potomac, Patuxent, Piscataway, Parkway, Western Branch, and Seneca/Damascus/Hyattstown Groups* are responsible for the operation and maintenance of their respective facilities, providing high-quality, cost-effective maintenance and continual operation of the Commission's water supply dams, water filtration plants, water distribution facilities, wastewater collection facilities, and wastewater treatment plants.
- The *Laboratory Services Group* is responsible for providing laboratory analysis, regulatory compliance, and consulting support to the plants, other WSSC groups, and local jurisdictions.
- The *Systems Control Group* is responsible for the 24-hour Control Center which operates the water distribution system and monitors the wastewater pumping stations. This group also operates and maintains the dams, water pumping stations, finished water storage facilities, and the water distribution system control valves.
- The *Facilities Maintenance Group* (*formerly Industrial Assets*) is responsible for providing specialized in-house electrical, mechanical, instrumentation, welding, carpentry, machining, engineering and support for all of WSSC's Production Team facilities, and for buildings and grounds maintenance for all of WSSC's other facilities and depots.
- The Team's *Energy Management Office (formerly Utility Cost Control)* is responsible for optimizing the usage, reliability, and cost of electricity, natural gas, fuel oil, propane, and diesel fuel in conjunction with maintaining or improving the quality of operation and maintenance of all water/wastewater treatment plants, pumping stations, storage sites and field offices.
- The *Operations Support Group* (*formerly part of the Production Team Office*) provides support to all Groups in the Production Team. Support includes energy management, training, asset management, biosolids management, emergency planning, and administration of the flexible worker program. This group also provides Commission support for regional programs.

ORGANIZATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS (Continued)

During FY'18, the Team plans to filter and treat 59.9 billion gallons of water; treat a total of 26.5 billion gallons of wastewater, and dispose of 111,300 wet tons of biosolids (this does not include the wastewater treated and biosolids managed at Blue Plains); conduct 500,000 laboratory analyses; rehabilitate 6 water storage tanks as well as inspect the condition and prepare specifications for 7 other tanks.

The FY'18 Proposed Budget reflects an increase of approximately 3.0% over the Approved FY'17 Budget. This increase is primarily attributable to the Property Management Group (formerly in the General Services Team) being incorporated into the Facilities Maintenance Group. In addition there was an increase in funding for water tank rehabilitation projects. These increases are partially offset by reductions in energy and sewage disposal hauling costs.

The increase of 28 workyears is attributed to Group reorganizations within the Commission.

(Continued)

	FY'17 A	pproved	<u>FY'18 P</u>	roposed	Increase (Decrease)		
	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Workyears</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Workyears</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Workyears</u>	
General Services Office	\$30,958,200	171.0	\$22,922,667	132.0	(\$8,035,533)	(39.0)	

This Office is led by the General Services Director and is comprised of the Fleet Services, Materials Management, and Police and Security Services Groups. The Office responsibilities include providing reprographics, mail services and distribution, office supplies, food and vending services, and asset management of furniture and copy machines.

- The *Fleet Services Group* is responsible for providing maintenance and repair services to vehicle and equipment fleets at 6 garage facilities. The Group provides preventive maintenance, repair, road service, fuel supply and management, tag and title processing, vehicle and equipment replacement planning and acquisition, emissions inspection, and fleet utilization management.
- The *Materials Management Group* is responsible for acquiring and distributing materials and supplies throughout the Commission; and ensuring the materials are manufactured to the Commissions standards.
- The *Police and Security Services Group* is responsible for safeguarding Commission real property; providing for the safety of WSSC personnel, customers, and visitors to our facilities; investigating theft of service cases; investigating illegal discharges into the wastewater collection system; and investigating complaints of criminal activity which occur on Commission property.

During FY'18, the Office plans to maintain and fuel 970 vehicles and 770 pieces of equipment, post 2.6 million and receive 1.8 million pieces of mail, manage 75 supply contracts, tag 1,500 moveable asset items, and provide 300,000 miles of preventive security patrols.

The FY'18 Proposed Budget reflects a decrease of approximately 26% from the Approved FY'17 Budget. This decrease is primarily attributable to reorganization of the Property Management and Occupational Safety and Health Groups into other areas of the Commission. The Property Management Group is now a part of the Facilities Maintenance Group and the Occupational Safety and Health Group is transitioning into the Human Resources Group. Gasoline and diesel oil funding is reduced to reflect projected market pricing, as well as the replacement of older assets with more fuel efficient vehicles. Shifting of funding for materials evaluation consultants to the Engineering and Construction Team also contributed slightly to the overall decrease.

The proposed budget reflects a decrease of 39 workyears attributable to reorganization throughout the Commission.

(Continued)

	<u>FY'17 A</u>	pproved	<u>FY'18 F</u>	roposed	Increase	(Decrease)
	<u>Amount</u>	Workyears	Amount	Workyears	Amount	Workyears
ïce	\$6,977,400	62.0	\$7,198,969	62.0	\$221,569	-

Finance Office

This Office is led by the Chief Financial Officer and is comprised of the Retirement, Revenue, Accounting, Disbursements, and Budget Groups. The Team Office administers grant monies received from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE). The Maryland Water Quality State Revolving Loan Administration activities are also managed by the Team Office.

- The *Retirement Group* is responsible for administering the WSSC Employees' Retirement Plan for employees and retirees in accordance with the Plan and Internal Revenue Service regulations. The Group also supports the Plan's Board of Trustees in managing and investing Plan assets, and is responsible for investing the WSSC's available funds in accordance with State laws.
- The *Revenue Group* is responsible for receiving, processing, depositing, and recording all funds received by the Commission in an accurate and timely manner. The Group also recovers the WSSC's construction and related financing costs for non-program size water and sewer lines by assessing Front Foot Benefit (FFB) Charges as outlined by the Annotated Code of Maryland.
- The *Accounting Group* is responsible for maintaining the financial books and records of the Commission and preparing financial statements that fairly present the fiscal position of the Commission and the results of its operations.
- The *Disbursements Group* is responsible for maintaining and processing all of the Commission's disbursements, including payroll. Additionally, the Group maintains and reconciles the Commission's debt service records and health care records.
- The *Budget Group* is responsible for formulating, preparing, justifying, and administering the Commission's Operating and Capital Budgets, and the six-year Capital Improvements Program (CIP), in accordance with Maryland State law. The Group forecasts the impacts of budget and CIP decisions, provides staff support to the Spending Affordability Group, and prepares the monthly status report on the Commission's budget performance.

During FY'18, the Finance Office will prepare a six-year Capital Improvements Program (CIP) for major water and sewer facilities, and submit a proposed capital and operating budget to the Counties as scheduled; produce timely monthly accounting reports and financial statements; account for the Commission's fiscal year budget; disburse 10,000 non-payroll checks and electronic payments; prepare and distribute 52,000 payroll checks/direct deposit statements; process 35,000 invoices; maintain schedules of the Commission's note and bond principal and interest expenses; process over 2.1 million water and sewer bill payments; and counsel retirees and employees on retirement benefits.

ORGANIZATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS (Continued)

The FY'18 Proposed Budget is approximately 3% higher than the Approved FY'17 Budget, including funding for rate and financial studies, and enterprise risk management support.

(Continued)

	FY'17 A	pproved	<u>FY'18 P</u>	roposed	Increase (Decrease)		
	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Workyears</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Workyears	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Workyears</u>	
Utility Services Team	\$116,630,200	504.0	\$114,497,800	504.0	(\$2,132,400)	-	

This Team, led by the Utility Services Team Chief, is comprised of the Utility Services North, West, Central, South, Utility Enhancement Support, Utility Strategic Development, and Utility Management Groups. The Team is directly responsible for maintaining water and sewer mains throughout the Washington Suburban Sanitary District.

- The *Utility Services North, West, Central, and South Groups* are responsible for maintaining the distribution and collection system including all of the Commission's water and sewer mains and water meters, thus ensuring the consistent flow of water and outflow of wastewater within their geographical regions and preserving the infrastructure in order to provide quality service for our customers.
- The *Utility Enhancement Support Group* is responsible for administering the in-house water main replacement program; the water meter evaluation, testing, and repair program for large and small meters; and for reading the WSSC's water meters, ensuring accurate customer billing. Auxiliary emergency maintenance support is provided to the other Utility Services Depots during peak periods or critical events. Additional support services provided include fire hydrant flow testing, the fire hydrant meter leasing program, and warehousing and issuing of large water meters.
- The *Utility Strategic Development Group* is responsible for training Utility Services Team employees and ensuring that the Team's current work practices are operationally effective. This Group searches for best practices and/or technology that will provide greater efficiencies and increase productivity in the various work groups of the Utility Services Team.
- The *Utility Management Group* is responsible for water distribution and transmission condition assessment activities in line with WSSC's effort to execute the Asset Management Program; proper maintenance of the wastewater collection system, including inspection; line blockage analysis; routine, preventive, and emergency collection system cleaning; Sewer System Evaluation Surveys (SSES) for flow reduction; trunk sewer/creek crossing inspections; and administration and reporting of Sanitary Sewer Overflow (SSO) Consent Decree requirements; and the management of Prestressed Concrete Cylinder Pipe (PCCP) inspections and oversight of Acoustic Fiber Optic (AFO) monitoring of major pipelines.

During FY'18, the Utility Services Team plans to perform approximately 2.3 million meter readings, 3,139 large meter and/or meter setting repairs, 2,625 fire hydrant repairs, 344 water service repairs, 1,286 property inspections, 13,092 small meter replacements, 3,675 emergency responses, 1,836 water main repairs, 650 miles of sewer main preventive cleaning, replacement of a projected 10.0 miles of deteriorating water main, inspection and condition assessment on 18 miles of PCCP, and monitor 99 miles of acoustical fiber optic systems.

ORGANIZATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS (Continued)

The FY'18 Proposed Budget is approximately 2% less than the FY'17 Approved budget. This decrease is primarily due to reductions for outside consultants to perform Consent Decree Consultations and Performance Assessments, along with Sewer System Evaluation Studies and Engineering Support BOA's.

(Continued)

	FY'17 A	pproved	<u>FY'18 P</u>	roposed	Increase (Decrease)		
	Amount	<u>Workyears</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Workyears	Amount	Workyears	
Customer Relations Team	\$13,961,200	107.0	\$14,112,047	107.0	\$150,847	-	

This Team, led by the Customer Relations Team Chief, is responsible for ensuring that customers receive optimum service by generating accurate bills and communicating effectively with customers.

• The *Customer Relations Group* is responsible for billing and other routine and/or emergency matters, such as: occupancy changes, high bills, payments and payment extensions, suspension of services due to nonpayment of bills, requests for new meters, and walkin customer service. In addition, this Group handles reviewing billing exceptions, correcting and adjusting billing, and investigating and resolving claims. They serve as the initial point of customer contact and are tasked with receiving and dispatching calls to the four Utility Services zones.

During FY'18, the Customer Relations Team plans to generate approximately 2.0 million customer bills, and address 773,000 customer inquiries – emergency and non-emergency telephone calls, and walk-in customers.

The FY'18 Proposed Budget is approximately 1% greater than the FY'17 Approved Budget.

(Continued)

	FY'17	Approved	FY'18	Proposed	Increase	e (Decrease)
	<u>Amount</u>	Workyears	<u>Amount</u>	Workyears	Amount	Workyears
Information Technology Team	\$45,159,300	109.0	\$45,403,922	109.0	\$244,622	-

This Team, led by the Chief Information Officer, is comprised of the Information Technology Operations, Network Infrastructure & Data Center Operations, and Information Technology Implementations Divisions, and the Information Technology and Mobility Office. The Team Office provides information technology support services and resources (hardware, software, and communications) necessary for the Commission to service its customers, reduce overall operating costs, enhance customer service and improve operational efficiencies. The IT Team Office develops, maintains and supports the IT Strategic Plan while assessing technology solutions and implementation priorities to meet the Commission's long-term business needs. The office is also responsible for IT security and risk management functions and provides governance over IT policies, procedures, and project management best practices.

- The *Information Technology Operations Division* is responsible for supporting the core IT business operations as they relate to application development and end user support, including breakfix and enhancements. This division manages the Commission's computing assets, IT inventory/asset management, and IT service request and delivery, ensuring that end user problems and requests are addressed expeditiously and effectively in order to maintain business continuity and functionality.
- The *Network Infrastructure & Data Center Operations Division* is responsible for supporting the Commission's computing infrastructure hardware and software systems, telecom, data networking, call center, and telephony. This includes the design, implementation and support of the mainframe, open system platforms, and storage sub-systems; communication systems including microwave, data networks, and two-way radio; daily operational support for SCADA, cellular leasing, audio/visual services, tape management, and wireless devices; contact center solutions include IVRS and multimedia applications, as well as security support services for firewalls and intrusion detection.
- The *Information Technology Implementations Division* is responsible for using system implementation methodologies to streamline and redesign various technologies and business systems that extend across all Commission functional areas. This office leads and directs functional and technical implementation teams consisting of WSSC staff, consultants, and implementation support organizations in providing day-to-day oversight and management of all IT enterprise system implementation initiatives within the Commission.

ORGANIZATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS (Continued)

• The *Information Technology and Mobility Office* is responsible for refining and implementing WSSC's strategic technical vision and leading significant aspects of the Commission's information technology development by fostering innovation, prioritizing technology initiatives, and coordinating the evaluation, deployment, and management of current and future technology systems across the organization. In addition to the overarching technical leadership responsibilities, the office is also responsible for oversight of the following technical areas: Applications and Services, Data Center and Engineered Systems, Quality Assurance, and Advanced Analytics.

The FY'18 Proposed Budget is less than 1% greater than the FY'17 Approved Budget.

CAPITAL BUDGET

SECTION 4

CAPITAL BUDGET

The Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission's (WSSC's) budget is a comprehensive financial plan by which the WSSC is funded for a single fiscal year. The WSSC's budget, or funding plan, is composed of six separate funds, three in the operating budget (the **Water Operating, Sewer Operating**, and **General Bond Debt Service Funds**), and three in the capital budget.

WSSC's Capital Budget consists of the **Water Supply Bond**, **Sewage Disposal Bond**, and **General Construction Bond Funds**. Each fund is a separate entity authorized to expend funds for prescribed purposes and to derive revenues from specific sources, primarily proceeds from the issuance of bonds.

The Capital Budget is also composed of a number of programs for which funds are expended, and their associated administrative and support costs. Specifically, these are the water and sewer Capital Improvements Program, the Systems Reconstruction Program, the Engineering Support Program, Other Capital Projects, and General Construction of Local Lines.

The purposes and revenue sources of each fund are prescribed by law in the Washington Suburban Sanitary District Code. The capital funds and their respective purposes and funding sources are as follows:

The purpose of the **Water Supply Bond Fund** is to plan, design, and construct dams and reservoirs, water filtration plants, water pumping stations, water storage facilities, water supply lines of 16 inches in diameter and larger, and improvements or modifications to these facilities.

Sources of revenue include:

Bonds Issued and Cash on Hand - proceeds from the sale of Water Supply Bonds, and cash on hand at the beginning of the fiscal year;

Anticipated Contributions - contributions made by private parties for the excess cost of extending major water lines to certain areas, or to offset the cost of unusual conditions of providing service, and payments to the WSSC from local governments or agencies for the co-use of facilities or for the relocation of pipelines;

System Development Charge (SDC) - a charge to pay for that part of the Commission's Capital Improvements Program needed to accommodate growth.

CAPITAL BUDGET (Continued)

The purpose of the **Sewage Disposal Bond Fund** is to plan, design, and construct trunk and intercepting sewers 15 inches in diameter and larger; sewage pumping stations and force mains; sewage treatment facilities; along with improvements or modifications to these facilities; and reimbursement to the District of Columbia Water and Sewer Authority for construction at the Blue Plains Advanced Wastewater Treatment Plant.

Sources of revenue include:

Bonds Issued and Cash on Hand - proceeds from the sale of Sewage Disposal Bonds, and cash on hand at the beginning of the fiscal year;

Anticipated Contributions (Federal) - federal grant funds;

Anticipated Contributions (State) - state grant funds;

Anticipated Contributions (Other) - contributions made by private parties for the excess cost of extending major sewerage lines to certain areas, or to offset the cost of unusual conditions of providing service, and payments to the WSSC from local governments or agencies for the co-use of facilities or for the relocation of pipelines;

System Development Charge (SDC) - a charge to pay for that part of the Commission's Capital Improvements Program needed to accommodate growth.

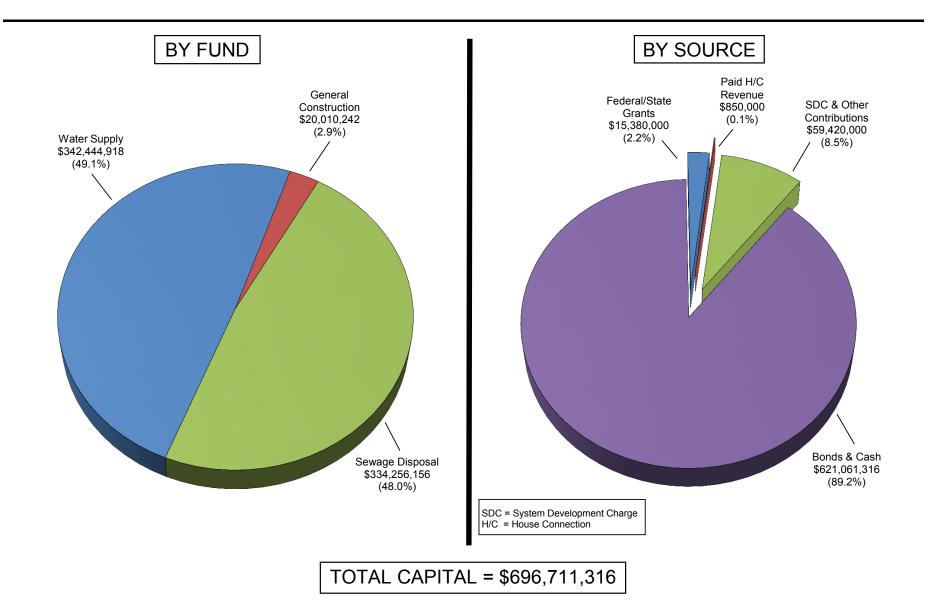
The purpose of the **General Construction Bond Fund** is to finance a major portion of the cost of constructing minor water and sewer lines (up to 15 inches in diameter for water and 14 inches in diameter for sewer); constructing new administrative and support facilities; modifying, enlarging, or replacing existing support facilities; relocating facilities; and purchasing water meters.

Sources of revenue include:

Bonds Issued and Cash On Hand - proceeds from the sale of General Construction Bonds and cash on hand at the beginning of the fiscal year;

Anticipated Contributions - house connection charges which are paid as a lump sum, and contributions made by private parties for the excess cost of extending lateral water and sewer lines to certain areas.

FY 2018 PROPOSED BUDGET CAPITAL



SIX-YEAR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROGRAM

The WSSC is responsible for protecting the health and safety of the residents of the two counties we serve by protecting our source water, providing an adequate supply of safe drinking water, meeting fire-fighting requirements, and collecting and adequately treating wastewater before it is returned to the waters of the State of Maryland. The projects contained in the Capital Improvements Program (CIP) represent a multi-year plan to design and construct capital facilities required to successfully meet this responsibility. The Commission strives to maintain a balance between the use of valuable resources and the public's demand for clean water and the treatment of sanitary waste in an ethically, financially, and environmentally responsible manner.

Under state law, the WSSC is responsible for annually preparing a Six-Year Capital Improvements Program for major water and sanitary sewerage facilities for those portions of Prince George's and Montgomery Counties included in the Washington Suburban Sanitary District (WSSD). Only expenditures for the first year of the six-year program are included in this document. These expenditures identify the funding required for acquiring sites and rights-of-way, and planning, designing, and constructing projects in order to provide potable water and environmentally responsible sanitary sewer services to residential and commercial customers, as well as federal, state, and local facilities within the WSSD. The CIP projects include water mains at least 16 inches in diameter, sewer lines at least 15 inches in diameter, water and sewage pumping stations, force mains, storage facilities, joint-use facilities, and water filtration plant and wastewater treatment plant improvements. The CIP is developed in coordination with and in direct support of the two counties' approved land use plans and policies for orderly growth and development as detailed in their approved ten-year water and sewerage programs.

CIP projects are financed primarily with long-term, rate-supported debt through the sale of bonds. Obtaining funding from other sources and through the use of PAYGO funding (when budgeted) lowers our borrowing requirements, which in turn lowers debt service requirements and ultimately our customers' bills. Other funding sources may include: payments from applicants for new service, including System Development Charges for certain projects which are intended to support new development; payments from other jurisdictions for projects which specifically benefit them; and state and federal grants. The amounts of these collections may vary from year to year. Water Supply bonds are issued to finance major water treatment, storage, and transmission facilities. Sewage Disposal bonds are issued to finance major sewage collection and treatment facilities. These bonds are repaid to bond holders over a 20 to 30-year period by annual principal and interest payments (debt service). The annual debt service on outstanding bonds is paid from the Commission's operating funds. The primary funding source for the repayment of debt is the revenue generated by water consumption and sewer use charges. These charges are set on an annual basis to cover operations, maintenance, and debt service costs of the Commission. In this manner, the initial high cost of capital improvements is spread over time and paid for by future customers who will benefit from the facilities, as well as by current customers. It is through this capital project financing process that the size of the Capital Improvements Program impacts the size of water and sewer bond issues, which in turn impacts customers' water and sewer bills.

SIX-YEAR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROGRAM

(Continued)

For FYs 2018-2023, CIP expenditures total approximately \$1.9 billion over the six-year program period, representing a \$130 million decrease compared to last year's CIP. The decrease can be primarily attributed to decreases in the Broad Creek WWPS Augmentation and Blue Plains Enhanced Nutrient Removal projects as these projects continue to move through construction.

Of the \$1.9 billion in the six-year program period, approximately \$210 million is for growth, \$144 million is to meet environmental mandates, and \$1.5 billion is for system improvements. Approximately \$42.2 million of the growth cost in the six-year program period is attributable to water and sewer developer projects, with approximately \$20.6 million programmed in FY'18. A summary of six-year program expenditures is displayed on the next page.

The estimated total expenditures for the first year of the FYs 2018-2023 CIP - the budget year - are included in this FY'18 Proposed Budget for approval. Expenditures for FY'18 are estimated to be \$488 million, which is approximately \$10 million less than last year. The decrease can be primarily attributed to the projected construction progress for the Broad Creek WWPS Augmentation, Patuxent WFP Phase II Expansion, and Blue Plains Enhanced Nutrient Removal projects. A table of FY'18 proposed spending for planning and design fees, land and rights-of-way acquisitions, construction, and other costs for the water and sewerage projects contained in the CIP is included later in this section of the budget document. More detailed information is provided in the WSSC's Proposed FYs 2018-2023 Capital Improvements Program document available on our website and through our Communications & Community Relations Office.

Allocated Costs encompass all costs that are not specifically identifiable to a fund account. Instead, the costs are accumulated in expense pools, and subsequently distributed to the fund accounts based upon various allocation methods. The methods are designed to allocate these costs based on the utilization of the cost item being distributed. Allocated costs include machinery, equipment, and transportation charges; materials and procurement costs; and administrative and general costs.

The machinery, equipment, and transportation charges include garage and shop maintenance, and repair and service of vehicles, machinery, and equipment. These costs are assigned to specific WSSC offices based upon utilization, and are then allocated to the capital fund accounts. Materials and procurement costs and costs related to purchasing, storing, issuing, and testing materials are distributed based upon the materials charged to fund accounts. Administrative and general costs include general supervision and all administrative and support areas such as payroll, data processing, management, and fringe benefits.

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROGRAM SIX-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

(\$ in Thousands)

	Budget Year FY'18	Year 2 FY'19	Year 3 FY'20	Year 4 FY'21	Year 5 FY'22	Year 6 FY'23	Total Six Years FY'18-'23
<u>Water Projects</u> Montgomery County	\$ 20,715	\$ 6,652	\$ 1,319	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,686
Prince George's County Bi-County	72,020 106,115	54,466 95,840	20,861 120,801	20,388 99,537	19,108 96,653	19,107 84,643	205,950 603,589
Total Water Projects	198,850	156,958	142,981	119,925	115,761	103,750	838,225
Sewer Projects							
Montgomery County	14,223	13,776	3,276	-	-	-	31,275
Prince George's County	44,336	61,236	53,029	18,251	2,602	2,282	181,736
Bi-County	230,985	159,357	177,128	130,696	73,472	68,928	840,566
Total Sewer Projects	289,544	234,369	233,433	148,947	76,074	71,210	1,053,577
GRAND TOTAL	\$488,394	\$391,327	\$376,414	\$268,872	\$191,835	\$174,960	\$1,891,802

FY'18 ESTIMATES FOR SIX-YEAR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROGRAM - WATER

PROJECT <u>NUMBER</u>	PROJECT NAME	D AND <u>S OF WAY</u>	NNING/ <u>GN FEES</u>	STRUCTION COSTS	<u>0TH</u>	ER COSTS	<u>FY'18 TOTAL</u>
MONTGOME	ERY COUNTY						
W-3.02 OI	Iney Standpipe Replacement	\$ -	\$ 328	\$ 3,211	\$	531	\$ 4,070
W-46.14 Cl	larksburg Area Stage 3 Water Main, Parts 1, 2, & 3	-	475	1,129		241	1,845
W-46.15 Cl	larksburg Elevated Water Storage Facility	-	93	2,760		428	3,281
W-46.24 Cl	larksburg Area Stage 3 Water Main, Part 4	-	68	427		74	569
W-46.25 Cl	larksburg Area Stage 3 Water Main, Part 5	-	165	1,108		191	1,464
W-90.04 Br	rink Zone Reliability Improvements	-	600	3,200		480	4,280
W-138.02 Sh	hady Grove Standpipe Replacement	 -	317	4,416		473	5,206
M	ONTGOMERY COUNTY SUBTOTALS	\$ -	\$ 2,046	\$ 16,251	\$	2,418	\$ 20,715
<u>BI-COUNTY</u>							
W-73.19 Pc	otomac WFP Outdoor Substation No. 2 Replacement	\$ -	\$ 105	\$ 1,030	\$	113	\$ 1,248
W-73.21 Pc	otomac WFP Corrosion Mitigation	-	40	650		70	760
W-73.22 Pc	otomac WFP Pre-Filter Chlorination & Air Scour Improvements	-	824	8,241		907	9,972
W-73.30 Pc	otomac WFP Submerged Channel Intake	-	1,450	-		73	1,523
W-73.32 Pc	otomac WFP Main Zone Pipeline	-	400	8,240		864	9,504
W-73.33 Pc	otomac WFP Consent Decree Program	400	2,000	4,000		600	7,000
W-127.01 Bi-	i-County Water Tunnel	-	673	120		40	833
W-139.02 Du	uckett & Brighton Dam Upgrades	-	1,175	8,528		970	10,673
W-161.01 La	arge Diameter Water Pipe & Large Valve Rehabilitation Program	-	4,553	34,972		1,976	41,501
W-172.05 Pa	atuxent WFP Phase II Expansion	-	1,730	6,800		426	8,956
W-172.07 Pa	atuxent Raw Water Pipeline	-	200	3,600		380	4,180
W-172.08 Ro	ocky Gorge Pump Station Upgrade	-	900	6,000		690	7,590
W-202.00 La	and & Rights-of-Way Acquisition - Bi-County Water	 2,375	 -	 -		-	 2,375
BI	I-COUNTY SUBTOTALS	\$ 2,775	\$ 14,050	\$ 82,181	\$	7,109	\$ 106,115

FY'18 ESTIMATES FOR SIX-YEAR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROGRAM - WATER

PROJECT <u>NUMBER</u>	PROJECT NAME	LAND AND <u>RIGHTS OF WAY</u>		PLANNING/ <u>DESIGN FEES</u>		CONSTRUCTION COSTS		OTHER COSTS		H	<u>-Y'18 TOTAL</u>
PRINCE GEO	ORGE'S COUNTY										
W-12.02 P	rince George's County HG415 Zone Water Main	\$	-	\$	3	\$	1,821	\$	274	\$	2,098
W-34.02 O	Id Branch Avenue Water Main		-		374		7,480		786		8,640
W-34.03 W	Vater Transmission Improvements 385B Pressure Zone		-		150		12,000		1,215		13,365
W-34.04 B	ranch Avenue Water Transmission Improvements		-		50		12,800		754		13,604
W-34.05 M	Iarlboro Zone Reinforcement Main		-		5		2,300		346		2,651
W-62.05 C	Clinton Zone Water Storage Facility Implementation		-		150		4,300		470		4,920
W-65.10 St	t. Barnabas Elevated Tank Replacement		-		181		3,927		616		4,724
W-84.02 R	itchie Marlboro Road Transmission Main & PRV		-		10		5,150		516		5,676
W-84.03 S	mith Home Farms Water Main		-		62		294		53		409
W-84.04 W	Vestphalia Town Center Water Main		-		60		203		39		302
W-84.05 P	rince George's County 450A Zone Water Main		-		1,463		-		146		1,609
W-93.01 K	Conterra Town Center East Water Main		-		7		46		8		61
W-105.01 M	Iarlton Section 18 Water Main, Lake Marlton Avenue		-		39		297		50		386
W-111.05 H	lillmeade Road Water Main		-		30		2,678		406		3,114
W-119.01 Jo	ohn Hanson Highway Water Main, Part 1		-		300		5,700		600		6,600
W-120.14 Vi	'illages of Timothy Water Main, Part 1		-		1		23		4		28
W-120.15 Vi	/illages of Timothy Water Main, Part 2		-		5		51		8		64
W-120.16 Vi	/illages of Timothy Water Main, Part 3		-		3		45		7		55
W-123.14 O	Id Marlboro Pike Water Main		-		16		160		26		202
W-123.20 O	0ak Grove/Leeland Roads Water Main, Part 2		-		20		2,000		302		2,322
W-137.02 S	outh Potomac Supply Improvement, Phase 1		-		10		20		2		32
W-137.03 S	outh Potomac Supply Improvement, Phase 2		-		975		-		49		1,024
W-147.00 C	Collington Elevated Water Storage Facility		-		21		100	_	13	_	134
P	RINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY SUBTOTALS	\$	-	\$	3,935	\$	61,395	\$	6,690	\$	72,020
<u>G</u>	GRAND TOTAL WATER PROJECTS	<u>\$</u>	2,775	<u>\$</u>	20,031	\$	159,827	\$	16,217	<u>\$</u>	198,850

FY'18 ESTIMATES FOR <u>SIX-YEAR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROGRAM - SEWER</u>

PROJEC <u>NUMBER</u>		D AND OF WAY	ANNING/ IGN FEES	STRUCTION COSTS	<u>0T</u> F	IER COSTS	<u>FY'18 TOTAL</u>
MONTGO	MERY COUNTY						
S-25.03	Twinbrook Commons Sewer	\$ -	\$ 12	\$ 75	\$	13	\$ 100
S-25.04	Mid-Pike Plaza Sewer Main, Phase 1	-	9	103		17	129
S-25.05	Mid-Pike Plaza Sewer Main, Phase 2	-	254	2,529		417	3,200
S-84.47	Clarksburg Triangle Outfall Sewer, Part 2	-	15	512		79	606
S-84.60	Cabin Branch Wastewater Pumping Station	-	50	1,155		120	1,325
S-84.61	Cabin Branch WWPS Force Main	-	28	100		19	147
S-84.65	Tapestry Wastewater Pumping Station	-	50	235		43	328
S-84.66	Tapestry WWPS Force Main	-	-	32		5	37
S-84.67	Milestone Center Sewer Main	-	120	300		63	483
S-84.68	Clarksburg Wastewater Pumping Station	-	252	-		38	290
S84.69	Clarksburg WWPS Force Main	-	87	-		13	100
S-85.21	Shady Grove Station Sewer Augmentation	-	11	1,046		159	1,216
S-103.16	Cabin John Trunk Sewer Relief	-	186	5,259		817	6,262
	MONTGOMERY COUNTY SUBTOTALS	\$ •	\$ 1,074	\$ 11,346	\$	1,803	\$ 14,223
BI-COUN	<u>TY</u>						
S-22.06	Blue Plains WWTP: Liquid Train Projects, Part 2	\$ -	\$ 3,314	\$ 12,809	\$	161	\$ 16,284
S-22.07	Blue Plains WWTP: Biosolids Management, Part 2	-	832	2,675		35	3,542
S-22.09	Blue Plains WWTP: Plant-wide Projects	-	1,547	6,728		83	8,358
S-22.10	Blue Plains WWTP: Enhanced Nutrient Removal	-	6,376	27,236		336	33,948
S-22.11	Blue Plains: Pipelines & Appurtenances	-	3,463	9,752		132	13,347
S-103.02	Piscataway WWTP Bio-Energy Project	-	3,550	250		190	3,990
S-170.08	Septage Discharge Facility Planning & Implementation	-	500	1,792		229	2,521
S-170.09	Trunk Sewer Reconstruction Program	-	27,900	107,700		13,300	148,900
S-203.00	Land & Rights-of-Way Acquisition - Bi-County Sewer	 95	 -	 -		-	 95
	BI-COUNTY SUBTOTALS	\$ 95	\$ 47,482	\$ 168,942	\$	14,466	\$ 230,985

FY'18 ESTIMATES FOR <u>SIX-YEAR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROGRAM - SEWER</u>

PROJECT <u>NUMBER</u>		LAND <u>RIGHTS</u>) AND OF WAY	ANNING/ I <u>GN FEES</u>	STRUCTION COSTS	<u>0TH</u>	IER COSTS	<u> </u>	<u></u>
PRINCE (SEORGE'S COUNTY								
S-27.08	Westphalia Town Center Sewer Main	\$	-	\$ 18	\$ 88	\$	16	\$	122
S-28.18	Konterra Town Center East Sewer		-	57	380		66		503
S-43.02	Broad Creek WWPS Augmentation		-	1,489	15,468		848		17,805
S-57.92	Western Branch Facility Upgrade		-	400	1,500		95		1,995
S-57.94	Western Branch WWTP Incinerator Emissions Control		-	1,321	7,402		872		9,595
S-68.01	Landover Mall Redevelopment		-	74	452		79		605
S-75.19	Brandywine Woods Wastewater Pumping Station		-	12	44		9		65
S-75.20	Brandywine Woods WWPS Force Main		-	5	28		5		38
S-75.21	Mattawoman WWTP Upgrades		-	-	3,633		-		3,633
S-86.19	Karington Subdivision Sewer		-	3	150		23		176
S-96.14	Piscataway WWTP Facility Upgrades		-	3,742	2,918		333		6,993
S-131.05	Pleasant Valley Sewer Main, Part 2		-	51	284		50		385
S-131.07	Pleasant Valley Sewer Main, Part 1		-	105	722		124		951
S-131.10	Fort Washington Forest No. 1 WWPS Augmentation		-	234	1,044		192		1,470
	PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY SUBTOTALS	\$	-	\$ 7,511	\$ 34,113	\$	2,712	\$	44,336
	GRAND TOTAL SEWER PROJECTS	<u>\$</u>	95	\$ 56,067	\$ 214,401	\$	18,981	\$	289,544

SYSTEMS RECONSTRUCTION PROGRAM

	FY'17	FY'18
	Approved	Proposed
Systems Reconstruction Program	\$156,037,000	\$175,070,000

This program provides for the systematic replacement or rehabilitation of the Commission's aging small diameter water mains (less than 16-inches in diameter) and sewer lines (less than 15-inches in diameter), as well as associated house connections (from the main to the property line). In order to extend their useful life, portions of these systems are rehabilitated. Through FY'16, WSSC maintained approximately 5,600 miles of water main and 5,500 miles of sewer main, along with 457,400 water house connections and 431,600 sewer house connections. In addition to the small diameter pipe rehabilitation programs, two rehabilitation programs for large diameter pipe projects (the Large Diameter Water Pipe & Large Valve Rehabilitation Program (W-161.01) and the Trunk Sewer Reconstruction Program (S-170.09)) are included in the Capital Improvements Program (CIP budget).

The Water Reconstruction Program consolidates several water main improvement activities designed to enhance water quality and reliability under one initiative. A majority of the funding is dedicated to replacing older water mains that are located in roadways and previously prone to breaks with new sections of cement lined zinc coated ductile iron pipe. The Program also includes installing cathodic protection and pipeline appurtenances, including large meter and fire meter vaults. The FY'18 proposed budget of \$112.0 million provides for the planned design and rehabilitation of 55 miles of water main and associated house connection renewals (\$99.3 million), large water service rehabilitation (\$8.0 million) and cathodic protection (\$4.7 million). In FY'16, 56.7 miles of water main and associated house connection renewals were rehabilitated, along with 25 large water service meters, at a total cost of \$129.1 million dollars.

The Sewer Reconstruction Program provides for correcting structural deficiencies in sewer mains that may result from soil settlement, root penetration, or corrosion, and often contribute to sewage overflows and backups into homes. The FY'18 proposed budget of \$63.1 million provides for the rehabilitation of 20 miles of sewer main and 6 miles of lateral lines located in roadways, as well as associated house connection renewals. During FY'16, 38.9 miles of roadway sewer mains, 6 miles of sewer laterals, and associated house connections were rehabilitated at a cost of \$37.3 million dollars.

ENGINEERING SUPPORT PROGRAM

	FY'17	FY'18
	Approved	Proposed
Engineering Support Program	\$17,000,000	\$18,000,000

The Engineering Support Program (ESP) represents the consolidation of a diverse group of multi-year projects and asset management processes to analyze, evaluate and support the extensive water and sewer infrastructure and numerous support facilities that are owned, operated, and maintained by the WSSC. ESP project requests for engineering support for planning, design, and construction management are initiated through the Asset Management Program process. ESP projects are diverse in scope, and typically include work needed to upgrade operating efficiency, modify existing processes, satisfy regulatory requirements, or rehabilitate aging facilities. The ESP does not include proposed "major projects" which, by law, must be programmed in the WSSC's Six-Year Capital Improvements Program, or "growth" projects to serve new development.

The total FY'18 proposed program is \$18,000,000: \$14,000,000 in the capital budget and \$4,000,000 in the operating budget. The operating portion of the ESP program provides for our planning processes including developing confidence level ratings, evaluating level of service impacts, determining business risk exposure and performing business case analysis for future capital projects in an enterprise-wide asset management process environment. The ESP provides a stable funding level for planning and projects that require engineering support. All requested ESP projects are evaluated, prioritized and then initiated subject to the available funding for the fiscal year. The projects described below may include both operating and capital costs.

Projects in the program include: fire alarm upgrades at facilities; underground fuel storage tank replacements; NPDES Industrial Stormwater Permit compliance; continuous discharge turbidity monitoring at the Potomac WFP; elevator modernization, electrical and data center upgrades at the RGH building; and, funding for Business Case Development for the Asset Management Program. Further details of the program are included in the Information Only section of the FYs 2018-2023 Proposed Capital Improvements Program document.

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION - LOCAL LINES

	FY'17	FY'18
	Approved	Proposed
<u>General Construction – Local Lines</u>	\$743,000	\$690,000

General Construction Bond funds are used for the design and installation of local water mains and sewers. As a class, these pipelines are smaller in diameter than those constructed with the proceeds from the sale of Water Supply and Sewage Disposal Bonds. The class includes all water mains up to 15 inches in diameter and sewer lines up to 14 inches in diameter. However, in some cases, larger water pipelines that provide a measure of service to individual customers are partially supported by General Construction funds in proportion to their localized function.

Applications for service requested after July 1, 1999, require the Applicant to finance and construct the local water and sewer mains needed for new development. The WSSC will construct those remaining projects serving one new residence, providing relief from a residential health hazard, or serving existing homes previously connected to private systems.

To initiate an Applicant-built project, the Applicant submits a Hydraulic Planning Analysis Request. Once it has been determined that the property to be served is located within the appropriate service category and the proposed extensions are adequate, the WSSC issues a Letter of Findings which delineates the project conditions that must be met prior to the start of construction. Finally, the WSSC will perform a review for system integrity of the design plans. After design plans have been approved and the Applicant has satisfied all project conditions, the Applicant is issued a permit for construction. The Applicant is responsible for the actual financing and construction of the project.

For WSSC-built projects, the WSSC will prepare the feasibility study and issue a Letter of Findings. The Letter of Findings will again delineate any project conditions and advise the Applicant of their cost responsibilities. If the Applicant elects to proceed with the project, the WSSC will arrange for the preparation of design plans, construction permits and rights-of-way. After design plans have been approved and the Applicant has satisfied all project conditions, WSSC will arrange for the project. The Applicant is responsible for financing of the project beyond what may be offset by front foot benefit charges.

OTHER CAPITAL PROJECTS (\$ in Thousands)

Displayed below is the allocation of the Other Capital Projects category to the three major Capital Funds.

Other Capital Projects	Grand Total	Water	Sewer	General Construction
Entrepreneurial Projects	\$2,386	\$1,193	\$1,193	\$
Water Storage Facility Rehabilitation Program	8,000	8,000		
Specialty Valve Vault Rehabilitation Program	1,898	1,898		
Advanced Metering Infrastructure	6,950	3,475	3,475	
New House Connections	3,350	1,800	1,550	
Relocations	3,500	3,150	350	
Basic Ordering Agreements	1,286	730	25	531
Water Meters	2,824			2,824
TOTAL	\$30,194	\$20,246	\$6,593	\$3,355

FUNDING OF WATER AND SEWER CAPITAL PROGRAMS

For FY'18, expenditures of \$676.7 million are budgeted for the Water and Sewer Bond Funds to implement the Commission's water and sewer Capital Improvements Program, Systems Reconstruction Program, Engineering Support Program, and other Information Only Projects. The capital budget presents the spending level required to *fully implement* during FY'18 all planning, design, and construction activities scheduled for projects in these programs. However, historical experience indicates that some activities will not be completed during the budget year because of difficulties in acquiring land or rights-of-way, delays in obtaining permits from other governmental organizations, changes in developer schedules, and other considerations beyond the WSSC's control. Any delay in one or more of the projects will cause capital expenditures to be less than budgeted. Forecasts of actual FY'18 spending for capital programs are made by reducing the budgeted program dollars using completion and scaling factors. The completion and scaling factors are determined by analyzing projects in the programs and reviewing the historical relationship between budgeted and actual spending for capital projects.

Estimating actual spending is an important step in forecasting the issuance of new debt at a level which does not exceed the amount necessary to cover actual expenditures. Conservative issuance of long-term debt is essential to keep outstanding debt, debt service, and water and sewer rates at moderate levels. The amount of new debt is calculated by adjusting for other funding sources, such as grants and System Development Charges, from the total funding requirement. FY'18 spending for the Water and Sewer Bond Funds, adjusted for completion, is estimated to be \$638.7 million. The requirement for new long-term Water and Sewer Debt is estimated to be \$570.0 million.

	Water	<u>Sewer</u>	<u>Combined</u>
USES: Budgeted Capital Expenditures Capital Expenditures adjusted for completion factor	\$342,445 325,056	\$334,256 313,610	\$676,701 638,666
SOURCES: Long-term Bonds (new) MDE Loans Federal & State Grants System Development Charge (SDC) Other	287,308 - 23,892 <u>13,856</u>	262,714 20,000 14,150 5,723 <u>11,023</u>	550,022 20,000 14,150 29,615 <u>24,879</u>
TOTAL SOURCES	<u>\$325,056</u>	<u>\$313,610</u>	<u>\$638,666</u>

FY'18 SOURCES AND USES OF WATER & SEWER FUNDS

(\$ in Thousands)

FUNDING OF WATER AND SEWER CAPITAL PROGRAMS

(Continued)

Both non-rate-supported and rate-supported sources fund Water and Sewer Bond Fund expenditures. Non-rate-supported sources (System Development Charges, federal and state grants, and developer contributions) account for approximately 21% of the funding. Rate-supported sources (long-term debt and construction notes) account for the remaining 79%. The new debt required to fund the capital program is reflected in the operating budget as debt service expense. In FY'14, the Commission began issuing debt for 30 years as opposed to the prior practice of 20 years. The savings will be used to fund PAYGO capital projects. The table below presents the debt service associated with both existing debt and new debt proposed for FY'18.

WATER & SEWER BOND FUNDS RATE-SUPPORTED DEBT SERVICE EXPENSES

(\$ in Thousands)

	Water	<u>Sewer</u>	<u>Combined</u>
Debt Service for Existing Debt Debt Service for Planned New Debt	\$96,812 <u>9,508</u>	\$142,429 <u>8,708</u>	\$239,241 <u>18,216</u>
Total Debt Service	<u>\$106,320</u>	<u>\$151,137</u>	<u>\$257,457</u>

SELECTED MULTI-YEAR HISTORICAL DATA

SECTION 5

SELECTED STATISTICAL DATA

	FY'12 <u>ACTUAL</u>	FY'13 <u>ACTUAL</u>	FY'14 <u>ACTUAL</u>	FY'15 <u>ACTUAL</u>	FY'16 <u>ACTUAL</u>	FY'17 <u>APPROVED</u>	FY'18 <u>PROPOSED</u>
Population Served	1,742,000	1,749,000	1,757,000	1,765,000	1,774,000	1,783,000	1,792,000
Customer Accounts	439,805	441,480	443,827	445,385	448,061	450,785	456,061
Water Produced (average MGD)	165.7	161.2	160.6	162.9	164.2	164.0	164.0
Water Produced (millions of gallons)	60,648	58,830	58,603	59,469	59,933	59,860	59,860
Water Mains Maintained (miles)	5,471	5,494	5,521	5,552	5,586	5,606	5,640
Water Mains Constructed (miles added by WSSC)	0.3	7.3	0.5	9.0	7.0	2.0	2.0
Water Mains Constructed (miles added by developers)	20.5	15.3	26.3	22.4	27.1	25.0	25.0
Water House Connections Maintained	444,184	446,453	449,333	453,004	457,393	458,604	465,393
Water House Connections Installed	2,591	2,269	2,880	3,671	4,389	2,800	4,000
Water Meters Issued	11,598	18,554	14,675	17,540	17,936	18,065	18,065
Sewage Systems Total Flow (average MGD)	183.7	177.2	195.6	190.8	184.8	217.5	207.2
Sewage Systems Total Flow (millions of gallons)	66,950	64,666	71,232	69,650	67,452	79,388	75,628
Sewer Mains Maintained (miles)	5,363	5,376	5,402	5,424	5,451	5,476	5,503
Sewer Mains Constructed (miles added by WSSC)	-	0.4	-	-	0.2	1.0	1.0
Sewer Mains Constructed (miles added by developers)	19.4	12.6	25.7	21.4	27.3	25.0	25.0
Sewer House Connections Maintained	421,092	423,110	425,445	428,279	431,589	433,479	437,789
Sewer House Connections Installed	2,374	2,018	2,335	2,834	3,310	2,600	3,100
Maintenance Work Orders (Emergency and Routine)	84,906	99,469	108,482	114,007	108,372	98,300	103,047
Vehicles in Fleet	933	955	1,079	1,004	960	953	970
Miles Traveled by Fleet	5,866,778	5,250,810	5,028,532	5,432,420	6,940,268	5,230,476	7,963,922
Water Meter Readings Completed	2,006,837	1,967,090	1,987,261	2,028,473	2,225,306	2,052,950	2,283,266
Authorized Positions	1,681	1,693	1,717	1,729	1,747	1,776	1,776
Authorized Workyears	1,681	1,693	1,717	1,729	1,747	1,776	1,776
Actual Employment Level - Beginning	1,528	1,549	1,549	1,550	1,561	1,633	
Actual Employment Level - Ending	1,549	1,549	1,550	1,561	1,633		
Actual Workyears	1,522	1,535	1,530	1,546	1,587		

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

	FY'12 ACTUAL	FY'13 ACTUAL	FY'14 ACTUAL	FY'15 ACTUAL	FY'16 ACTUAL	FY'17 APPROVED	FY'18 PROPOSED
1. Customer Water & Sewer Rate Percent Change							
<u>Consumption Charges</u> Water Sewer Combined	11.6% 5.9% 8.5%	2.9% 11.5% 7.5%	1.9% 11.6% 7.25%	7.7% 3.9% 5.5%	1.2% 0.9% 1.0%	5.9% 0.8% 3.0%	4.5% 2.7% 3.5%
2. Water & Sewer Bill Revenues (\$ in Thousands)							
Water Consumption Charges Sewer Use Charges Total Consumption Charges	\$226,286 255,842 482,128	\$225,212 275,559 500,771	\$227,923 309,403 537,326	\$242,867 <u>319,488</u> 562,355	\$235,805 307,264 543,069	\$255,054 324,182 579,236	\$267,080 333,822 600,902
Account Maintenance Fee Infrastructure Investment Fee	22,386	22,772	22,582	22,753 	29,247 16,700	32,552 38,962	32,118 38,360
Total	<u>\$ 504,514</u>	<u>\$ 523,543</u>	<u>\$ 559,908</u>	<u>\$ 585,108</u>	<u>\$ 589,016</u>	<u>\$ 650,750</u>	<u>\$ 671,380</u>
3. Water Production (average MGD)	165.7	161.2	160.6	162.9	164.2	164.0	164.0

COMPARATIVE OPERATING STATEMENTS (\$ in Thousands)

	 FY'12 ACTUAL	 FY'13 ACTUAL		FY'14 ACTUAL		FY'15 ACTUAL		FY'16 ACTUAL		FY'17 APPROVED		FY'18 OPOSED
WATER OPERATING												
Revenue	\$ 250,801	\$ 250,554	\$	251,781	\$	269,402	\$	275,832	\$	306,271	\$	320,784
Other Funding Sources												
SDC Debt Service Offset	471	450		290		277		213		203		-
Reconstruction Debt Service Offset	-	-		-		5,000		1,000		2,800		-
Reserve Requirement	(8,000)	-		-		-		-		-		-
Use of Accumulated Net Revenue	 -	 6,428		13,659		15,399		10,102		10,962		-
TOTAL REVENUE	\$ 243,272	\$ 257,432	\$	265,730	\$	290,078	\$	287,147	\$	320,236	\$	320,784
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$ 229,538	\$ 240,378	\$	266,714	\$	289,275	\$	282,952	\$	320,236	\$	320,784
SEWER OPERATING												
Revenue	\$ 282,548	\$ 300,637	\$	333,861	\$	345,722	\$	345,869	\$	374,691	\$	384,828
Other Funding Sources												
SDC Debt Service Offset	1,822	1,742		1,138		890		515		3		-
Reconstruction Debt Service Offset	11,000	11,000		10,500		5,000		7,500		7,000		7,700
Reserve Requirement	8,000	-		-		-		-		-		-
Use of Accumulated Net Revenue	 3,400	 12,100		13,822		14,794		10,619		15,088		11,580
TOTAL REVENUE	\$ 306,770	\$ 325,479	\$	359,321	\$	366,406	\$	364,503	\$	396,782	\$	404,108
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$ 289,022	\$ 308,107	\$	319,652	\$	337,768	\$	343,235	\$	396,782	\$	404,108

CAPITAL BUDGET VS. ACTUAL EXPENSES FY'97 - FY'16 (\$ in Thousands)

	Water Supply		Sewage	Disposal	General Co	onstruction	Total Capital		
Fiscal Year	Approved Budget	Actual Expenses	Approved Budget	Actual Expenses	Approved Budget	Actual Expenses	Approved Budget	Actual Expenses	
1997	56,827	42,509	89,311	68,513	86,921	54,844	233,059	165,866	
1998	79,065	66,349	60,936	38,510	89,961	46,143	229,962	151,002	
1999	79,079	67,245	59,689	30,821	65,217	50,820	203,985	148,886	
2000	60,111	43,037	88,458	48,868	62,871	49,039	211,440	140,944	
2001	61,968	38,350	81,801	68,568	52,426	40,086	196,195	147,004	
2002	54,972	44,094	104,820	61,073	34,272	31,765	194,064	136,932	
2003	56,124	37,478	108,276	97,446	35,892	18,226	200,292	153,150	
2004	78,314	55,626	95,777	104,400	36,364	20,250	210,455	180,276	
2005	96,998	59,997	97,271	63,210	31,361	23,692	225,630	146,899	
2006	112,678	78,267	117,776	55,558	34,365	15,621	264,819	149,446	
2007	122,550	76,151	108,731	60,033	23,730	23,750	255,011	159,934	
2008	142,820	88,908	108,358	71,705	30,403	22,668	281,581	183,281	
2009	185,620	106,490	142,718	82,687	32,637	24,271	360,975	213,448	
2010	147,484	111,158	191,008	95,232	32,660	34,092	371,152	240,482	
2011	181,815	104,278	276,524	94,308	36,361	41,664	494,700	240,250	
2012	198,844	158,078	332,424	262,507	34,654	14,912	565,922	435,497	
2013	240,107	182,393	527,914	356,179	19,984	8,617	788,005	547,189	
2014	246,702	170,166	475,352	346,043	20,133	9,433	742,187	525,642	
2015	265,079	198,830	341,997	353,417	18,305	11,910	625,381	564,157	
2016	266,623	249,908	400,470	387,242	17,539	13,049	684,632	650,199	

APPENDICES

Account Maintenance Fee	A charge on customer water and sewer bills designed to recover the fixed cost of servicing a customer account independent of the amount of water used or sewage generated. The Account Maintenance Fee includes the cost of purchasing and reading meters; processing meter readings and generating, mailing, and collecting bills; and providing customer services. Prior to 1992, these costs were included in the water and sewer rate structure rather than identified and billed as a separate fee.
Accrual	The recognition of revenue or expenses at the time they are earned or incurred, regardless of when the money is received or paid out.
Accumulated Net Revenue	See Fund Balance.
Ad Valorem Tax	A property tax based "according to the value" of the property. Such taxes are levied on real and personal property according to the property's assessed valuation and the tax rate.
Advanced Metering Infrastructure	An automated system that communicates remotely with metering devices to measure, collect and analyze consumption data. The system includes both hardware and software and can provide comprehensive real-time information to both the consumer and the utility.
Applicant	Any firm, corporation, municipality, agency, person, or persons who owns or develops property which requires water or sewer service provided by systems, facilities, or service connections within the Washington Suburban Sanitary District.
Asset Management Program	A multi-year effort to create an organization-wide Asset Management Plan which identifies the infrastructure needs for a 30-year planning period. This information will serve as the basis for future investment decision making and management of water, wastewater, communications, and buildings and grounds infrastructure.
Authorized Workyears	Employee workyears that are funded in the adopted budget and may be filled during the budget year.
Balanced Budget	A financial plan showing estimated or planned revenues equaling expenses.
Billing Factor	The amount of revenue received per 1,000 gallons of water production. Billing Factor = Annual Water & Sewer Revenue ÷Annual Water Production (in thousand gallons).

Biosolids	Solids produced as a byproduct of treating sewage to produce clean water; also referred to as sludge.
Blue Plains	The regional wastewater treatment plant owned and operated by the District of Columbia Water and Sewer Authority. Approximately 65% of the wastewater from the Washington Suburban Sanitary District is treated at Blue Plains. The WSSC shares in the operating and capital costs of Blue Plains in accordance with the terms of a regional agreement signed by the Maryland and Virginia suburbs and the District of Columbia.
Bond	A written promise to pay a sum of money on a specific date at a specified interest rate.
Break/fix	Refers to any interruption to or failure of service that requires immediate attention. In a break/fix situation, the functionality of any automated system, whether hardware or software related, has been altered and must be repaired such that the service is restored.
Capital Budget	The annual request for capital funding for the first year of the Capital Improvements Program including those projects in the Information Only Section, new house connection construction, relocations and major systems contracts, water meter purchases, other engineering contracts, and for the associated administrative and support costs.
Capital Expenditures	An amount spent for the planned purchase of long-term assets (such as filtration/treatment plants and pump stations, storage, joint-use facilities, and equipment upgrades).
Capital Improvements Program	(Also referred to as CIP) The comprehensive presentation of capital project expenditure estimates, funding requirements, capital budget requests, and program data for the construction of all major water and sewerage projects planned by the WSSC over a six-year period.
Capital Project	A WSSC effort involving expenditures and funding for the creation, expansion, renovation, or replacement of major facilities and other assets having relatively long life. Expenditures within capital projects may include costs of planning, design, land, construction, contract supervision, and associated administrative and support costs.
Capitalized Interest	Interest paid from proceeds of bond sales rather than from other operating revenues.

Consumer Price Index	(Also referred to as CPI) A measure that examines the change in the cost of a fixed basket of consumer goods and services, such as housing, utilities, transportation, food and medical care. The CPI is calculated by taking price changes for each item in the predetermined basket of goods and averaging them; the goods are weighted according to their importance. The CPI is a commonly accepted indicator of inflation, as changes in CPI are used to assess price changes associated with the cost of living.
Cost-of-Living Adjustment	(Also referred to as COLA) A general increase in salaries and wages to wholly or partially offset the adverse effect of inflation on employee compensation.
Cryptosporidium	A microbial contaminant of raw water that can potentially cause chronic or fatal intestinal disorders. In 1993, cryptosporidium was identified as the primary source of an outbreak of water-borne disease in Milwaukee that caused more than 400,000 illnesses and over 100 deaths.
Debt Service	The annual payment of principal and interest on bonded indebtedness.
Development Services Process	(Also referred to as DSP) The process by which the WSSC reviews Applicant's projects that extend the existing water or sewer system. Service to properties reviewed under the process almost always requires the extension of small-diameter subdivision lines, and may involve program-sized pipe, which must be included in the CIP. DSP projects are funded by the Applicant.
Energy Performance Program	(Also referred to as EPP) The program provides for the engineering audit, design and construction necessary to replace and upgrade energy consuming equipment and systems at all major Commission facilities. The program stipulates a reduction in energy usage and costs greater than, or equal to, the annual capital costs to be incurred.
Engineering Support Program	(Also referred to as ESP) The consolidation of a diverse group of projects whose unified purpose is to support the extensive water and sewer infrastructure and numerous support facilities that are owned, operated, and maintained by the WSSC. The ESP does not include major projects included in the CIP or projects to serve new development.

Enhanced Nutrient Removal	(Also referred to as ENR) Enhanced Nutrient Removal is the next step in the natural technological progression of wastewater treatment processes, starting with primary treatment, through secondary and advanced treatment, then biological nutrient removal, and now enhanced nutrient removal. Biological processes are used to further the removal of total nitrogen to levels as low as 3 mg/L and total phosphorus to 0.3 mg/L or less. The Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE) Chesapeake Bay 2000 Agreement calls for the use of ENR.
Enterprise Resource Planning System	(Also referred to as ERP) An automated system that integrates all data and processes of an organization into a unified system. A typical ERP system will use multiple components of computer software and hardware to achieve the integration. A key ingredient of most ERP systems is the use of a unified database to store data for the various system modules. The main benefits of implementing an ERP system are a single base of consistent information, tighter financial controls, ability to automate business processes, consolidation of redundant systems, improved system reliability, and improved long-term asset management.
Environmental Protection Agency	(Also referred to as EPA) U.S. Federal agency charged with overseeing waterways and water sources, decreasing water pollution and protecting drinking water from known and emerging contaminants that endanger public health.
Expenditure/Expense	Payment for an asset obtained or goods and services received.
Fats, Oils, and Grease Program	(Also referred to as FOG) A federally mandated program that advises customers on how to properly manage fats, oils, and grease (FOG); monitors and controls the discharge of FOG from commercial food service establishments; investigates sanitary sewer blockages and overflows caused by FOG discharges; and initiates enforcement action to ensure appropriate corrective measures are taken.
Fee	A charge for service to the user or beneficiary of the service. According to state law, charges must be related to the cost of providing the service.

Fiscal Policy	The WSSC's policies with respect to revenues, spending, and debt management as these relate to WSSC services, programs, and capital investments. Fiscal policy provides a set of principles for the planning and programming of budgets, uses of revenues, and financial management.
Fiscal Year	The 12-month period to which the annual operating and capital budgets and their expenditure authorizations apply. The WSSC's fiscal year starts on July 1 and ends on June 30.
Fixture Unit	(Drainage fixture unit or water supply fixture unit) A measurement of the probable discharge into the drainage system (sewer) or the probable hydraulic demand on the water supply (water) by various types of plumbing fixtures (bathtubs, lavatories, water closets, drinking fountains, etc.). For example, a drinking fountain corresponds to 0.5 drainage fixture units, while a conventional bathtub corresponds to 2.0 drainage fixture units.
Force Main	The discharge pipe from a wastewater pumping station through which flow is lifted under pressure to a higher elevation. A pipe of this type is used to overcome changes in topography by conveying flow over a ridge or other high point to a nearby, existing sewer line. This avoids the need to construct a longer conventional gravity line in another direction.
Fringe Benefits	Contributions made by the WSSC to help underwrite the Commission's share of the costs for Social Security and various pension, health, and life insurance plans provided to employees. Fringe benefits are centrally budgeted in non-departmental accounts.
Front Foot Benefit	(Also referred to as FFB or FFBC) A charge assessed owners of property abutting WSSC water mains and/or sewers who derive a benefit from the construction of these water mains and sewers. Revenue from front foot benefit charges is used to pay debt service on General Construction Bonds.
Fund	A set of interrelated accounts to record revenues and expenditures associated with implementing specific activities or achieving certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations, and constituting an independent fiscal and accounting entity.

(Continued)

Fund Balance	The amount by which resources exceed the obligations of the fund. The beginning fund balance represents the residual funds brought forward from the previous year (ending fund balance). Fund balance is also referred to as Accumulated Net Revenue in this document.
General Bond Debt Service Fund	An independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts for recording cash and/or other resources together with all related liabilities, obligations, reserves, and equities associated with paying the debt service on bonds issued to finance the Commission's general construction and administrative and support facility construction program; and administering the Commission's front foot benefit assessment activities.
General Bond Fund	An independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts for recording cash and/or other resources together with all related liabilities, obligations, reserves, and equities associated with carrying out the activities of designing and constructing the Commission's minor water supply and wastewater collection and disposal systems (water mains less than 16 inches in diameter and sewer mains less than 15 inches in diameter), and all administrative and support facilities. Water meters are also purchased from this fund.
Geographic Information System	(Also referred to as GIS) A system that integrates hardware, software, and data for capturing, storing, managing, analyzing, and displaying all forms of geographically referenced information. The technology can be used for scientific investigation, resource management, or development planning.
Goal	A long-term, attainable target for an organization – its vision of the future.
Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45	(Also referred to as GASB 45) A pronouncement that addresses how state and local governments should account for and report their costs and obligations related to post-employment benefits other than pensions. The statement generally requires that state and local governmental employers account for and report the annual cost of other post-employment benefits (OPEB) and the outstanding obligations and commitments related to OPEB in essentially the same manner as is done for pensions, rather than on a "pay-as-you-go" basis.

Haloacetic Acids	(Also referred to as HAAs) A group of chemicals that are formed when chlorine or other disinfectants used to control contaminants in drinking water react with naturally occurring organic and inorganic matter in the water. There are five haloacetic acids (referred to as HAA5) that are regulated by the EPA: monochloroacetic acid, dichloroacetic acid, trichloroacetic acid, monobromoacetic acid, and dibromoacetic acid.
House Connection Charge	A fee set annually by the WSSC to cover the cost of the installation of small diameter pipe between water and sewer mains and the owner's property line. House connections feed water to a dwelling, place of business, or other structure and convey domestic sewage into the main line sewer for transportation to a wastewater treatment facility.
Infiltration	Groundwater that flows into sewer lines due to defective pipes or manholes.
Inflow	Surface stormwater from rainfall that flows into sewer lines due to defective pipes or manholes.
Information Only Projects	The CIP document contains an Information Only Projects section. Projects in this section are not required to be in the CIP under Section 23-301 of the Public Utilities Article, WSSD Laws, Annotated Code of Maryland, but may be included for any number of reasons such as: fiscal planning purposes; the reader's improved understanding of the full scope of a specific set of projects; or in response to requests from county governments. Expenditures for Information Only projects are not included as part of the CIP six-year program costs, but are shown separately on the bottom line of the financial summary in the front section of the CIP for informational purposes.
Infrastructure Investment Fee	A fixed fee that funds a portion of the debt service associated with the Commission's water and sewer pipe reconstruction programs.
Level of Service	The existing or current services, programs, and facilities provided by the WSSC to its customers. The level of service may increase, decrease, or remain the same, depending upon needs, alternatives, and available resources.

(Continued)

Maryland Department of the Environment	(Also referred to as MDE) The Maryland Department of the Environment was created in 1987 to protect and preserve the state's air, water and land resources and safeguard the environmental health of Maryland's citizens. MDE's duties also encompass enforcement of environmental laws and regulations, long-term planning and research. MDE provides technical assistance to Maryland industry and communities for pollution and growth issues and environmental emergencies.
Memorandum of Understanding	(Also referred to as MOU) An agreement issued to cover design and construction of any water and sewerage system or facilities within the Sanitary District that will be constructed and financed by others.
Merit Increase	An incremental raise in an employee's pay within the salary range for a given class of work to recognize the completion of a period of satisfactory or above service. Merit increase percentages are applied based upon the overall performance review for the employee.
Mission	A written declaration of an organization's core purpose and focus. An example of a mission is " to provide safe and reliable water, life's most precious resource, and return clean water to our environment, all in an ethical, sustainable, and financially responsible manner."
Nephelometric	A unit of measure to assess turbidity in a sample by using an instrument called a nephelometer. A nephelometer passes light through a sample and the amount of light deflected is then measured.
Nephelometric Turbidity Units	(Also referred to as NTU) A measure of the clarity of water. Maintaining very low levels of filtered water turbidity is recognized as a means of effectively guarding against Cryptosporidium and other chlorine-resistant pathogens.
Non-Departmental	Expenditure items essential to the operation of the WSSC which either do not fall within the functional assignment of any office or which provide for expenditures related to more than one office. Examples include fringe benefits and insurance.

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System	(Also referred to as NPDES) The National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System is a permit program controlling water pollution by regulating point sources that discharge pollutants into waters of the United States. Point sources are discrete conveyances such as pipes or man-made ditches. (Individual homes that are connected to a municipal system, use a septic system, or do not have a surface discharge do not need a NPDES permit; however, industrial, municipal, and other facilities must obtain permits if their discharges go directly to surface waters.)
Objective	A specific measurable and observable result of an organization's activity which advances the organization toward its goal.
Operating Budget	A comprehensive financial plan by which the WSSC's operating programs are funded for a single fiscal year.
Other Post-Employment Benefits	(Also referred to as OPEB) Employees in the public sector may be compensated in a variety of forms in exchange for their services. In addition to salary, employees may earn benefits over their years of service that will not be received until their service has been severed due to retirement or other reasons. The most common type of post-employment benefit is a pension. Other post-employment benefits generally take the form of health insurance, dental, prescription drug, or other health care benefits. It may also include life insurance, legal services, or other benefits.
Outcome Measure	A measure of the degree to which an objective has been achieved. For the WSSC, this usually corresponds to the impact of a service on an organization's key responsibilities, especially the effect on citizens, customers, or other users of the service.
Pay-As-You-GO Financing	(Also referred to as PAYGO) The funding of capital expenditures with operating funds instead of debt.
Potable Water	Clean, safe, drinkable water.

(Continued)

Potomac WFP Consent Decree	A court-enforced legal document that was negotiated between the WSSC, the Maryland Department of the Environment, the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the United States Department of Justice, and a number of Citizen Groups that requires the WSSC to take certain actions in order to reduce the amount of solids discharged back into the Potomac River.
Power Purchase Agreement	A long-term agreement with a power (energy) provider to purchase electricity at a fixed rate for a fixed period. The provider designs, builds, and operates the power generation equipment (e.g. solar or wind) either at a remote location or on the customer's property.
Products and Technology	A budget category to account for the revenues and expenses associated with the sale, lease, or licensing of certain WSSC-developed products and technology. State law requires these revenues and expenses to be itemized in the annual budget.
Public Hearing	An opportunity for customers and the citizenry in general to voice opinions and concerns to appointed or elected officials. Section 17-202 of the Public Utilities Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland, requires that the Commission publish a budget before January 15, make it available to the public upon request, and hold a public hearing on the budget not less than 21 days after the budget is released for comment, but before February 15. Notice of the WSSC's public hearings is sent to all customers. In addition, public hearing specifics (date, time, location, contact information, and procedures for testifying) are advertised in local and regional newspapers.
Rate Stabilization	The implementation of a customer bill increase greater than the amount needed to support planned operating expenses in order to avoid a large future bill increase. The excess funds collected can be used to fund capital projects with cash to avoid the issuance of additional debt.
Reconstruction Debt Service Offset	(Also referred to as REDO) The use of surplus funds from the General Bond Debt Service Fund to offset a portion of the debt service cost of the Systems Reconstruction Program. REDO was established in FY'83 to use the surplus that had accumulated in the General Bond Debt Service account to benefit all WSSC ratepayers on a long-term basis.

Regional Sewage Disposal	The WSSC's share of the maintenance and operating costs of the District of Columbia Water and Sewer Authority's Blue Plains Wastewater Treatment Plant.
Remote Terminal Unit	(Also referred to as RTU) An electronic device located at a remote facility to collect status data from the facility's equipment (e.g., if a pump is running or is off, a level in a tank, etc.). The RTU sends the data to a central computer system via a wired or wireless network. Both the RTU and the central computer system are part of the Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) system.
Salaries and Wages	A budget expenditure category for monetary compensation in the form of annual or hourly pay for work performed.
Salary Lapse	The reduction of gross salary and wage costs attributable to turnover, vacancies, and normal delays in filling positions.
Sanitary Sewer Overflow Consent Decree	A court-enforced legal document that was negotiated between the WSSC, the Maryland Department of the Environment, the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the United States Department of Justice, and a number of Citizen Groups that requires the WSSC to take certain actions in order to improve the performance of the wastewater collection system and reduce the number of sanitary sewer overflows.
SDC Debt Service Offset	The use of a portion of System Development Charge (SDC) revenue to pay the debt service on bonds issued after FY'93 to pay for growth-related CIP projects. (FY'94 was the first year that the SDC was in effect.)
Sewage Disposal Bond Fund	An independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts for recording cash and/or other resources together with all related liabilities, obligations, reserves, and equities associated with carrying out the activities of designing and constructing/reconstructing the Commission's major wastewater collection, storage, and disposal facilities, including all sewer mains 15 inches and larger, wastewater treatment plants, force mains, and wastewater pumping stations. The fund also covers the reconstruction of all sized sewer lines and lateral lines.

Sewer Operating Fund	An independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts for recording cash and/or other resources together with all related liabilities, obligations, reserves, and equities associated with carrying out the activities of operating and maintaining the Commission's wastewater collection and disposal system.
Sewer System Evaluation Survey	(Also referred to as SSES) The Sewer System Evaluation Survey is an analytical evaluation of a sanitary sewer system to detect sewer pipe defects, blockages, and capacity problems through the use of techniques such as manhole inspections, trunk sewer inspections, smoke tests, dye tests, closed circuit television (CCTV), flow monitoring, rain monitoring, building service connection location/ inspection, and night flow isolations. The SSES is performed to determine the specific location of problems, estimate dry and wet weather flow rates, possible methods of rehabilitation, and the cost of rehabilitation/replacement.
Significant Industrial User	(Also referred to as SIU) Defined by the Environmental Protection Agency as: (1) All industrial users subject to Categorical Pretreatment Standards under 40 CFR 403.6 and 40 CFR chapter I, subchapter N; (2) Any other industrial user that: discharges an average 25,000 gallons per day or more of process wastewater; contributes a process waste stream which makes up 5 percent or more of the average dry weather hydraulic or organic capacity of the treatment plant; or (3) Is designated as a SIU by the WSSC on the basis that the industrial user has a reasonable potential for adversely affecting the operation of the WSSC's wastewater treatment plants.
Spending Affordability	An approach to budgeting that assigns expenditure ceilings for the forthcoming year prior to the development of detailed budget estimates. Limits on new water and sewer debt, total water and sewer debt service, total water and sewer operating expenses, and the amount of the water and sewer bill increase are established each year by the Montgomery and Prince George's County Councils prior to the WSSC's budget preparation. This process started with the FY'96 budget.
Supply Chain Management	The identification, acquisition, access, positioning and management of resources an organization needs or potentially needs in the attainment of its strategic objectives.

System Development Charge	(Also referred to as SDC) A charge levied on new development to pay for the construction of major water and sewerage facilities needed to accommodate growth.
System Extension Permit	(Also referred to as SEP) A WSSC-issued permit for extensions to the WSSC's system. This permit is required for the Applicant to build water and sewer systems that the WSSC will, upon satisfactory completion, take over for maintenance and operations.
Trihalomethanes	A group of potentially cancer-causing substances that can be present as low-level contaminants in finished water. Trihalomethanes can be produced as disinfection byproducts when the chlorine used to treat the raw water reacts with certain normally occurring organic contaminants present in the raw water.
Trunk Sewer	As defined in the Consent Decree, "Trunk Sewer" refers to any sewer lines in WSSC's Collection System that are 15 inches or greater in diameter, including components thereto, and stream-crossings.
Turbidity	Turbidity is the cloudy appearance of water caused by the presence of suspended matter. A turbidity measurement is used to indicate the clarity of water.
Turbidity Units	Turbidity units are a measure of the cloudiness of water. If measured by a Nephelometric (deflected light) instrumental procedure, turbidity units are expressed in Nephelometric turbidity units, or NTU.
Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission	(Also referred to as WSSC or Commission) The Commission is a bi-county agency established by an act of the Maryland General Assembly responsible for planning, designing, constructing, operating, and maintaining water and sewerage systems in Prince George's and Montgomery counties.
Washington Suburban Sanitary	(Also referred to as WSSD) The area served by the Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission,

District	as specified by state law. The District includes nearly all of Prince George's and Montgomery Counties, with the exception of the municipalities of Bowie, Rockville, and Poolesville, and rural areas in northeastern Montgomery County and southeastern Prince George's County.
Wastewater	Water that originates from a combination of domestic, industrial, commercial or agricultural activities and, due to sewer inflow or infiltration, may also include surface runoff or stormwater.
Water Operating Fund	An independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts for recording cash and/or other resources together with all related liabilities, obligations, reserves, and equities associated with carrying out the activities of operating and maintaining the Commission's water supply and distribution system.
Water Supply Bond Fund	An independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts for recording cash and/or other resources together with all related liabilities, obligations, reserves, and equities associated with carrying out the activities of designing and constructing/reconstructing the Commission's major water supply and distribution facilities, including all water mains 16 inches and larger, water filtration plants, water pumping stations, and water storage facilities. The fund also covers the reconstruction of all sized water lines and lateral lines.
Workyear	A standardized unit for measurement of personnel effort and costs. A workyear is the equivalent of 2,080 work hours or 260 work days.

ACRONYMS

ADC	Average Daily Consumption	CPI	Consumer Price Index
A/E	Architecture/Engineering	CRM	Customer Relations Management
AFO	Acoustic Fiber Optic	CRRT	Contamination Rapid Response Team
AMF	Account Maintenance Fee	CSIS	Customer Service Information System
AMI	Advanced Metering Infrastructure	CY	Calendar Year
AMP	Asset Management Program	DBP	Disinfection Byproducts
AMR	Automated Meter Reading	DCWASA	District of Columbia Water and Sewer Authority
AWWA	American Water Works Association	DOD	Department of Defense
BG	Billion Gallons	DOT	Department of Transportation
BGE	Baltimore Gas & Electric	DSP	Development Services Process
BMP	Best Management Practices	EAM	Enterprise Asset Management
BOA	Basic Ordering Agreement	EEO	Equal Employment Opportunity
BOD	Biological Oxygen Demand	EGIS	Enterprise Geographic Information System
BRF	Bay Restoration Fee	ENR	Enhanced Nutrient Removal
CADD	Computer Aided Design and Drafting	EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
CAP	Customer Assistance Program	EPC	Energy Performance Contract
CC&B	Customer Care & Billing	EPP	Energy Performance Program
CCTV	Closed Circuit Television	ERP	Enterprise Resource Planning
CEPS	Constellation Energy Projects and Services	ESA	Environmentally Sensitive Area
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations	ESP	Engineering Support Program
CIP	Capital Improvements Program	FFBC	Front Foot Benefit Charge
CoE	Center of Excellence	FIS	Financial Information System
COLA	Cost-of-Living Adjustment	FLSA	Fair Labor Standards Act

ACRONYMS

(Continued)

FM	Fire Meter	KSM	Key Success Measure
FMLA	Family and Medical Leave Act	LBA	Line Blockage Analysis
FOG	Fats, Oils, and Grease	MBE	Minority Business Enterprise
FSE	Food Service Establishment	MCL	Maximum Contaminant Level
FY	Fiscal Year	MDE	Maryland Department of the Environment
GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles	MG	Million Gallons
GASB	Governmental Accounting Standards Board	MGD	Million Gallons per Day
GBDS	General Bond Debt Service	MMIS	Maintenance Management Information System
GFOA	Government Finance Officers Association	M-NCP&PC	Maryland-National Capital Park & Planning Commission
GIS	Geographic Information System	MOU	Memorandum of Understanding
GPD	Gallons per Day	M & V	Monitoring and Verification
GPS	Global Positioning System	MVR	Meter, Vertical Turbine
HAA	Haloacetic Acid	MWQ	Maryland Water Quality
H/C	House Connection	NPDES	National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
HR	Human Resources	NTP	Notice to Proceed
HVAC	Heating, Ventilating, and Air-Conditioning	NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units
IDCP	Industrial Discharge Control Program	OPEB	Other Post-Employment Benefits
IFB	Invitation for Bid	OSHA	Occupational Safety & Health Administration
I/I	Infiltration and Inflow	PAYGO	"Pay-As-You-GO" Financing
ISD	In-Service Date	РССР	Pre-stressed Concrete Cylinder Pipe
IT	Information Technology	PEPCO	Potomac Electric & Power Company
IVRS	Interactive Voice Response System	PLC	Programmable Logic Controllers
JBAB	Joint Base Anacostia-Bolling	РМО	Project Management Office

ACRONYMS

(Continued)

PMP	Proactive Maintenance Program	SQL	Structured Query Language
PPA	Power Purchase Agreement	SSES	Sewer System Evaluation Survey
PPIS	Permits Processing Information System	SSO	Sanitary Sewer Overflow
PRV	Pressure Reducing Valve	SWR	Small Work Requests
PVC	Polyvinyl Chloride	THM	Trihalomethanes
QA	Quality Assurance	TTHM	Total Trihalomethanes
REDO	Reconstruction Debt Service Offset	UPS	Uninterruptable Power Supply
RFI	Request for Information	UV	Ultraviolet
RFP	Request for Proposal	WASA	See DCWASA
RFQ	Request for Qualifications	WEF	Water Environment Federation
RTA	Request to Advertise	WFP	Water Filtration Plant
RTU	Remote Terminal Unit	WPS	Water Pumping Station
SAN	Storage Area Network	WQM	Water Quality Monitoring
SCADA	Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition	WSSC	Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission
SCM	Supply Chain Management	WSSD	Washington Suburban Sanitary District
SDC	System Development Charge	WWOA	Water and Waste Operators Association
SDWA	Safe Drinking Water Act	WWPS	Wastewater Pumping Station
SEP	System Extension Permit	WWTP	Wastewater Treatment Plant
SIU	Significant Industrial User		
SLA	Service Level Agreement		
SLBE	Small, Local Business Enterprise		
SLMBE	Small, Local and Minority Business Enterprise		
SMECO	Southern Maryland Electric Cooperative		